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CINCINNATI  
OHIO, U.S.A.  
ILLUSTRATED



1909-1910

PRICE FIFTY CENTS





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**By transfer**  
**FEB 6 1913**



# *Illustrated Cincinnati*

## **1909-1910**

*The home of the President, its industries, commercial advantages,  
picturesque scenery, etc..*



*Published by Kramer Illustrated Cincinnati Publishing Co.,  
Cincinnati, O., 408 Lyric Bld'g..*

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2.



William Howard Taft

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1908 BY  
IBENJAMIN  
CIN.O.



The home city of our President.

The city of homes.

The self-reliant city.

The largest market for the buyer and seller.

The greatest manufacturing center in America.

The first American city incorporated by a State of the Union.

The only city of America owning and possessing a railway.

Produces annually more articles for export trade than any other city in America.

The city without a rival for transportation facilities, by river or rail.

The greatest tonnage port between Pittsburg and New Orleans.

The city with the most perfect water system in America.

The city freest from trouble between capital and labor.

⊙ The city holding the highest rank in America in municipal credit.

The city of industries and of commercial enterprises and education.

The city productive of the greatest results from capital, invested in industrial or commercial enterprises.

Raw materials close at hand, affording ideal conditions for location of industries covering hundreds of various lines.

The city of greatest results for all investors.

Verification of proofs and statistics of all class of information on the above or any other point connected with Cincinnati, will gladly and promptly be furnished to inquirers by addressing,

The "Illustrated Cincinnati Publishing Co.," No. 408

⊙ Lyric Theatre Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.



# CINCINNATI, OHIO



**A**DAPTING herself to changing time and conditions in the latter part of the Nineteenth Century, Cincinnati entered upon the Twentieth one of the foremost cities of the United States in all things that go to make the progressive and the solid American municipality. In manufacturing enterprises, in the extension of her commercial establishments and their trade, in bringing to her markets new tributary territory, in financial advance, in the arts and in the sciences, in the building of homes, in matters educational and in determination still further to advance and progress, Cincinnati, at the opening of the Twentieth Century found herself the wonder and the admiration of the United States, annually drawing to herself a greater increase in population and annually demonstrating beyond cavil that what was written of her in the days of her municipal beginning fell below and not above the mark.

Cincinnati is the oldest American city—Boston, New York, Philadelphia, New Orleans are older in municipal life, but each one of them drew their municipal existence and derived their municipal powers from grants of the Kings of England, of Spain or of France. Cincinnati was the first city to derive existence and powers from a charter granted by a State of the Union. Her existence was coincidental with the cession of the old Northwest Territory to the United States by the ancient Commonwealth of Virginia. She is, therefore, not alone the oldest of all American cities, but she is, emphatically, a city of the Twentieth Century, rejoicing in her history, confident of the solidity of her foundations, relying on the civic pride of her citizenship and with her face to the future. Conservative and solid from the beginning when her future and her now assured greatness were concealed

under the pedantic name of Losantiville—bestowed upon her by John Filson—she has ever preferred the substantial to the shadow, the permanent to the ephemeral. There, she has transposed her old time business houses and industrial establishments of the downtown district, “The Bottoms” of the early days, into the magnificent structural iron and concrete structures, perfect in all appointments, complete in all departments, handsome in exterior finish and interior detail, unsurpassed in any city in the land, while her residences on the hills are the wonder and the admiration of all visitors.

Cincinnati is not, however, all industrial, commercial and financial. Great though her interests are on those important and increasing lines, Cincinnati is, unquestionably, the city of Art, Literature, of the Sciences, holding to the maxim that the city which does not advance is a city that retrogrades, and advancing, therefore, with an advance which nothing can retard. What Cincinnati is today the publishers of Illustrated Cincinnati set out as completely as space limits will allow in the following pages, with the realization of the fact that the election of that distinguished Cincinnati, WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT, to the Presidency would not only confer honor on the city, but would add to its constant influx of visitors and bring about a desire to know more of the city and of its advantages, which are innumerable.

The Publishers realize, and the citizenship of Cincinnati with them, that the advertisement of a city is as important as the advertisement of an article of trade or of commerce for sale to the consumer, and that the true greatness of a city can be attained only through the individual efforts of the units making up the citizenship. It is inevitable that the City of Publicity will progress, while the City of Secrecy will fall in the ranks and take insignificant position in the commercial and industrial world.



Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

**Observatory, Mt. Lookout.**

**Sternwarte, Mt. Lookout.**

**Observatoire, Montagne Lookout.**

**Observatorio, Monte Lookout.**

**T**HIS edition of Picturesque Cincinnati is issued at an expense far greater than any of its predecessors. Many firms and corporations active in the business life of Cincinnati have made this enlarged edition possible. In their support and co-operation they have not only benefited Cincinnati, they have benefited themselves, for that which benefits the entire city must inevitably inure to each and every individual in the city, and they are entitled to the mark of merit in their appreciation of the difficulties in the way of exploiting a city and for their determination to do that which would benefit all, in aiding the publicity of the city, in which,



**Mill Creek near Spring Grove Cemetery.**

**Mill Creek in der Nähe des Spring Grove-Friedhofs.**

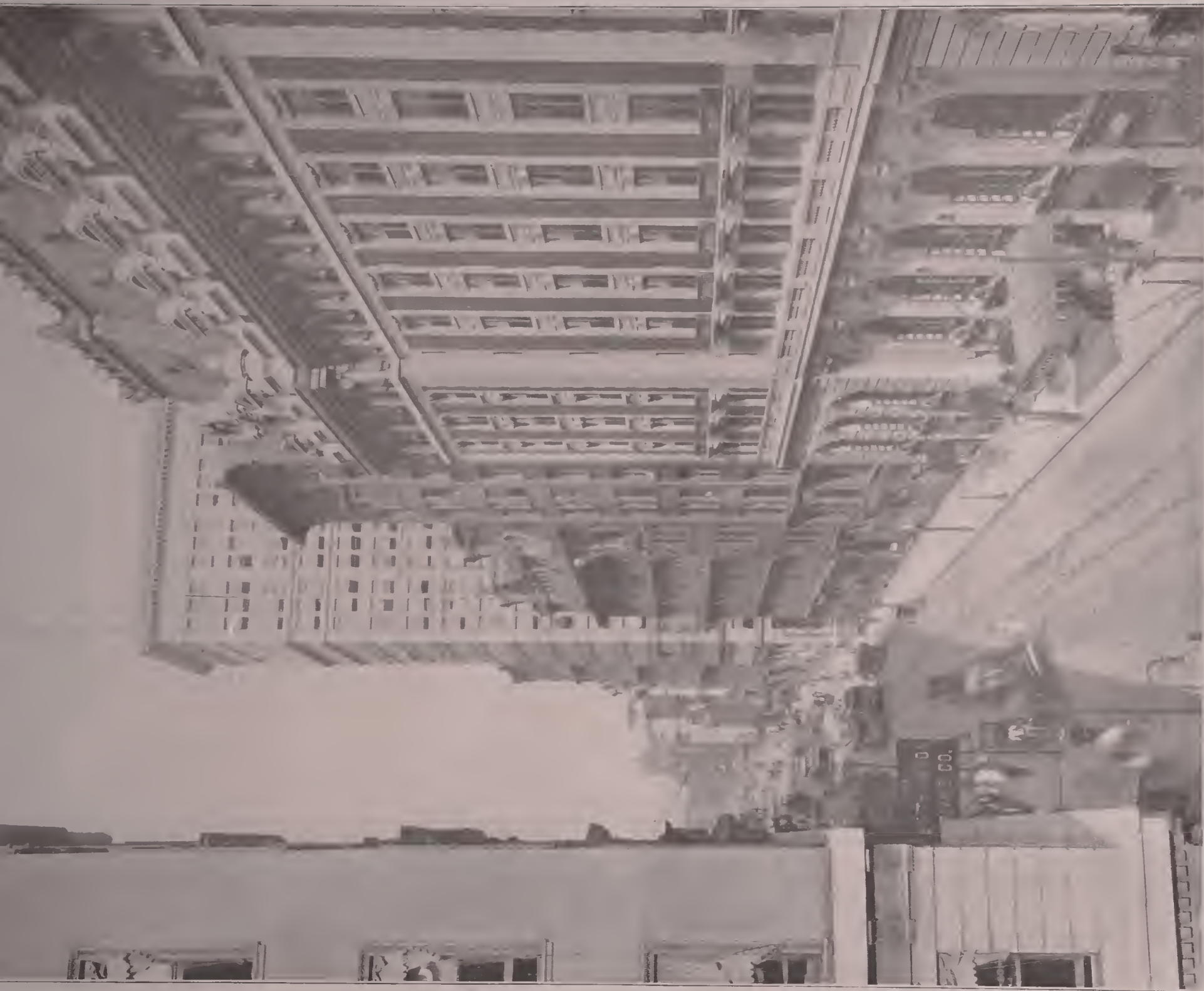
**Crique du Moulin, près du Cimetière de Spring Grove.**

**Caleta de Mill cerca del Cementerio de Spring Grove.**

and through the citizenship of which they have attained high and deserved rank in the commercial and industrial world.

It can not be too forcefully impressed on the citizenship of Cincinnati that the city which is content with standing still does not stand, but retrogrades. Neither can it be too forcefully impressed on the individuals of the business world that the hand which will not lift itself, or the purse which will not open in aid of City Publicity, is the hand of selfishness and the purse of false economy inconsistent with that aggressive spirit which is one of the essential elements of progress which all cities must have if they are determined to keep in the front rank.





Fourth Street Looking East from Vine.

Die vierte Strasse nach Osten von der Vine Str.

Quatrième Rue Vue prisé à l'Est, de la Rue Vine.

Calle Cuarta vista desde la calle Vine, Este.





First National Bank.  
Die erste National-Bank.  
Premiere Banque Nationale.  
Primer Banco Nacional.

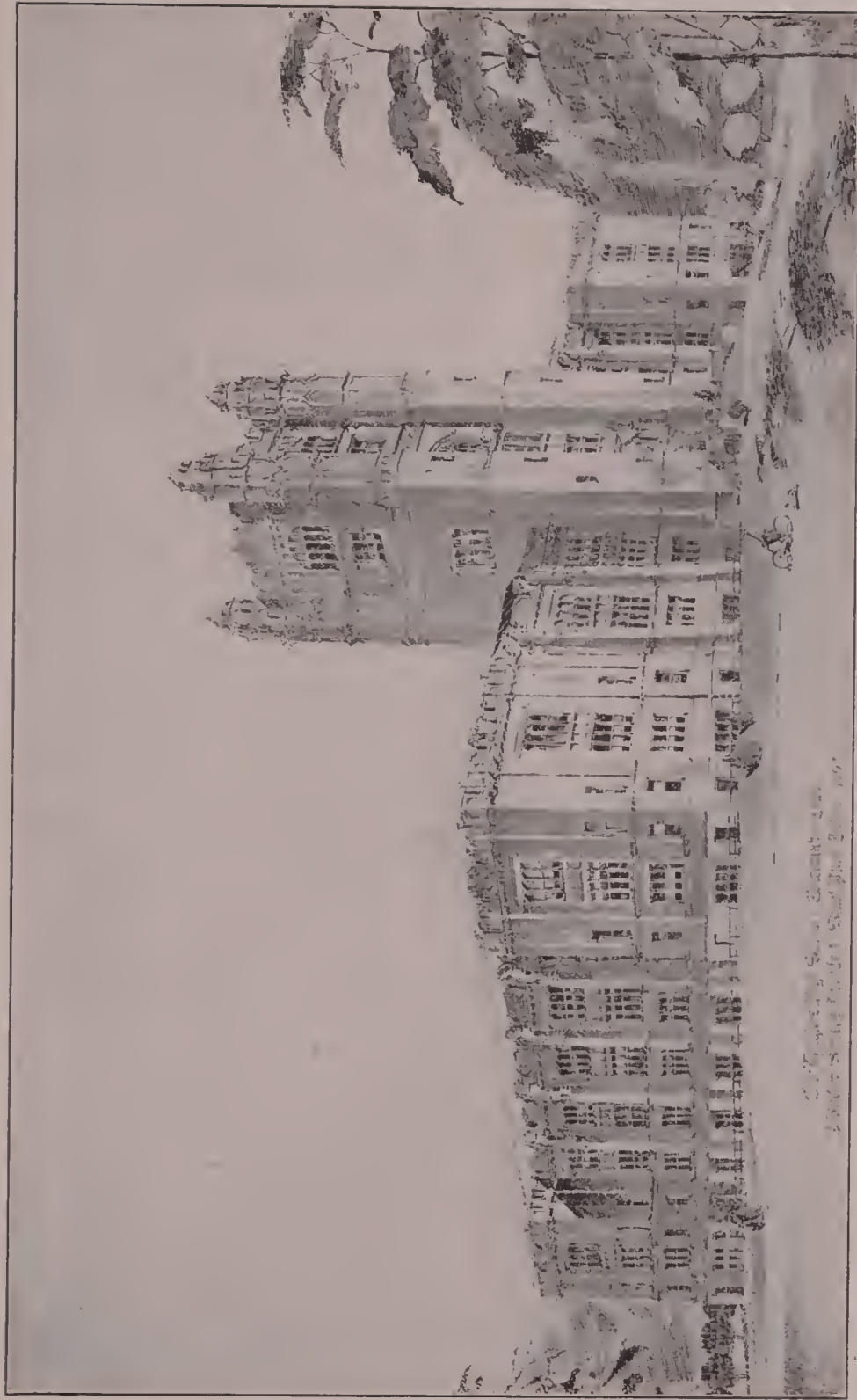


The Avondale Public School.  
 Die Avondale öffentliche Schule.  
 Ecole Publique, Avondale.  
 Escuela Pública de Avondale.



Cincinnati University.  
 Die Cincinnati-Universitat.  
 Université de Cincinnati.  
 Universidad de Cincinnati.





The Hughes High School, Cincinnati, O.  
 Die Hughes-Hochschule, Cincinnati, O.  
 Ecole Supérieure Hughes, Cincinnati, O.  
 Escuela Superior Hughes, Cincinnati, O.



Woodward High School.  
 Woodward-Hochschule.  
 Ecole Supérieure Woodward.



Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

Main Exchange and General Offices of the Cincinnati & Suburban Telephone Co.  
 Das Hauptamt & Allgemeines Geschäftszimmer der Cincinnati & Suburban Telephone Co.  
 Station Centrale et Bureau Général de la Compagnie des Téléphones de Cincinnati et des Environs.  
 Oficina principal y Despacho de la Compañía de teléfonos de Cincinnati y Alrededores.



Christ Church and Parish House.  
 Die Christ-Kirche und Pfarrhaus.  
 Eglise du Christ, et Presbytère.  
 Iglesia de N.-S. Jesucristo y Presbítero.





Cincinnati's Leading Hotel, "Sinton Hotel."

Cincinnati's erstes Hotel, Hotel Sinton.

Le principal Hôtel de Cincinnati, l'Hôtel Sinton.

El principal hotel en Cincinnati, "Sinton Hotel."



Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

**South Entrance to Conservatory of Music.**

Südlicher Eingang zum Cincinnati Music-Conservatorium.  
 Entrée Sud du Conservatoire de Musique de Cincinnati.  
 Entrada Sur del Conservatorio, de Música de Cincinnati.



Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

**West Entrance to Cincinnati Conservatory of Music.**

Westlicher Eingang zum Cincinnati Musik-Conservatorium.  
 Entrée Ouest du Conservatoire de Musique de Cincinnati.  
 Entrada Oeste del Conservatorio de Música de Cincinnati.



**Reception Hall.**

Der Empfangssaal.  
 Salon de Réception.  
 Sala de Recepciones.



Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

**North View, Showing Concert Hall of Cincinnati Conservatory of Music.**

Der Concert-Saal des Cincinnati Musik-Conservatorium von Norden gesehen.  
 Vue de la Salle de Concert du Conservatoire de Musique de Cincinnati, prise du Sud.  
 Conservatorio de Música de Cincinnati, vista Norte de la Sala de Conciertos.





Queen City Bathing Beach, Bellevue, Ky.  
Der Queen City Bade-Strand, Bellevue, Ky.  
Plage de Queen City, Bellevue, Ky.  
Playa y Baños de Queen City Beach, Bellevue, Ky.



Rookwood Pottery, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Die Rookwood-Töpferei.

Poterie de Rookwood.

Alfareria de Rookwood.

THE now famous Rookwood Pottery was founded in 1880 by Mrs. Marie Longworth Storer, and it was named after her father's country estate near this city.

In 1883, W. W. Taylor assumed active direction of the work, and in 1890 he formed the present company, and under his direction the present buildings were erected and extended, until today they have one of the most complete and artistic institutions of its kind in America, if not in the world.

The productions of the company are in lines directly opposite to the prevailing factory system, as the effort is made to attain the

higher art only. That this object has been attained is evinced by the numerous honors conferred upon the institution. The company's success is unquestionably due to the business management of W. W. Taylor. A glance at the illustrations elsewhere in this souvenir gives the reader a fairly comprehensive idea of their plant.

The productions of the factory have gained a world-wide reputation and have been one of the factors which has brought Cincinnati so prominently before the world as a manufacturing center.





Interior Views of Rookwood Pottery.  
 Eine innere Ansicht der Rookwood-Töpferei.  
 Vues Intérieures de la Poterie de Rookwood.  
 Vistas interiores de la Alfareria de Rookwood.



Provident Savings Bank and Trust Co.  
 Die Provident-Sparbank, Gebäude.  
 Bâtiment de la Provident Savings Bank, Caisse d'Epargne.  
 Edificio del Provident Savings Bank, Banco y casa de ahorros.



The E. A. Kinsey Co.  
 Die E. A. Kinsey Co.  
 La Compagnie E. A. Kinsey.  
 La Compania E. A. Kinsey.

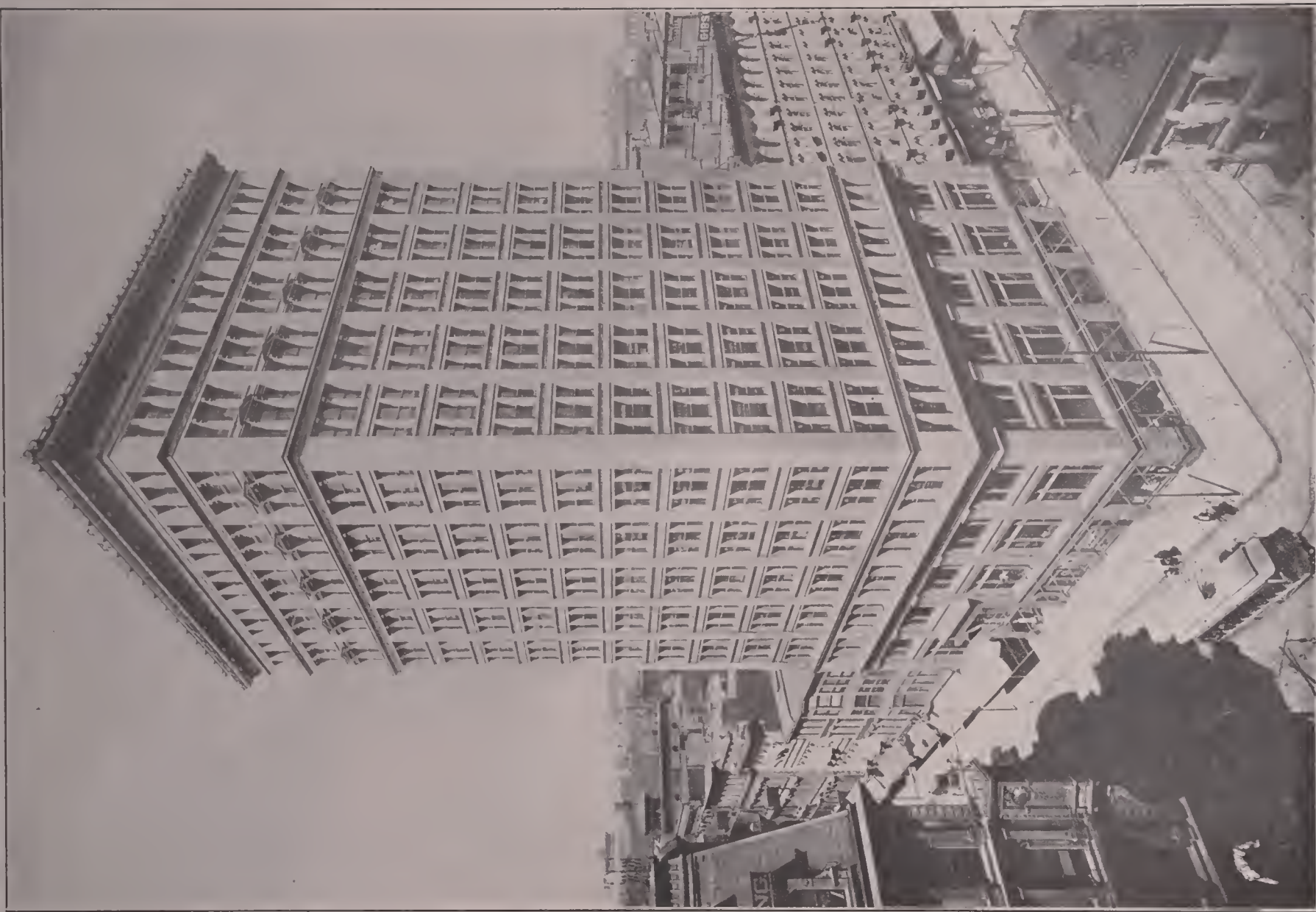




Louis Stix & Co.  
 Louis Stix & Co.  
 Louis Stix et Cie.  
 Compañía Louis Stix, tiendas de paños.



The Smith-Eggers Co.  
 Die Smith-Eggers Co.  
 La Compagnie Smith-Eggers.  
 La Compañía Smith-Eggers.



Union Savings Bank and Trust Building, Fourth and Walnut Streets.

Union Savings Bank und Trust Gebaude, Vierte und Walnut Strasse.

Bâtiment de la Union Savings Bank & Trust Co. Compagnie d'Epargne et de Crédit  
 "Union" au coin de la 4<sup>ème</sup> Rue et de la Rue Walnut.

Edificio del Banco "Union," Establecimiento de ahorros y de crédito, calles 4 y Walnut.



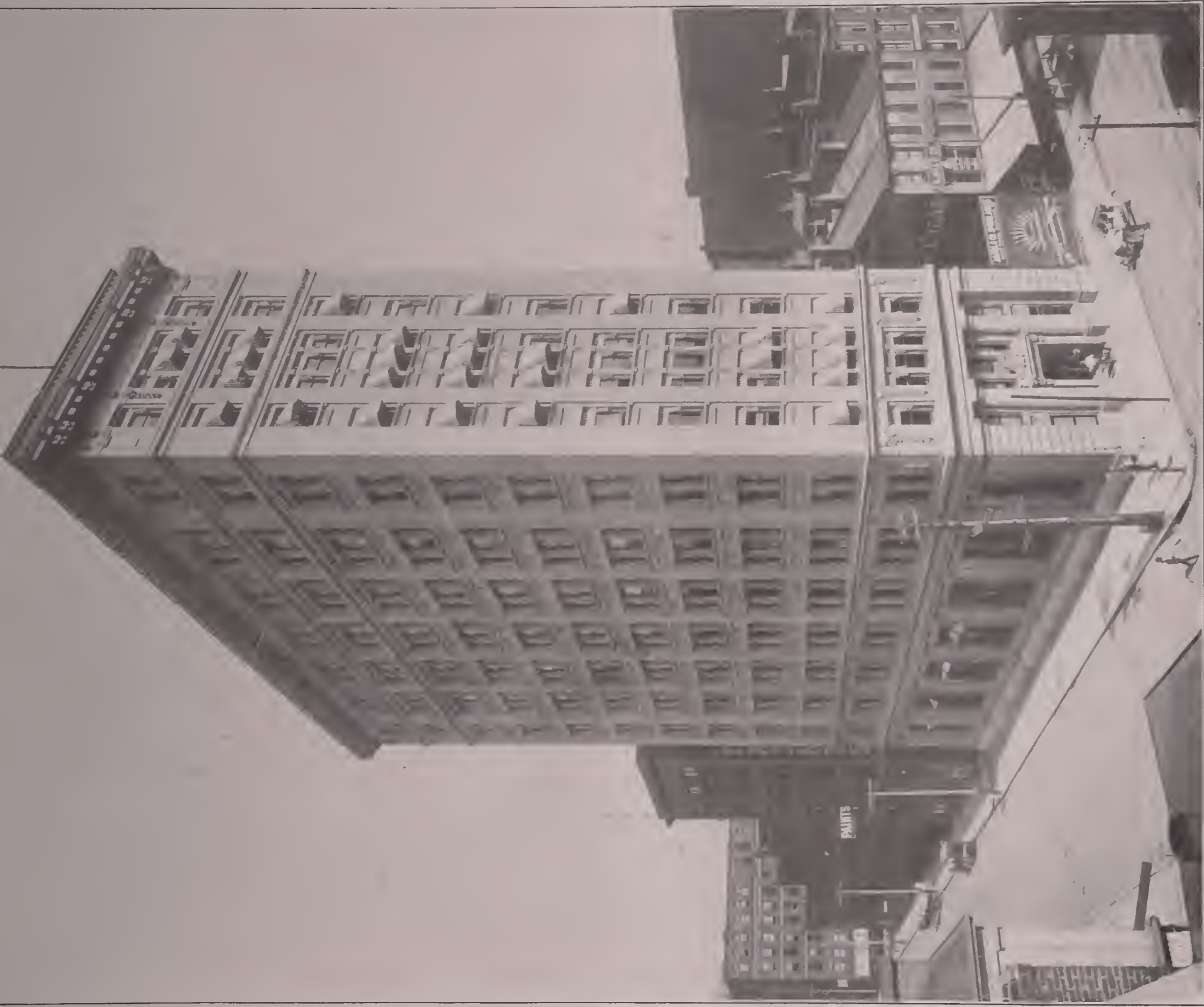


The Chamber of Commerce, Fourth and Vine Streets.

Die Handelskammer, 4. & Vine Str.

Chambre de Commerce, 4eme Rue et Rue Vine.

Cámara de Comercio, calles 4 y Vine.



Second National Bank Building, Ninth and Main Streets.

Die 2. National Bank, 9. & Main Str.

Deuxième Banque Nationale.

Segundo Banco Nacional.





Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.  
Model Plant of the United States Playing Card Company—restaurant building at left, seating capacity, 1,268.  
Muster-Anlage der U. S. Spielkarten Co.—Restaurant zur linken, mit einer Sitz-Kapazität von 1,268.

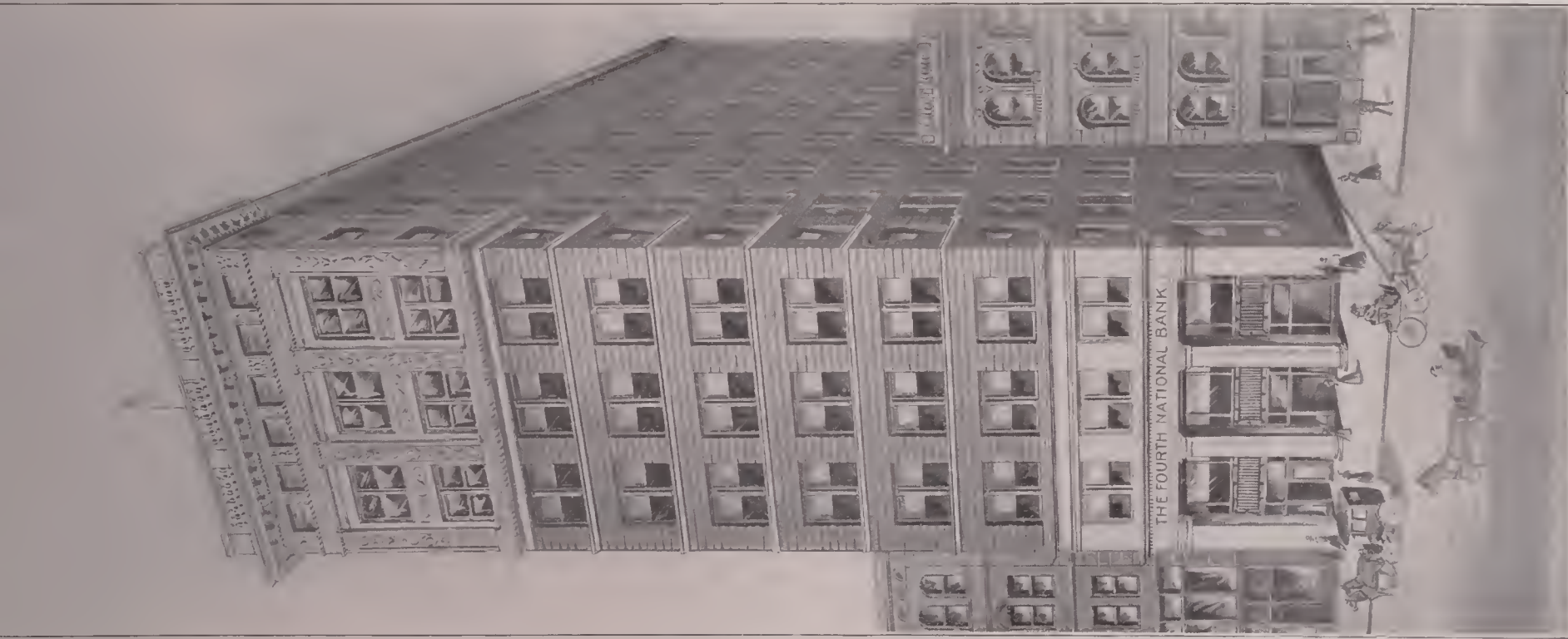


Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.  
Re-inforced Concrete, Brick-Faced Works of the United States Printing Company.  
Die solid umgebauten Anlagen der U. S. Druckerei Co.

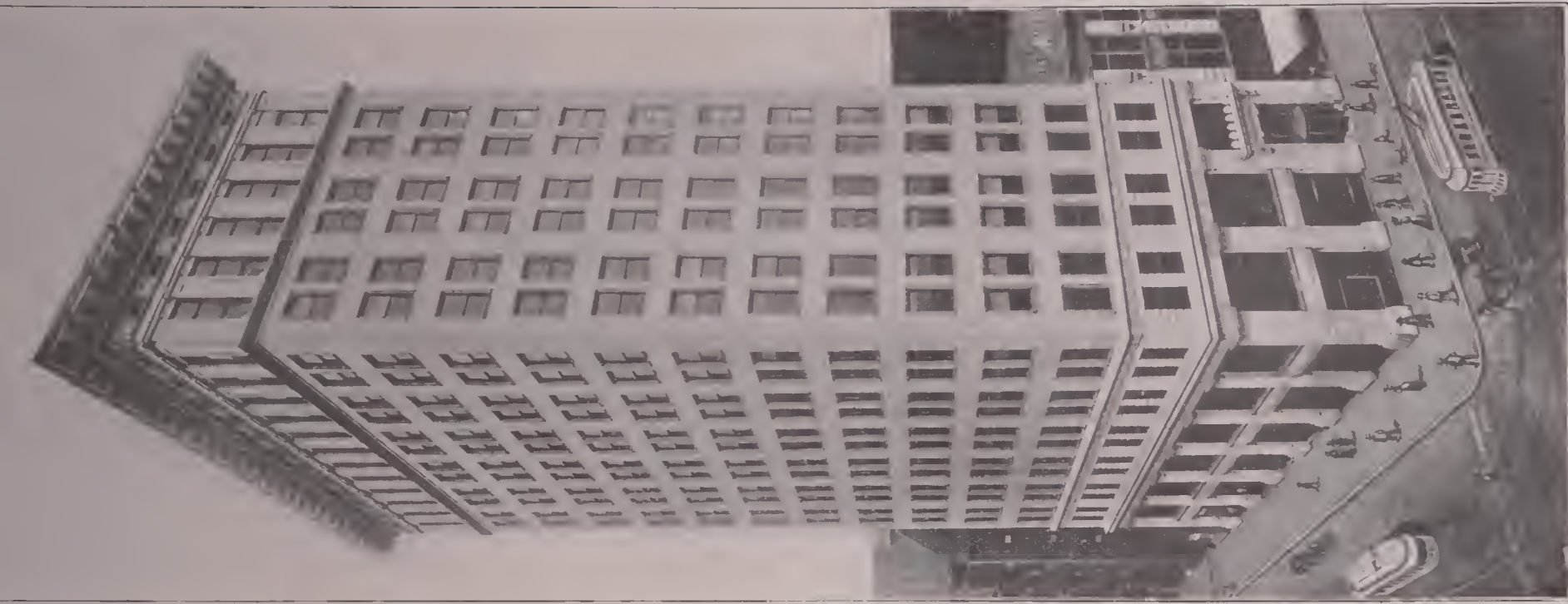


Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.  
Poster Printing Plant of the United States Lithograph Company.  
Die Poster Druckerei der U. S. Lithograph Co.

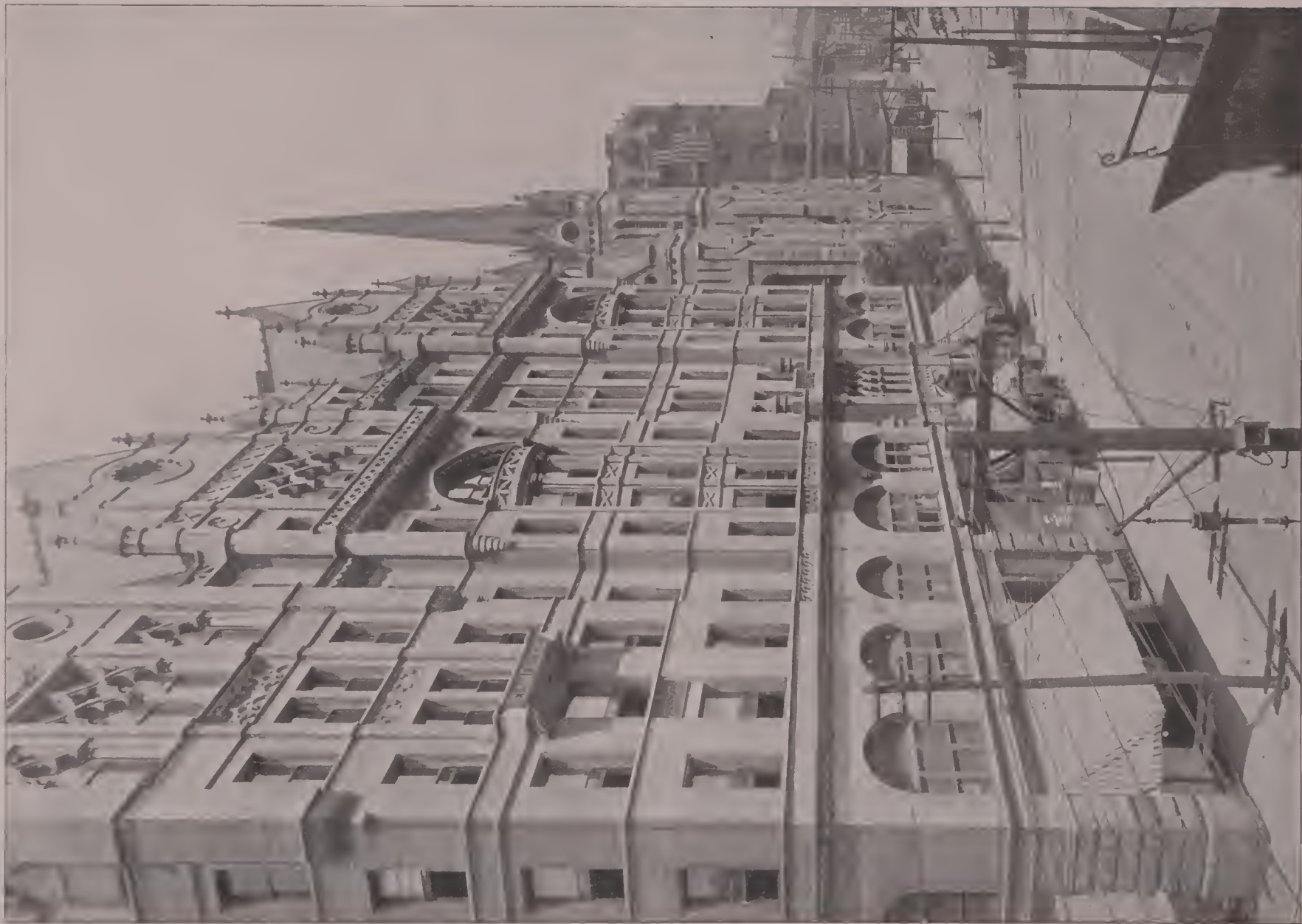




The Fourth National Bank.  
 Das Gebäude der 4. National-Bank.  
 Bâtiment de la Quatrième Banque Nationale.  
 Edificio del Cuarto Banco Nacional.



Ingalls Building.  
 Ingalls-Gebäude.  
 Le Bâtiment Ingalls.  
 Edificio Ingalls.



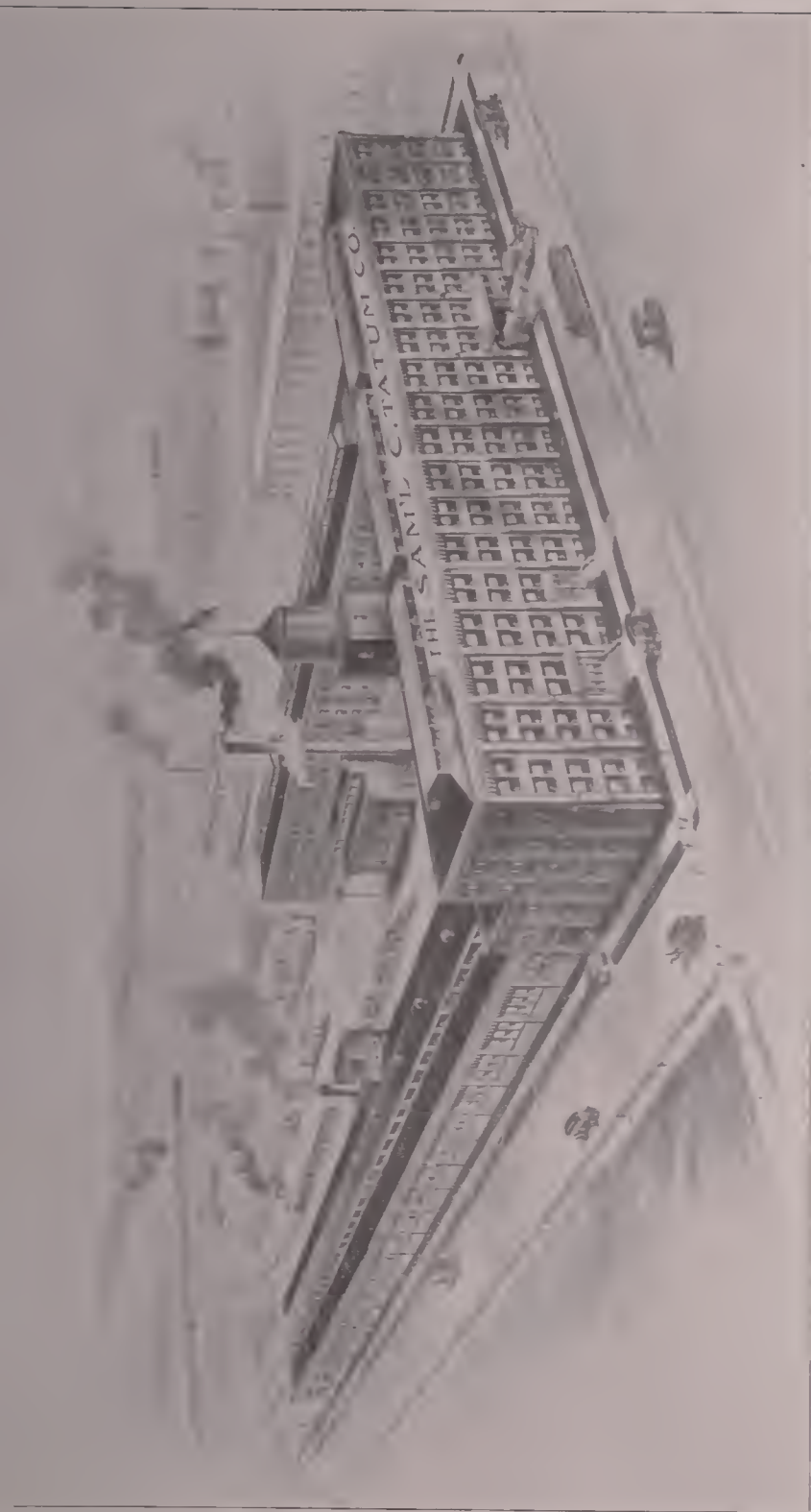
Elm Street, North from Seventh.

Elm Str., nördlich von der 7. Str.

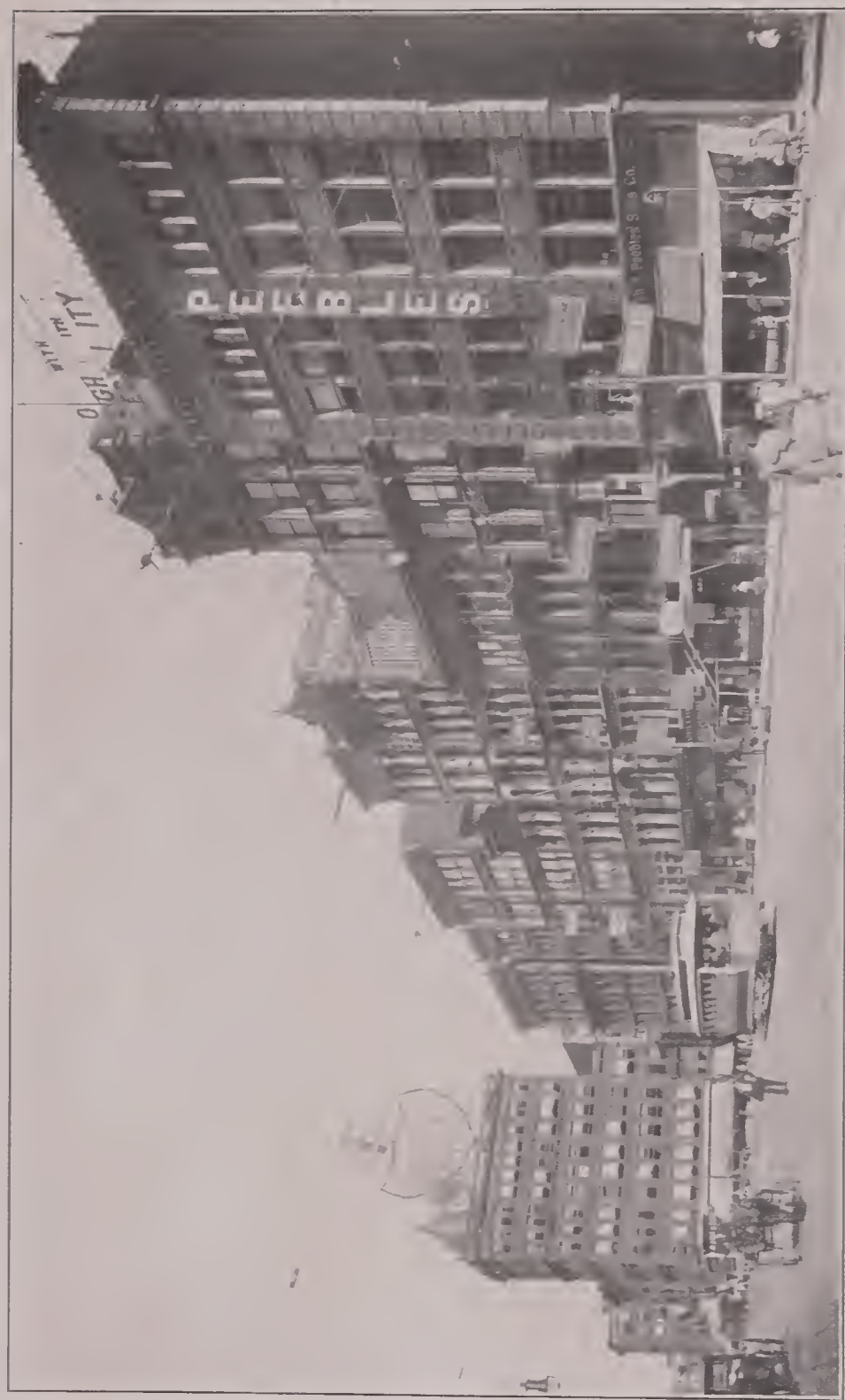
La Rue Elm, vue prise du Sud vers la 7ème Rue.

Calle Elm, Norte, desde la Calle 7a.





The Samuel C. Tatum Co.  
 Die Samuel C. Tatum Co.  
 Samuel C. Tatum et Cie.  
 La Compañia Samuel C. Tatum.



South Side of Government Square, Jos. R. Peebles Sons Co., Grocers, in Foreground.  
 Die Südseite des Regierungsplatzes, J. R. Peebles Söhne Co., Materialwaarenhandler im Vordergrund.  
 Côté Sud du Square du Gouvernement, au premier plan, Epicerie des fils de Jos. R. Peebles.  
 Parte Sur de la plaza del Gabierns. Casa de Comestibles, Jos. R. Peebles hijo, en el primer plano.





The Edwards Mfg. Co. "The Sheet Metal Folks." Eggleston Avenue, from Fourth to Fifth Street.  
 Die Edwards Fabrik Co. „Die Blech-Leute." Eggleston Avenue, von der 4. bis 5. Strasse.  
 La Cie des Manufactures Edwards, "Les rois des métaux laminés," Eggleston Avenue de la  
 4ème à la 5ème rue.

Compañia Manufactura Edwards "Los Reyes de las Planchas de Metal." Avenida Eggleston desde la  
 4a hasta la calle 5a.



An Edwards' Metal Spanish Tile Roof.  
 Ein Edwards' Metallziegel Spanisch Dach.  
 Toit espagnol en tuiles métalliques de la Cie. Edwards.  
 Un techo español de teja metálica Edwards.



Cincinnati Club, Melrose Ave., W. H.  
 Das Cincinnati Klubhaus, Melrose Ave., W. H.  
 Le Cercle de Cincinnati, Melrose Ave., W. H.  
 Casino de Cincinnati, Avenida Melrose, W. H.



Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

Queen City Club, Seventh and Elm Streets.  
 Das Queen City Klubhaus, 7. und Elm Str.  
 Cercle de Queen City, 7ème Rue et Rue Elm.  
 Casino Queen City, Calles 7a. y Elm.



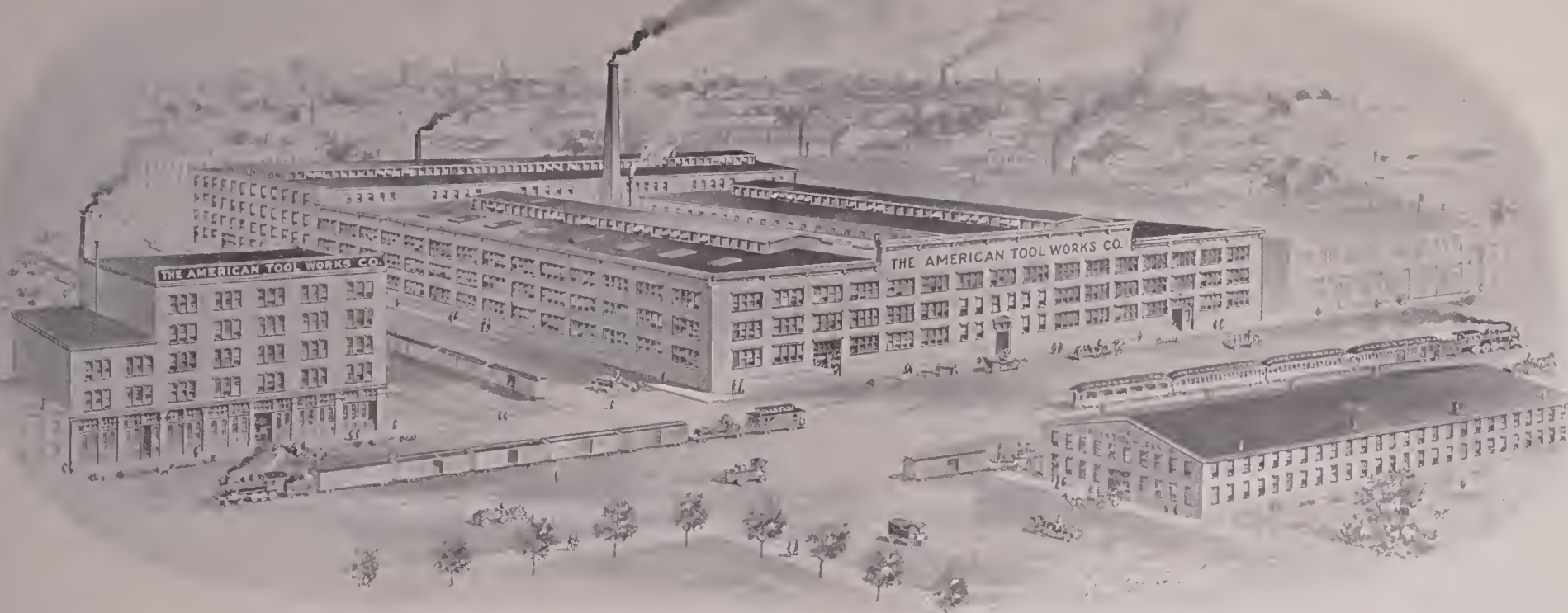


The only solid train of sugar ever shipped from New Orleans; weight, two million pounds; distance, about 1000 miles; time, 36 hours, 36 minutes. Bought by Buhr, Pfaff & Co., Cincinnati.  
Billed by the Russell Sugar Co., through H. Duncan, Broker, Cincinnati.  
Shipped by Queen & Crescent Route.



Center of Hardwood Lumber District, and Showing Dayton, Ky.  
Mittelpunkt des Bauholz Districts und Ansicht von Dayton, Ky.  
Centre du quartier des Bois, et vue de Dayton, Ky.  
Centro del distrito de maderas y vista de Dayton, Ky.





**The American Tool Works Co.  
Die Amerikanische Werkzeuge Co.  
American Tool Works Co. Machine-outils.**

**The American Tool Works Co., Fabricantes de Herramientas Mecanicas.**

ONE of the oldest machine tool manufacturing companies in the country is The American Tool Works Co., of Cincinnati. Their products are shipped to all parts of the globe, including every State in the Union, Canada, England, Russia, France, Italy, South America, Mexico, Japan, China, Philippine Islands, Hawaiian Islands, etc.

Their product consists of a complete line of metal-working lathes, planers, shapers and radial drills, all of which are designed to cope successfully with the requirements of the most modern shop practice.

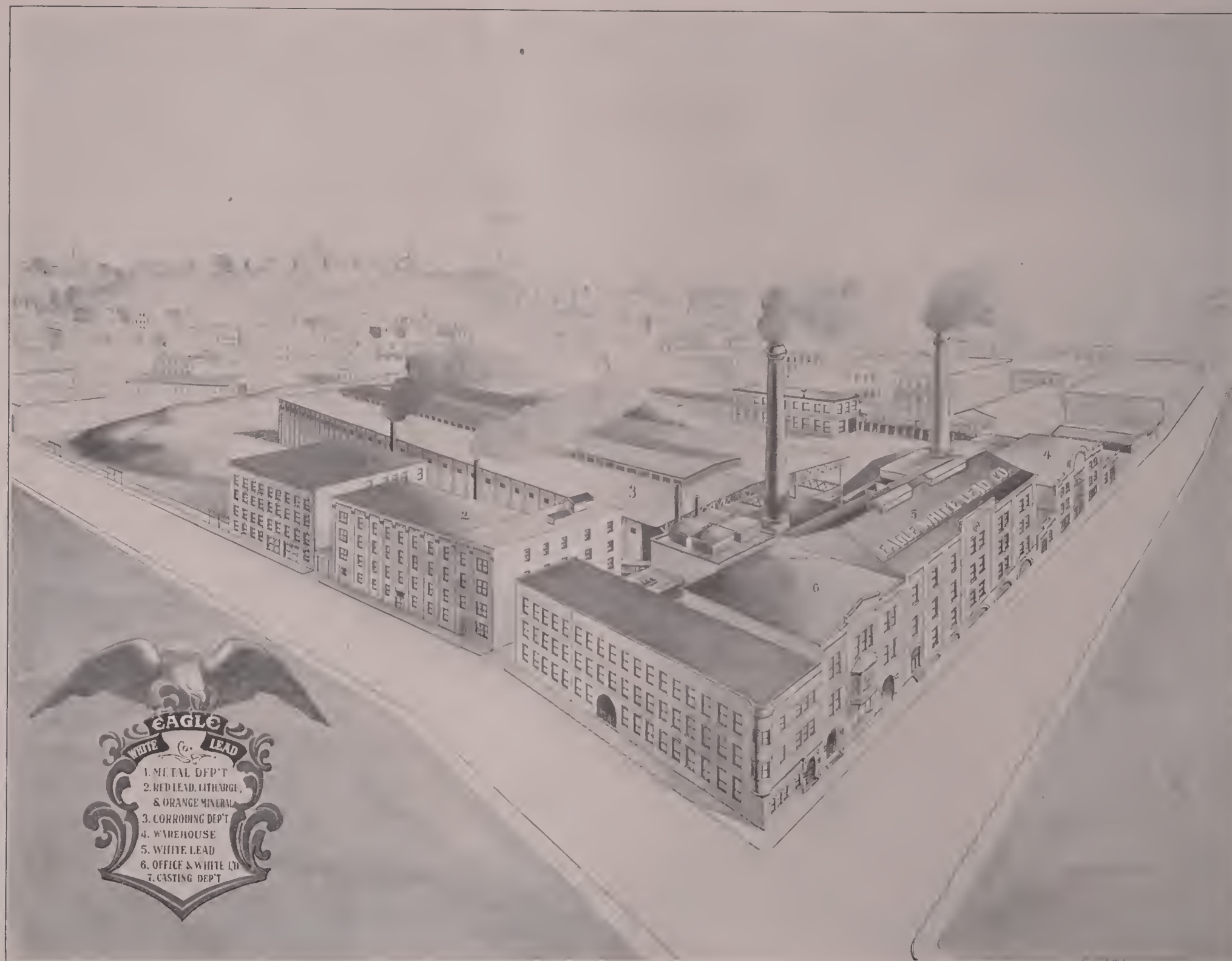
In the manufacture of these tools particular attention is paid not only to inherent great power, but also to the maintenance of a high degree of accuracy, so as to insure the highest character of work produced therefrom.

Their plant covers an area of 125,000 square feet of floor space, and their shop equipment is entitled to particular mention, as the same consists of the most modern and high-class machin-

ery, which, in connection with a very excellent corps of workmen, makes it possible for them to produce strictly high-class metal-working machinery.

Each line of "American" machine tools is built in its own special department, under the direct supervision and individual attention of experts in its particular class. Thus each line of machines is built in practically a separate factory, but with the advantage of all being under one roof and one general superintendent. The company is, therefore, possessed of a wide experience in machine tool building, as often a valuable feature developed for one line of machines in its department may often be slightly modified and the same principle applied with great value to machines of another class, the advantage of which is obvious.

The officers of the company are Franklin Alter, President; J. B. Doan, Vice-President and General Manager; Robert S. Alter, Secretary and Manager of the Publicity Department; Henry Luers, Treasurer; A. E. Robinson, General Superintendent.



Plant of the Eagle White Lead Co., Covering Over Four Acres of Ground.

Anlage der Eagle White Lead Co., einen Flächenraum von über 4 Acker einnehmend.

Usine de la Eagle White Lead Co., pour fabrication de la Ceruse, d'une contenance de plus de 4 acres.

Planta de la Eagle White Lead Co., cumbriendo mas de 4 acres, de terreno.





The H. L. Brown Fence & Mfg. Co.  
 Die H. L. Brown Staket-Fabrik Co.  
 The H. L. Brown Fence Mfg. Co., Treillis et Grilles.  
 The H. L. Brown Fence Mfg. Co., fabrica de cercas.



The Queen City Supply Co.  
 Die Queen City Proviant Co.  
 The Queen City Supply Co., machines et outils.  
 The Queen City Supply Co., Abastecedores.



Cincinnati Sash & Door Co.  
 Die Cincinnati Fensterrahmen & Türen Co.  
 Cincinnati Sash & Door Co., Portes et Fenêtres.  
 Cincinnati Sash & Door Co., Ventanas y Puertas.



The Frank Tea and Spice Co.  
 Die Frank Thee & Gewürz Co.  
 The Frank Tea & Spice Co., Thés et Epices.  
 The Frank Tea & Spice Co., Especerias y Tes.



Residence of Charles E. Wilson.  
 Wohnung von Charles E. Wilson.  
 Résidence de Charles E. Wilson.  
 Residencia de Charles E. Wilson.



Residence of George R. Balch.  
 Wohnung von George R. Balch.  
 Résidence de George R. Balch.  
 Residencia de George R. Balch.



Residence of M. E. Moch.  
 Wohnung von M. E. Moch.  
 Résidence de M. E. Moch.  
 Residencia de M. E. Moch.



Residence of W. L. Spiegel.  
 Wohnung von W. L. Spiegel.  
 Résidence de W. L. Spiegel.  
 Residencia de W. L. Spiegel.





Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

Strobridge Lithographing Co.  
Die Strobridge Steindruckerei Co.  
Compagnie Lithographique Strobridge.  
Compañia Litografica Strobridge.



Fifth-Third National Bank.  
Die Fifth-Third National Bank.  
La 5ème et 3ème Banque Nationale.  
El Quinto-Tercero Banco.



The Queen City Savings Bank & Trust Co.

Die Queen City Spar Bank & Kredit Co.

Queen City Bank et Trust Co., Etablissement de Crédit et d'Épargne.

Banco Queen City & Trust Co., Casa de Crédito.



Reins & Meiss, Wholesale Dry Goods.



The L. Schreiber & Sons Co. Cincinnati Plant.

L. Schreiber & Söhne Co., Cincinnati Anlage.

Usine de la Société L. Schreiber et Fils, Cincinnati.

Planta de L. Schreiber é hijos, Cincinnati.



The L. Schreiber & Sons Co., Norwood Plant.

L. Schreiber & Söhne Co., Norwood Anlage.

Société L. Schreiber et Fils, Norwood.

Casa Schreiber é hijos, Norwood.



## LUMBERMEN'S CLUB OF CINCINNATI

CINCINNATI is acknowledged the largest hard wood lumber market of the world. It is located in the center of the largest producing and consuming markets. Her yards carry large and complete lines of the various woods: oak, ash, cherry, maple, hickory, beech, poplar, walnut, cypress, birch, butternut, chestnut, cottonwood, gum, mahogany, basswood, white pine, buckeye, elm, hemlock, etc. Yards and manufacturing facilities afford quick shipments of straight or mixed cars. Numerous lines of railroads afford shippers excellent service, favorable freight rates and



Just a Pile of Logs.  
Nur ein Haufen Klötze.  
Bois en Grume.  
Un monto de Lena.

Members of the Cincinnati Lumbermen's Club are:

Asher, I. M., Lumber Co.  
Ault & Jackson  
Banning, L. G.  
Bayou Land and Lumber Co.  
Bennett & Witte  
Beck, E. E., Lumber Co.  
Blackburn & Bolster Co.  
Brenner, Ferd., Lumber Co.  
Buckley, Jas.  
Cincinnati Hardwood Lumber Co.  
Cincinnati Poplar Co.  
Darling, J. W., Lumber Co.  
Dulweber, John & Co.

Duhlmeier Bros.  
Edwards, E. L.  
Farrin-Korn Lumber Co.  
Farrin, M. B., Lumber Co.  
Freiberg Lumber Co.  
Francke Lumber Co.  
Fullerton-Powell Co.  
Graham Lumber Co.  
Hinckley, Dwight, Lumber Co.  
Hollowell, H. A., & Co.  
Illingworth, Ingham & Co.  
Kentucky Lumber Co.  
Kennedy, Jas., & Co.  
King & Trimble

Kipp, B. A., & Co.  
Lockland Lumber Co.  
K. & P. Lumber Co.  
Louisiana Red Cypress Co.  
Littleford, George  
McEntee, Jas. A., agent  
Mowbray & Robinson  
Maley, Thompson & Moffatt  
Nicola, Stone & Myers Co.  
Perry, W. H., Lumber Co.  
Queen City Lumber Co.  
Richey, Halstead & Quick  
Radina, L. W., & Co.  
Rieneier Lumber Co.

Scott, T. P., & Co.  
Shields, Chas. F., & Co.  
Standard Millwork Co.  
Stewart, W. H., & G. S.  
Sterrett Lumber Co.  
Stone, T. B., Lumber Co.  
Talbert-Zoller Lumber Co.  
United Building Material Co.  
Wiborg & Hanna Co.  
C. Crane & Co.  
Queen City Box Co.  
Boyd, S. G.  
Hardwood Lumber Co.  
Wildberg Lumber Co.

Galloway-Pease Co.  
Midland Lumber Co.  
Babcock, E. V., & Co.  
Shawnee Lumber Co.  
Beets, D.  
Browne, Harry A.  
Swan-Day Lumber Co.  
Standard Lumber Co.  
Mickle, H. L., Lumber Co.  
Associate:  
Doster, Lewis J.  
Honorary:  
Fuhrman, A. V.  
Pinchott, Hon. Gifford

## UNION CENTRAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

AS a fond parent thinks of a favorite son as still a child long after he comes to man's estate and has assumed a man's responsibilities, so Father Cincinnati found in his household a well matured, capable and well balanced giant in the Union Central Life Insurance Company while he was yet considering his favored son as scarcely out of his swaddling clothes. Quiet and steady growth is usually healthy growth, and the gradual development of this Cincinnati institution has been that of character.

Organized quietly and without blare of trumpets in the old Methodist Book Concern rooms more than forty years ago, Cincinnati's central location and the recently ended war for the Union were discussed, and the "Union Central Life" was thereupon given a habitation and a name. Its formative years included the panic of '73 and the subsequent years of stress, and the foundations were broad and firm, as was necessary for the wonderful growth of the past quarter of a century. In volume of business, and in all that goes to mark insurance success, it stands among the companies doing a regular life business, and it far outranks all other similar Ohio companies.

Its founders were prominent in the religious and business world, and during the entire history of the company its representatives have held, as they deserved, the esteem of their fellow citizens.

John M. Pattison, the late president of the company, elected Governor of Ohio by a plurality equal to that given at the same election to opposite party candidates for the other offices, is a well-

known expression of confidence in one of these representatives.

Its immense volume of carefully invested assets distinguishes this company as one of the largest financial institutions in the central part of the Union. Eighty per cent of the \$67,000,000 assets is invested in first mortgage loans on farm lands valued at

more than twice the amount of the loans. Much of the company's success is due to the careful management of these investments, since its large earnings reduce the actual cost of insurance to the policy-holders and those seeking insurance look for low cost and large earnings.

President Jesse R. Clark, to whom, during his twenty years' service as treasurer, credit is due for the company's financial solidity, is a son of the late Bishop Davis W. Clark, who was one of the founders of the company. Mr. Clark is a leading layman of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in which his father was one of the clerical leaders.

From an office on one floor, the Home Office of the company spread to five floors and a basement, at the corner of Fourth Street and Central Avenue, and the overflow has since filled another five-story building at the corner of Fourth and Race Streets.

Its first year ended with one million dollars of insurance in force; at the opening of 1909 the aggregate was \$269,000,000, and during its history it has paid out to policyholders and holds at interest to their credit more than \$111,000,000.



Jesse Clark.





Charles B. Murray.



Mr. H. H. Meyer.



Mr. Franklin Alter.



Mr. William M. Donaldson.



Robert Alter



Jefferson Livingston, a self made man, and sole owner of the T. A. Snider Preserve Co.

Achieving this position, which was his life's ambition, from an office boy for the same company at \$5.00 per week.



Charles E. Roth, President of the Chamber of Commerce and County Treasurer.

Charles E. Roth, Präsident der Handelskammer und County Schatzmeister.

Charles E. Roth, Président de la Chambre de Commerce et Trésorier du Comté.

Charles E. Roth, Presidente de la Camara de Comercio y Tesorero del Condado



Mr. A. O. Kraemer, the Founder of the "Illustrated Cincinnati." Herr A. O. Kraemer, Grunder des „Illustrierten Cincinnati."

A. O. Kraemer, Fonda teur du "Illustrated Cincinnati."

El Señor A. O. Kraemer, Fundador de "Illustrated Cincinnati."





**Thos. P. Egan**

**R**EPRESENTATIVE men are portraits of their surroundings, paintings of their city, state or country, and the difference in their prominence or relief lies mainly in the background of each.

Cincinnati has many types among her representative men. There are some who owe their positions to political influence; others whose connections with wealth and family settings, pushed them forward, and still others who have had greatness thrust upon them, as it were. There are those who owe their prominence largely to themselves alone, to their native spirit, indomitable will and aggressive character; who came up amid poverty and adversity, who were compelled to constantly fight their way along, who were conquerors from boyhood. One of these, perhaps the most representative of these, is Mr. Thomas P. Egan, President of J. A. Fay & Egan Co.

The biography of Mr. Egan would make an interesting chapter, the reading of which would inspire the ambitious youth to strong endeavor, and hold out hope to the boy with nothing but strength of character for an asset. It would be interesting indeed, to explore the background, and see the lights and shadows which throw the picture into its peculiar prominence and relief. We regret that we can only glance hurriedly over it.

As a boy we find him attending school in the City of Hamilton, Ontario, and spending his vacations in a dry goods house at \$2.00 per week. As a youth we find him setting out for the States, where he thought greater opportunities awaited him. He was mechanically inclined, and at an early age we find him working in the shop of The John Steptoe Co. An accident, which rendered manual labor impossible to him, sent him into the office of the firm, where he became successively bookkeeper, manager and traveling representative. In 1874 we find him starting a business of his own, which grew so rapidly that in 1893, less than twenty years later, consumed the old, well-known machinery house of the J. A. Fay & Co., forming the present firm, J. A. Fay & Egan Co.

Mr. Egan has always been the active spirit in his own business, and while he is ever engaged in its multitudinous affairs, he has shown the spirit of a good citizen by always being ready to do his share toward the advancement of his city, industry or country. He was first to conceive and organize the now vastly important body, known as the National Association of Manufacturers, and his private correspondence will show that he was first among the members of this organization to suggest a Permanent Tariff Commission, which is now being agitated by that body. Mr. Egan has done much to advance the export trade in machinery lines, and has been active in the citizens' organizations of his own city. The last testimonial to his character, which was fittingly bestowed, was when he was elected President of the Chamber of Commerce. His term expired a short time ago, and the success of his administration was marked by the fact that he was proffered the unanimous nomination for a second term, but refused it. Mr. Egan has lately been much talked about for Mayor of his own city, but he has repeatedly refused to have his name considered in connection with that office. Nevertheless, his friends believe he would make an able executive.

The portrait above shows some of the leading characteristics of the man; alert, courageous, aggressive, of commanding presence, he has done things as might be expected from such a personality.



**George Hornung**

**T**HERE is no consulting engineer more widely known than is George Hornung, the senior member of Geo. Hornung & Son. He is a thoroughly practical hydraulic, mechanical, and electrical engineer, and has had charge of the superintending the construction of numbers of municipal waterworks and lighting plants in different parts of the United States.

He is a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, American Waterworks Association, Central States Waterworks Association, and is an acknowledged authority in his several lines, and his services are continually sought for by public as well as private corporations.

Mr. Hornung can be found daily in consultation at his offices in the Johnston Building, where some of the greatest plans of construction in the country are outlined.

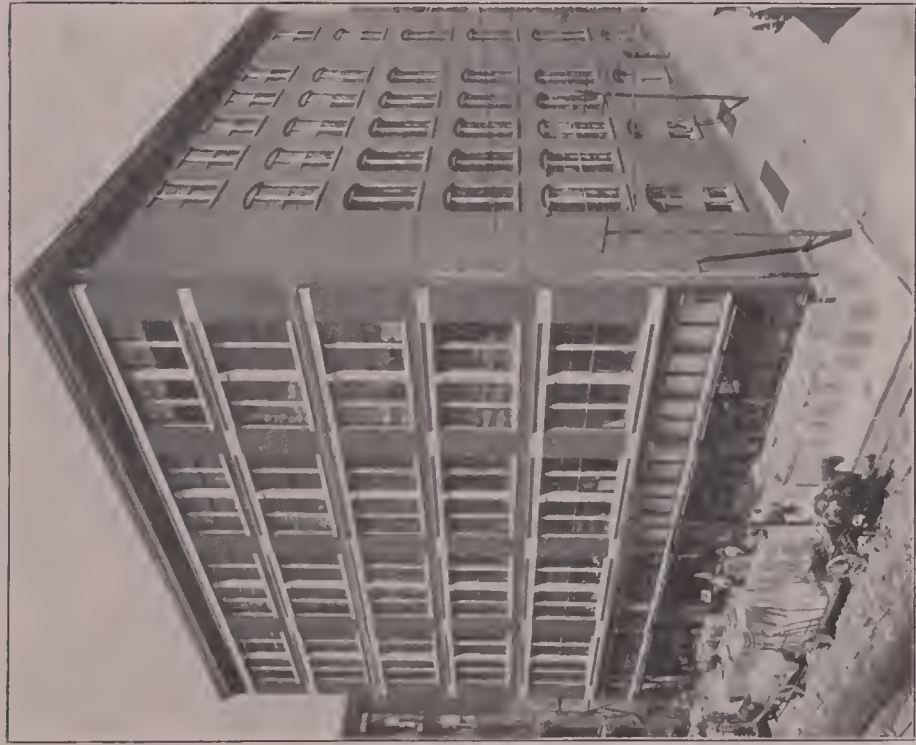


**W. D. Henderson, President of the Henderson Lithographing Co.**

**W. D. Henderson, Praesident der Henderson Steindruckerei Co.**

**W. D. Henderson, President de la Henderson Lithographing Co.**

**W. D. Henderson, Presidente de la Compania de Litografia Henderson.**



The Putnam-Hooker Co., Cotton Goods Commission

Merchants.

Die Putnam-Hooker Co., Kommissionäre in baumwollenen  
Artikeln.

The Putnam-Hooker Co., Commissionnaires en Cotons.

The Putnam-Hooker Co., Comisionistas en articulos de  
algodon.



A. Lotze Sons & Co.

A. Lotze Söhne & Co.

A. Lotze Fils et Compagnie.

Casa A. Lotze y Cia.



Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

Factory and Office of the John Van Range Co.

Fabrik und Bureau der John Van Range Co.

Bureaux et Usine de John Van Range et Compagnie.

Fabrica y Despacho de la Compañia John Van Range.



J. C. McCullough, Cincinnati's Largest Seed House.

J. C. McCullough, das grösste Samengeschaft  
von Cincinnati.

J. C. McCullough, la plus grande maison de grains  
de Cincinnati.

J. C. McCullough, la mas gran casa de semillas  
de Cincinnati.





A Coal Scene.

Kohlen-Barken auf dem Ohio.

Péniches de Charbon.

Escena entre cargas de Carbon.



The Ohio from Ft. Thomas.

Der Ohiofluss von Ft. Thomas aus.

L'Ohio, vue de Ft. Thomas.

El río Ohio, visto desde la Fortaleza Thomas.

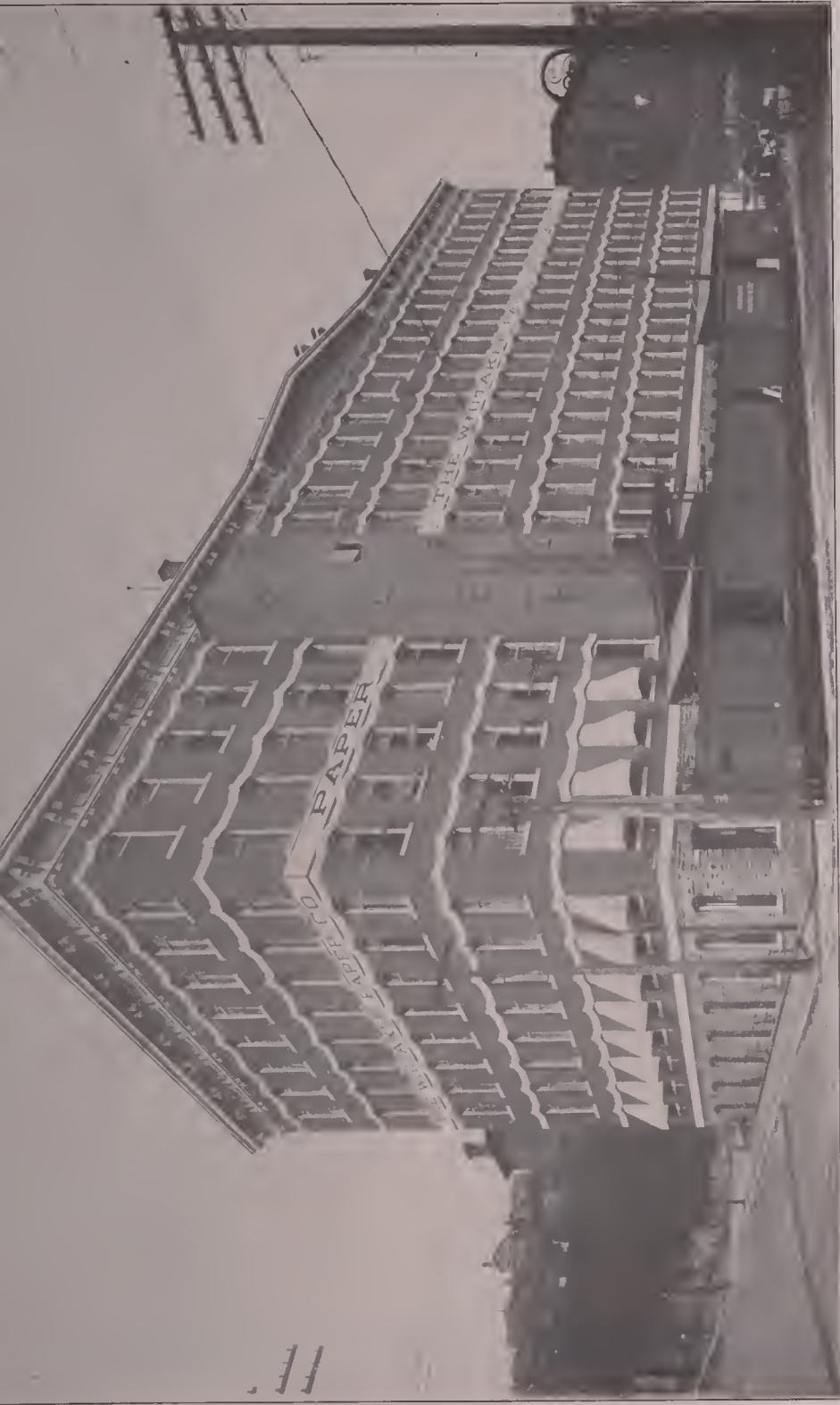


Haddon Hall Flat Building, Avondale.  
 Das Haddon Hall Wohngebaude, Avondale.  
 Maison d'appartements, "Haddon Hall," Avondale.  
 Casa de Apartamentos, "Haddon Hall," Avondale.



Central Fairmount Public School.  
 Die Central Fairmount öffentliche Schule.  
 Ecole Publique de Central Fairmount.  
 Escuela Pública de Central Fairmount.





The Whitaker Paper Co.  
Die Whitaker Papier Co.  
The Whitaker Paper Co., Fabrique de Papiers.  
The Whitaker Paper Co., Fabricantes de Papel.



The M'cIlvain & Spiegel Co.  
Die M'cIlvain & Spiegel Co.  
M'cIlvain, Spiegel et Cie.  
La Compania M'cIlvain & Spiegel.





The Peck-Williamson Heating and Ventilating Co.

Die Peck-Williamson Co., Fabrikanten von Heizapparaten und Ventilatoren.

La Compagnie de Chauffage et de Ventilation Peck-Williamson.

Compañia de Caloriferos y Ventiladores Peck-Williamson.



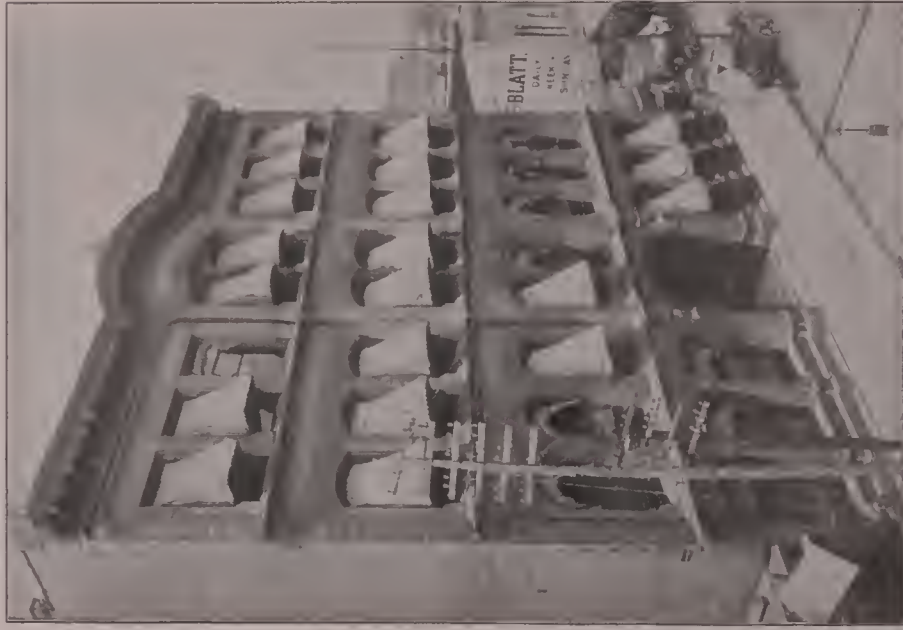
Samuel Hannaford & Sons', Architects.

The Peck-Williamson Furnace and Fitting Factory.

Die Peck-Williamson Ofen-Fabrik

Manufacture de Calorifères et Atelier d'ajustage de la Compagnie Peck-Williamson.

Fabrica de Hornos y Accesorios de Compania Peck-Williamson.



Public Library.

Die "öffentliche Bibliothek

Bibliothèque Publique

Biblioteca Publica



Julian Kokege Co.

Julian Kokege Co.

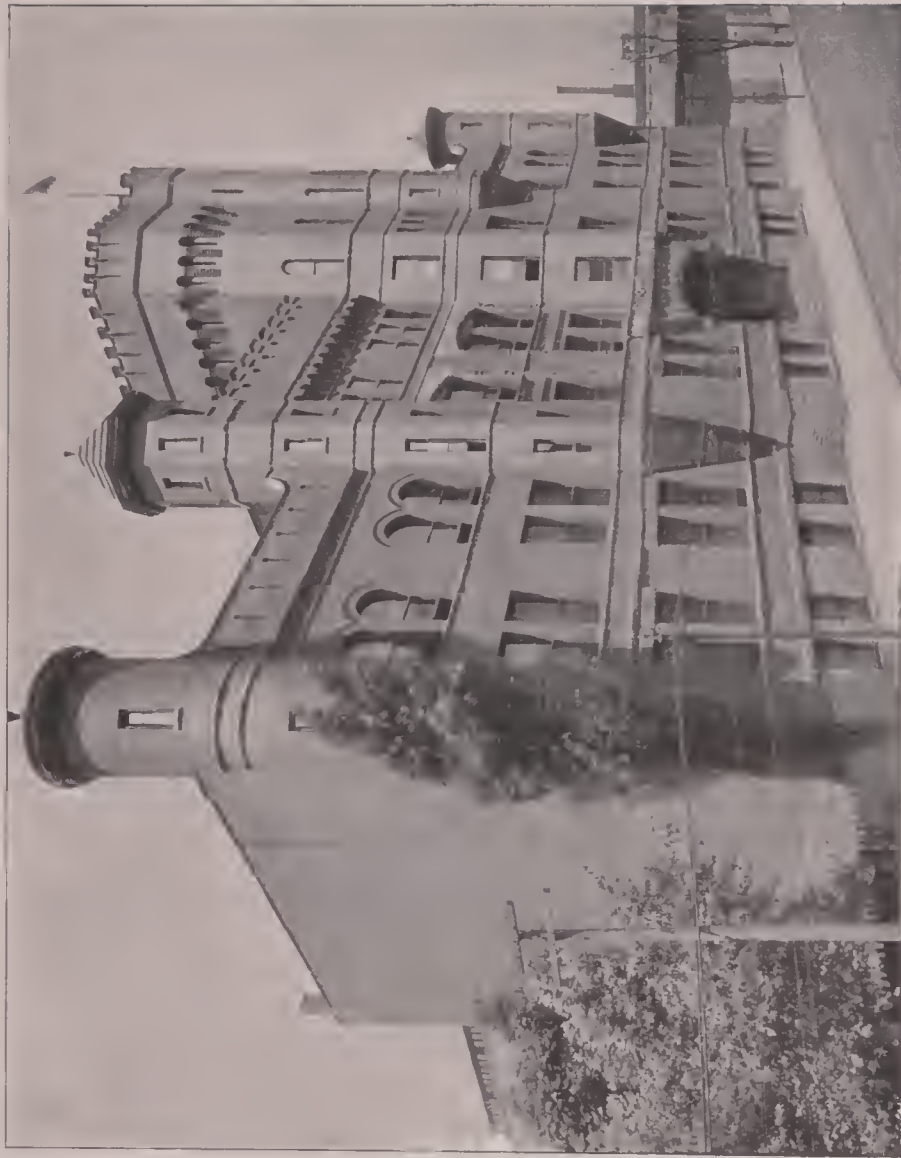
La Compagnie Julian Kokege.

Compañia de Julian Kokege.



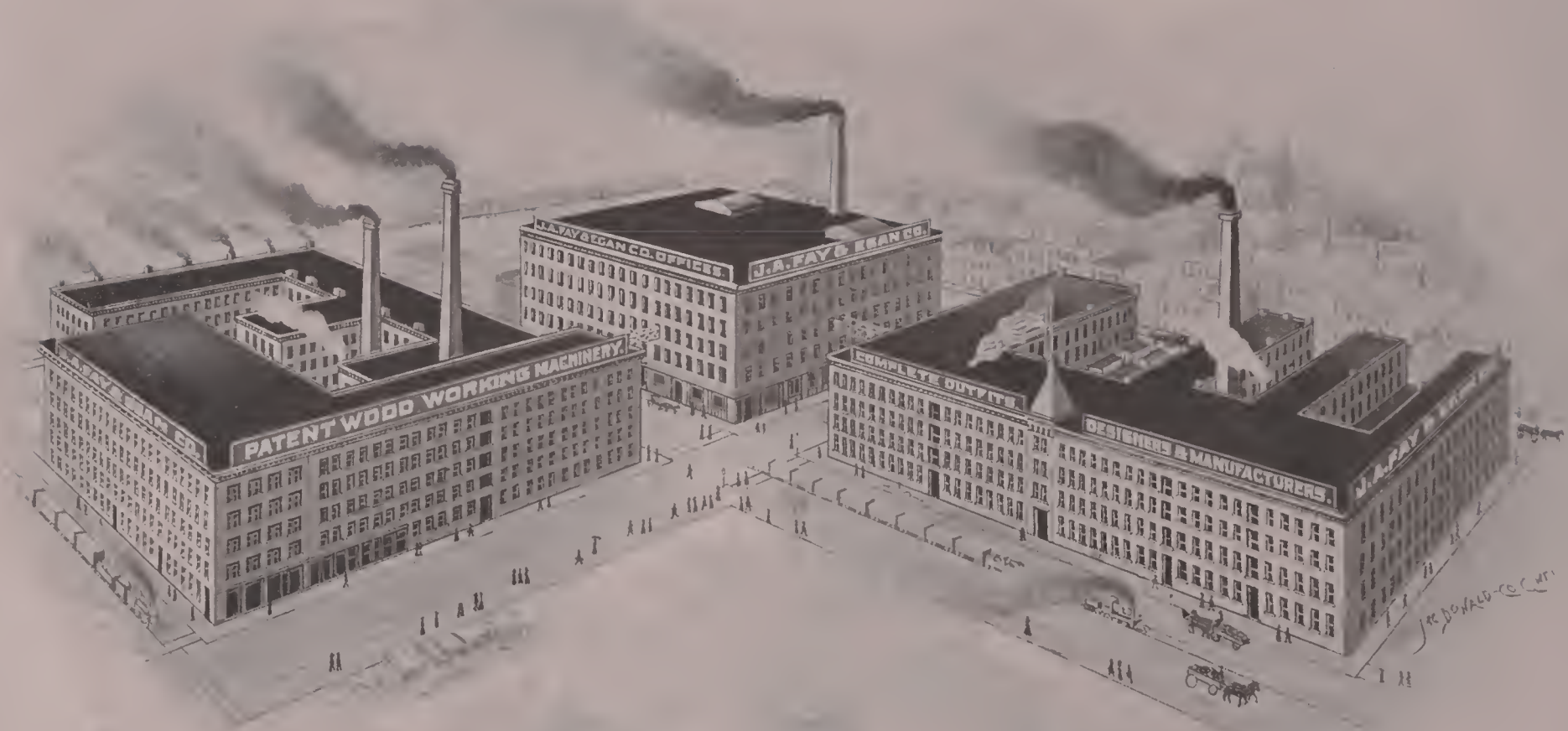


Metropolitan College of Music.  
 Das Metropolitan Musik-Collegium.  
 Collège de Musique Metropolitain.  
 Colegio Metropolitano de Musica.



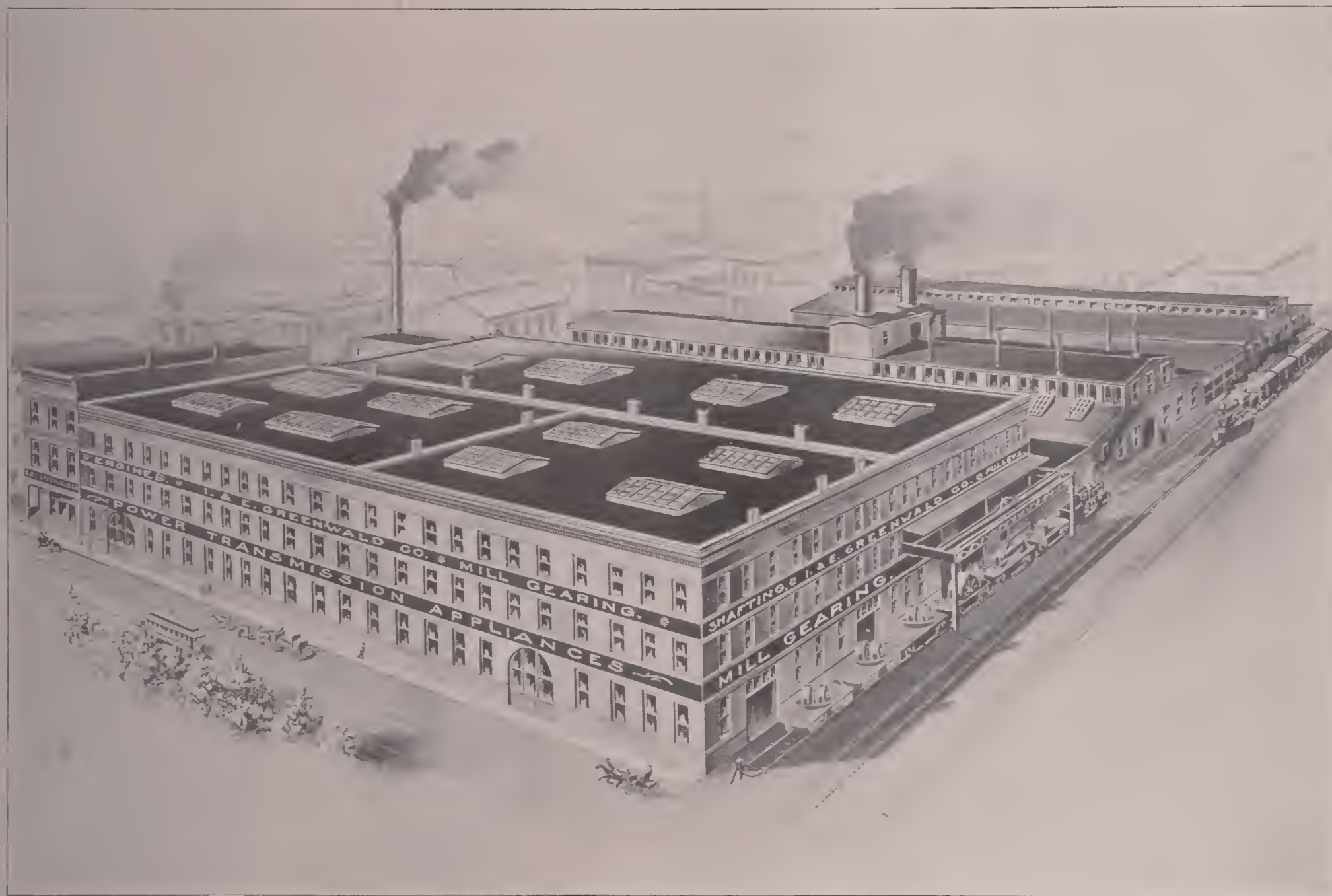
Armory of O. N. G.  
 Zeughaus der O. N. G.  
 Caserne de la Garde Nationale de l'Ohio.  
 Cuartel del Regimiento O. N. G., Guardia Nacional de Ohio.

Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.



J. A. Fay & Egan Co.  
 J. A. Fay & Egan Co.  
 La Compagnie J. A. Fay & Egan.  
 La Compañia J. A. Fay & Egan.





The I. & E. Greenwald Co.  
Die I. & E. Greenwald Co.  
La Compagnie I. & E. Greenwald.  
La Compania I. & E. Greenwald.



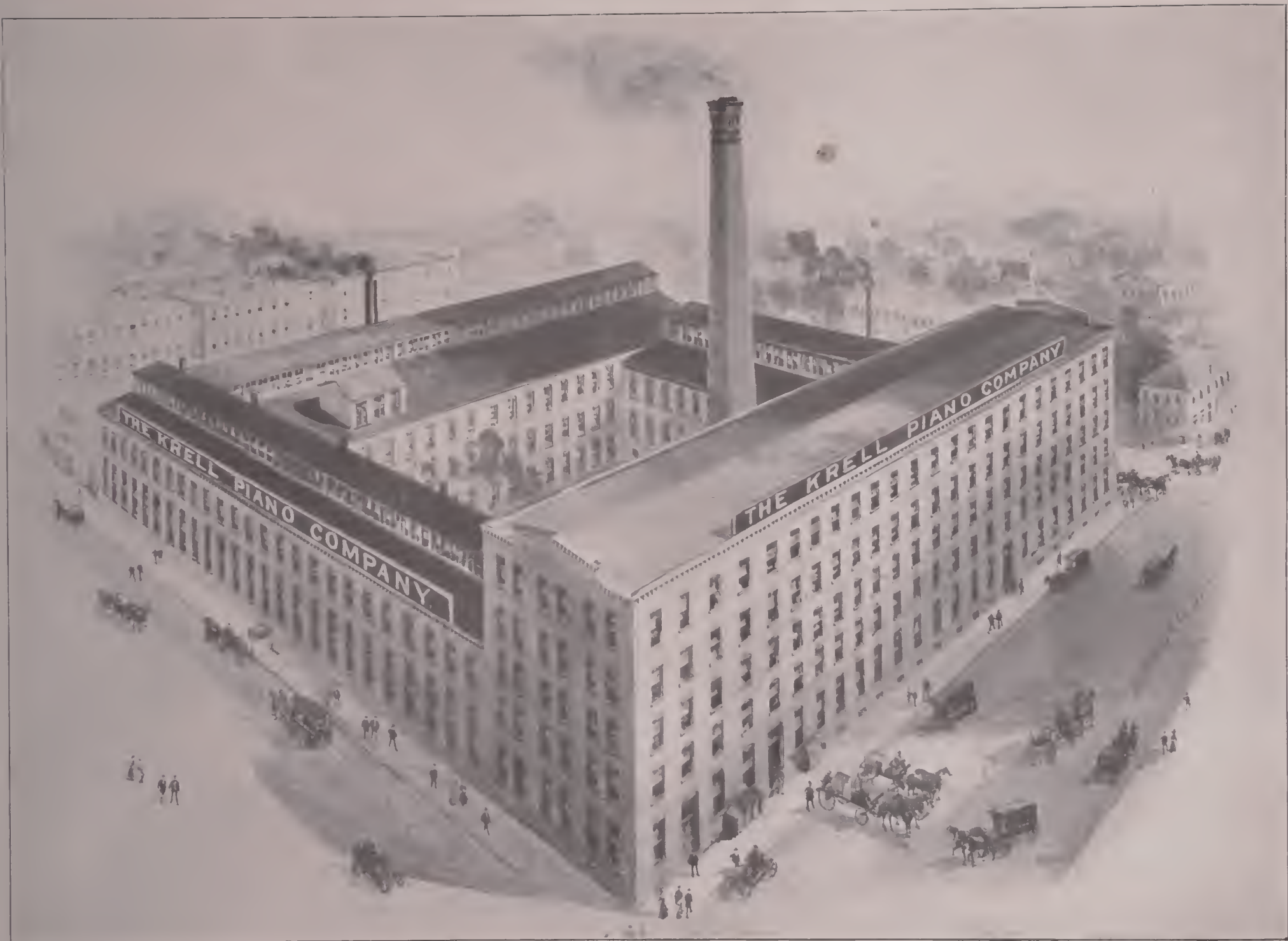
*THE JOHN SHILLITO CO.*

The John Shillito Co., Seventh and Race Streets.  
Die John Shillito Co., 7. & Race Strassen.

John Shillito et Cie, 7ème et Rue Race.

La Compañia John Shillito calles 7a. y Race.





The Krell Piano Co.  
Die Krell Piano Co.  
La Compagnie Krell Pianos.  
La Compañia de Pianos Krell.

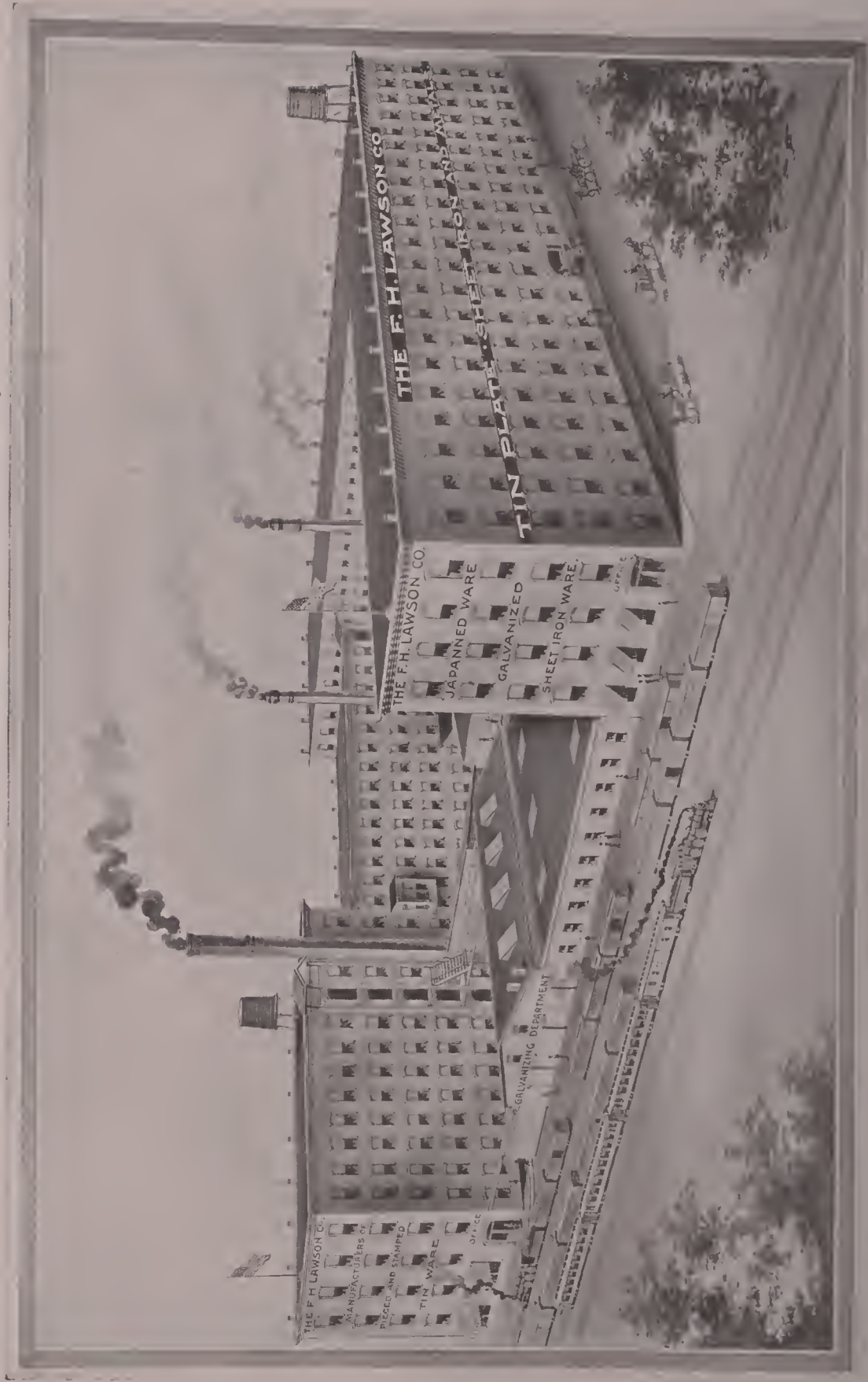


Office of the American Audit Co.

Das Geschäftszimmer der amerikanischen Rechnungskammer Co.

Bureaux de la Compagnie de Comptabilité américaine.

Despacho de la Compañía Americana de Cuentas y Tenedurias de Libros.



The F. H. Lawson Co.

Die F. H. Lawson Co.

La Compagnie F. H. Lawson.

La Compañía F. H. Lawson.

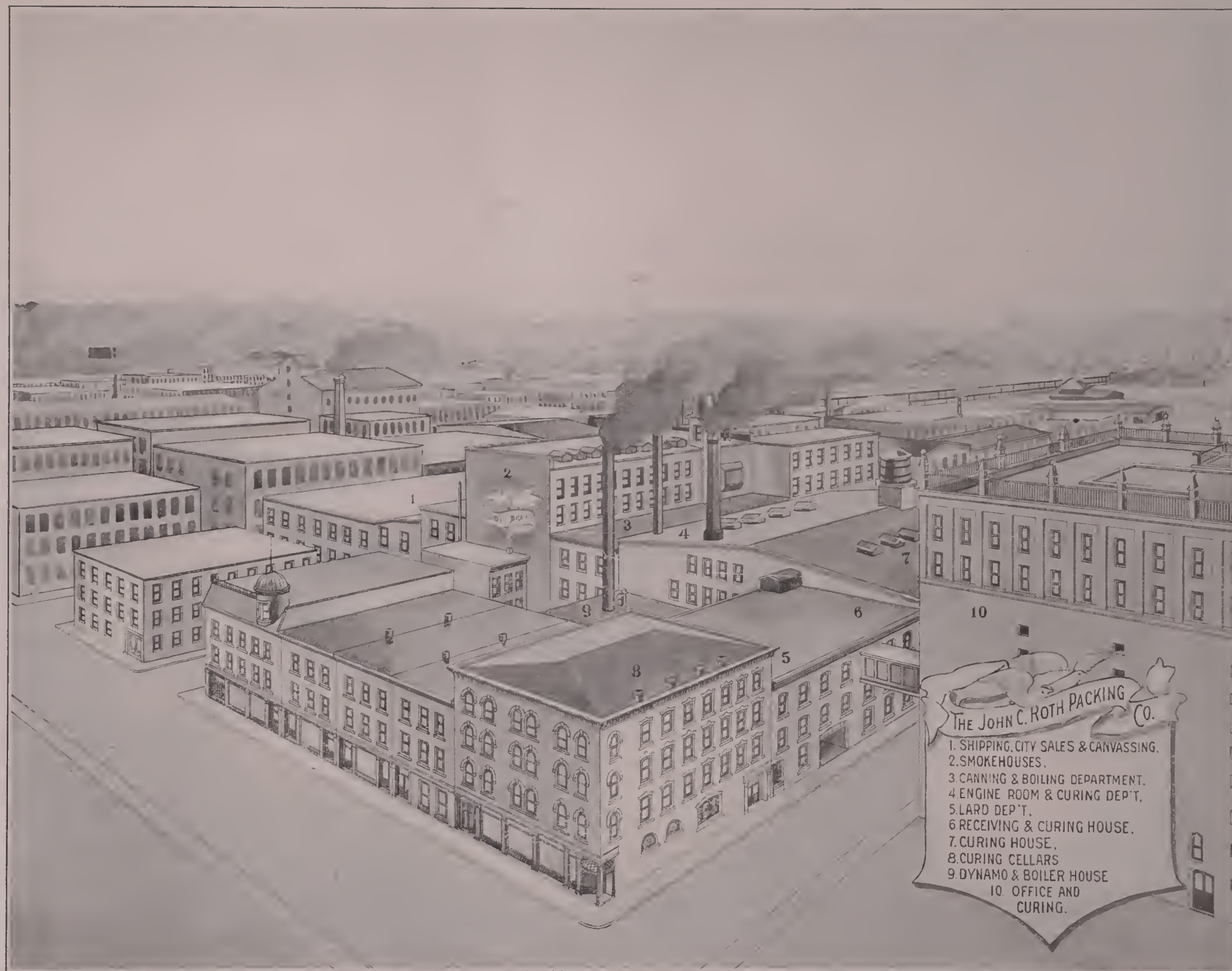




Cold Storage and Office of the John C. Roth Packing Co.

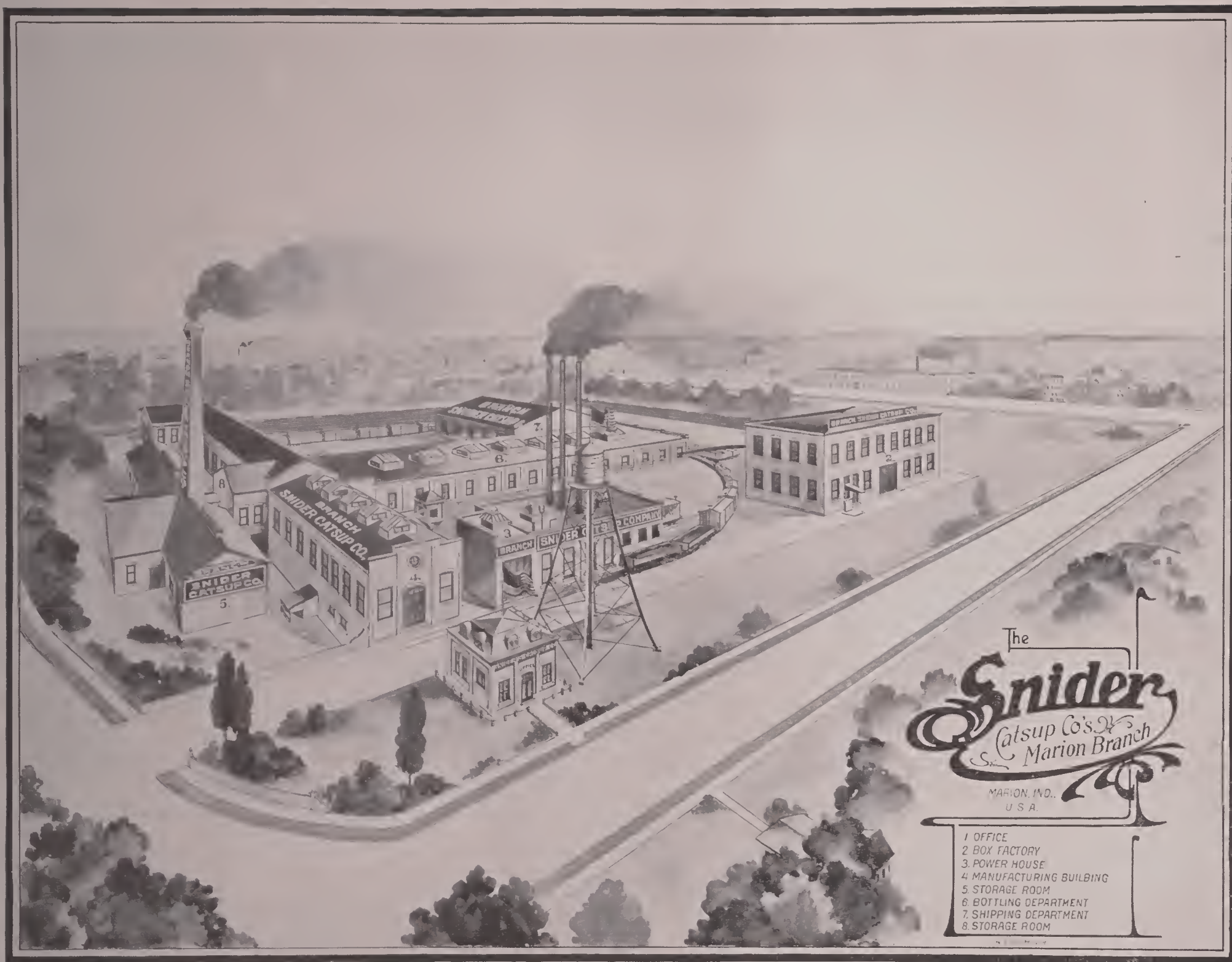
Ein Kühlapparat und Geschäftszimmer der John C. Roth Verpackung Co.  
Réfrigerateurs et bureaux de la John C. Roth Packing Co. Viandes de Conserve.

Deposito Frigorifico y Despacho de la Compañia John C. Roth.



The John C. Roth Packing Co.  
 Die John C. Roth Verpackung Co.  
 Le Compagnie John C. Roth, Viandes de Conserve.  
 La Compañia John C. Roth, Carnes de Conserva.





One of the Plants of The T. A. Snider Preserve Co.

Eine der Anlagen der T. A. Snider Konserven Co.

Une des fabriques de la Compagnie de Conserves, T. A. Snider.

Una de la plantas de la Compañía T. A. Snider, casa de Conservas.



The Monitor Stove and Range Co.  
 Die "Monitor" Heiz und Backofen Co.  
 La Compagnie des Poêles et Fourneaux "Monitor."  
 Companhia "Monitor" fabrica de Fogones y caloriferos.



The Henderson Lithographing Co.  
 Die Henderson Steindruckerei Co.  
 Compagnie de Lithographie Henderson.  
 Companhia de Litografia Henderson.





Scenes in the Zoological Garden.—Scenen im Zoologischen Garten.—Vues du Jardin Zoologique.—Escenas en el Jardin Zoologico.

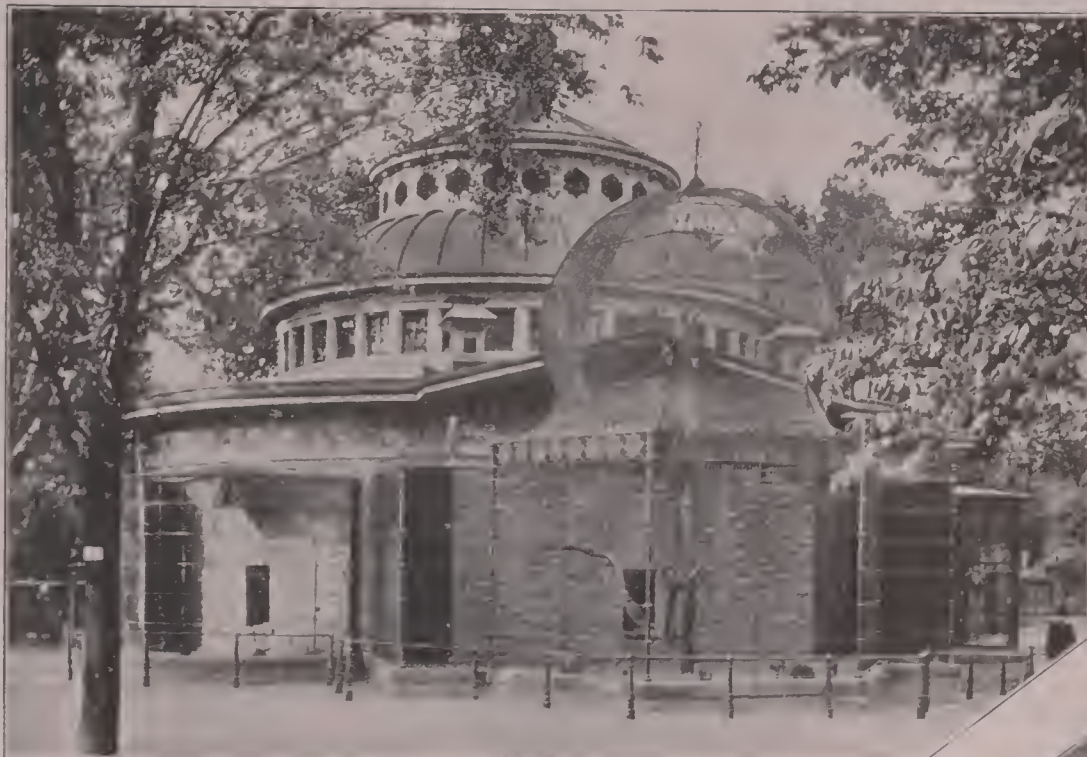
Band Stand.  
Der Stand der Kapelle.  
Krosque de la Musique.  
Pabellón de la Musica.

Interior of Herbivora Building.  
Das Innere des Herbivore Gebäudes.  
Intérieur du Bâtiment des Herbivores  
Interior del edificio de los herbivoros.

Herbivora Building.  
Herbivore Gebäude.  
Bâtiment des Herbivores.  
Edificio de los herbivoros.

Bird and Snake House.  
Vogel-und Schlangen-Haus.  
Bâtiment des oiseaux et des reptiles.  
Edificio de los pajaros y reptiles.





Scenes in the Zoological Garden.—Scenen im Zoologischen Garten.—Vues du Jardin Zoologique.—Escenas en el Jardin Zoologico.

The Monkey House.  
Affenhaus.  
La Cage des Singes.  
Jaula de monos.

Nest Built by the Storks.  
Ein Storchnest.  
Nid de Cigognes.  
Cigüenas.

Brutus.  
Brutus.  
Brutus.  
Brutus.

Polar Bears.  
Eisbären.  
Les Ours Blancs.  
Osos polares.





Residence Dawson Blackmore.  
Wohnung von Dawson Blackmore.

Résidence de Dawson Blackmore.  
Residencia de Dawson Blackmore.



Residence Chas. E. Roth.  
Wohnung von Chas. E. Roth.

Résidence de Chas. E. Roth.  
Residencia de Chas. E. Roth.



Residence T. P. Egan, E. Walnut Hills.  
Wohnung von T. P. Egan, Ost Walnut Hills.

Résidence de T. P. Egan, Walnut Hills.  
Residencia de T. P. Egan, Walnut Hills, Este.



Residence J. G. Schmidlapp.  
Wohnung von J. G. Schmidlapp.

Résidence de J. G. Schmidlapp.  
Residencia de J. G. Schmidlapp.



Residence C. B. Wright.  
Wohnung von C. B. Wright.  
Résidence de C. B. Wright.  
Residencia C. B. Wright.



Residence E. W. Edwards.  
Wohnung von E. W. Edwards.  
Résidence de E. W. Edwards.  
Residencia de E. W. Edwards.



Laurence Flats.  
Die Laurence Wohnungen.  
Appartements Laurence.  
Casa de apartamentos Laurence.



Chase Avenue and Laurence Flats.  
Chase Avenue und Laurence Wohngebäude.  
Appartements au coin des Avenues Chase et Laurence.  
Casa de apartamentos, esquina de las Avenidas Chase y Laurence.





Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

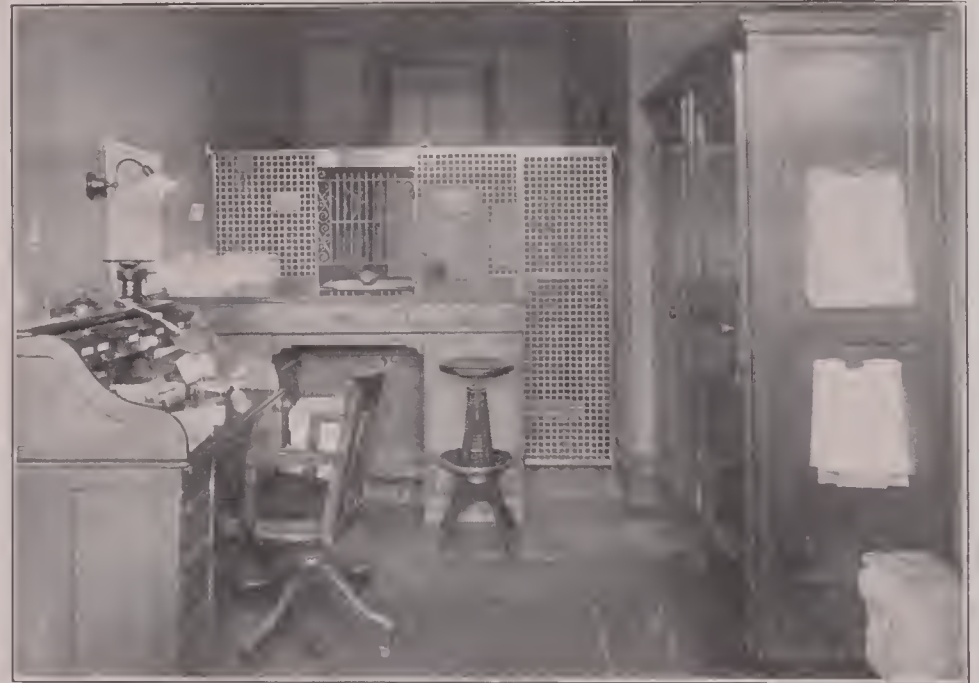
View of Part of Interior of Citizens National Bank.  
 Teilweise Ansicht des Inneren der Citizens National Bank.  
 Vue d'une partie de l'Intérieur de la Citizens National Bank.  
 Vista interior parcial del Banco Nacional de Ciudadanos.



Office of the Short, Stanton & Worthington Co.  
 Hauptgeschäftszimmer von Short, Stanton & Worthington.  
 Bureau de Short, Stanton et Worthington.  
 Despacho de la casa Short, Stanton y Worthington.



Interior of Merchants National Bank.  
 Das Innere der Merchants National Bank.  
 Intérieur de la Merchants National Bank.  
 Vista Interior del Banco Nacional de los Comerciantes.



Office of the Short, Stanton & Worthington Co.  
 Hauptgeschäftszimmer von Short, Stanton & Worthington.  
 Bureau de Short, Stanton et Worthington.  
 Despacho de la casa Short, Stanton y Worthington.



The Private Office of Mr. Roth and Mr. Weil.  
 Das Privat Geschäftszimmer der Herren Roth und Weil.  
 Bureau particulier de Mr. Roth et de Mr. Weil.  
 Despacho de Mr. Roth y de Mr. Weil.



Interior German National Bank.  
 Das Innere der deutschen National Bank.  
 Intérieur de la Banque Nationale Allemande.  
 Interior del Banco Nacional Alemán.

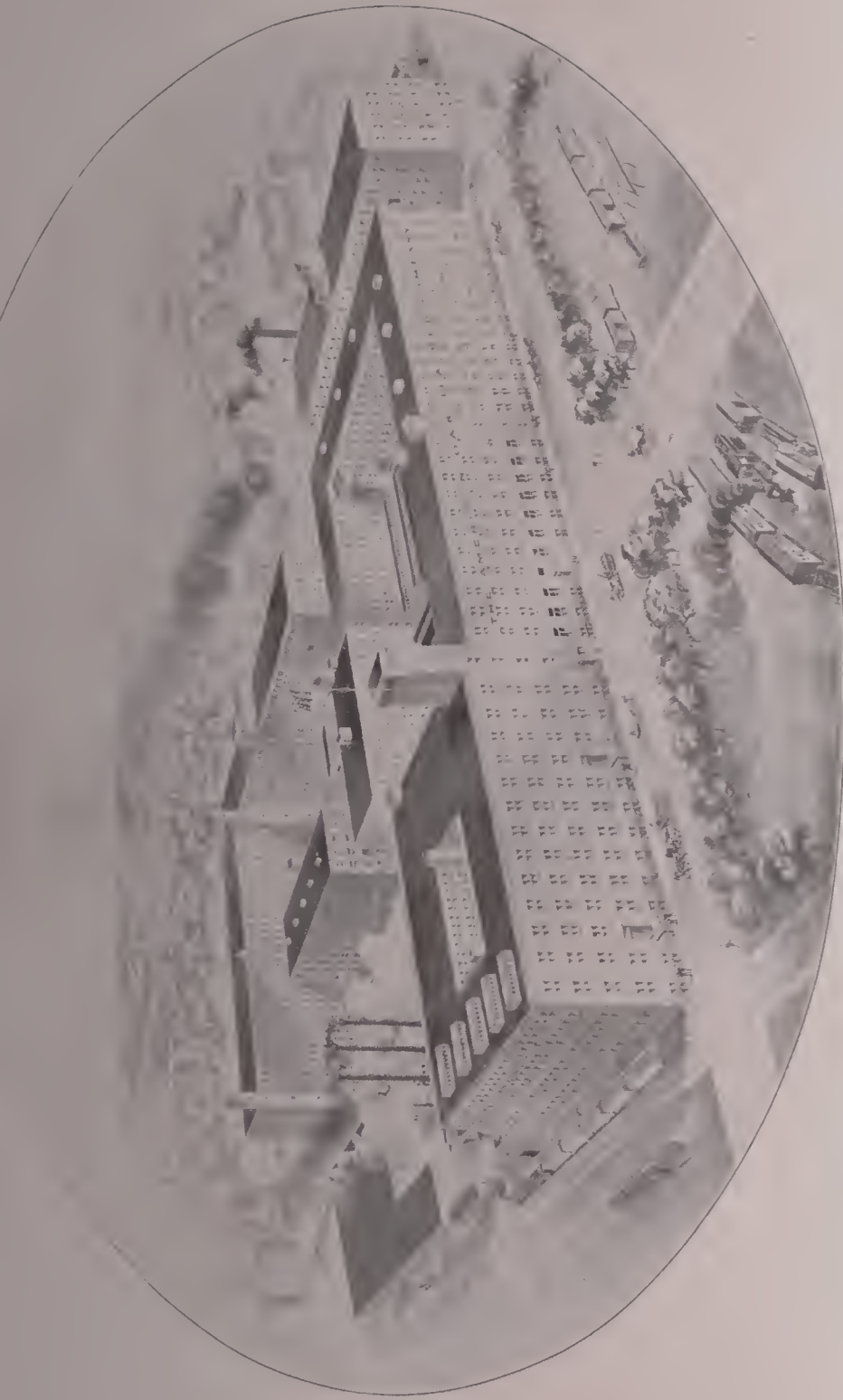


Corridor of Office of the Weil, Roth & Co.  
 Korridor zum Geschäftszimmer von Weil, Roth & Co.  
 Corridor du bureau de Weil, Roth et Cie.  
 Corridor del Despacho de Weil, Roth y Cia.



German National Bank, Fourth and Vine Streets.  
 Die Deutsche National Bank 4. & Vine Str.  
 Banque Nationale Allemande 4ème Rue et Rue Vine.  
 Banco Nacional Alemán Calles 4a. y Vine.

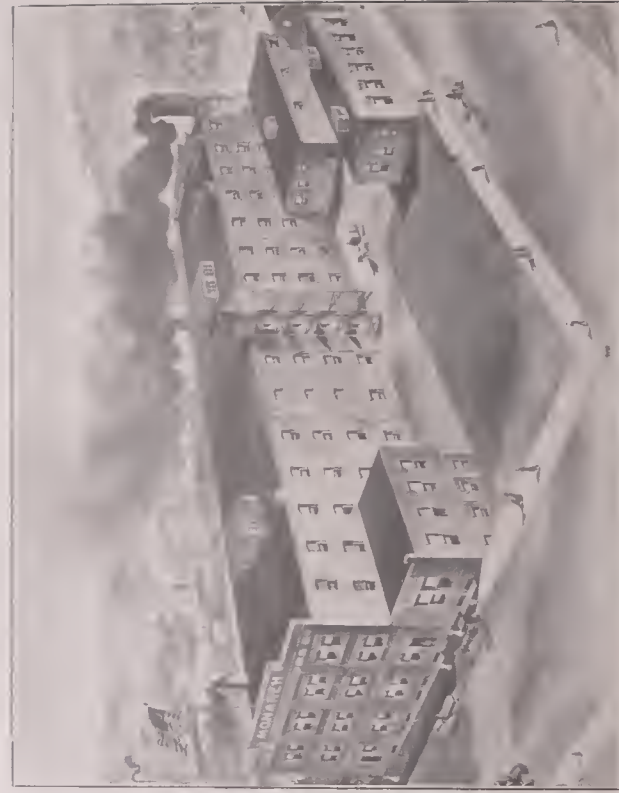




Plant of the American Oak Leather Co.  
 Anlage der Amerikanischen Oak Leder Co.  
 Usine de la American Oak Leather Cie, Cuirs.  
 Planta de la Compañia American Oak Leather.



College of Music.  
 Music-Conservatorium.  
 Collège de Musique.  
 Colegio de Musica.



The Monarch Carriage Goods Co.  
 Die Monarch-Wagenzubehör Co.  
 La Compagnie de Carrosserie "Monarch."  
 Compañia "The Monarch" artículos para carrujase.



Perkins-Campbell Co., Harness and Saddlery.  
 Perkins-Campbell Co., Pferdegeschirr und Sattlerei.  
 Perkins-Campbell & Cie, Selles et Harnais  
 Compañia Perkins-Campbell fabricantes de Arneses y talabarteria.



Carew Building, Fifth and Vine Streets.  
 Das Carew Gebäude, 5. & Vine Str.  
 Bâtiment Carew, 5ème Rue et Rue Vine.  
 Edificio Carew, Calles 5a. y Vine.



Moch, Berman & Co. Moch, Berman et Cie.  
 Moch, Berman y Cia.



The Perin Building.  
 Das Perin Gebäude.

Bâtiment Perin.  
 Edificio Perin.





View of the Ohio River from Eden Park.

Aussicht auf den Ohiofluss vom Eden Park.

Vue de la Rivière Ohio, prise d'Eden Park.

Vista del rio Ohio tomada desde el Parque Eden.



Gymnasium Boat House on the Ohio.

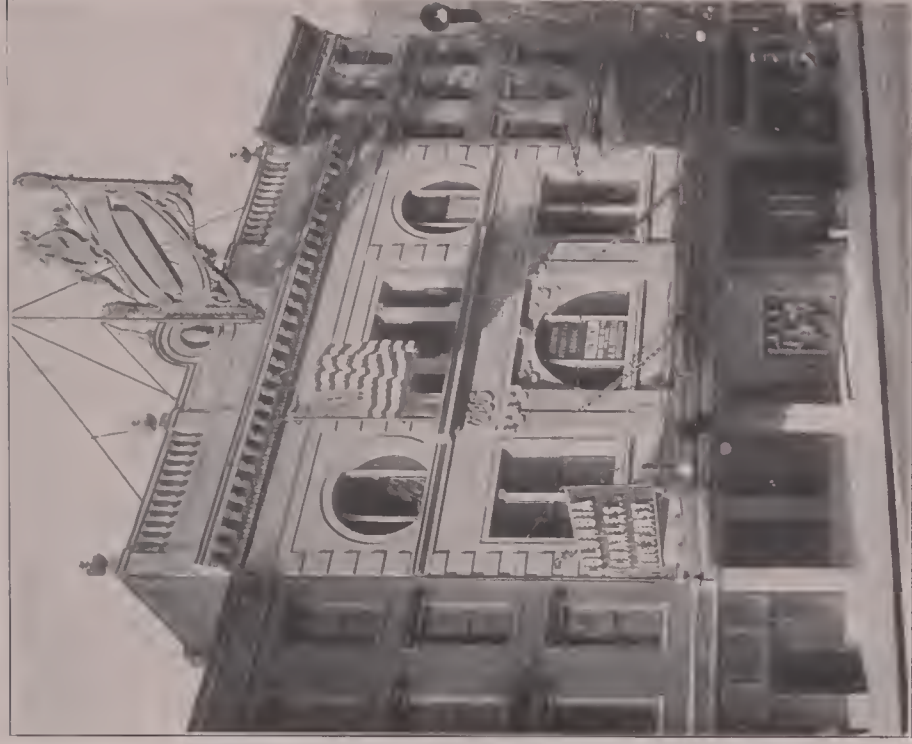
Das Gymnasium Boot-Haus auf dem Ohio.

Gymnase et Garage de Bateaux sur l'Ohio.

Boteria del Gimnasio sobre el rio Ohio.



Grand Theatre.  
Das Grand Theater.  
Grande Théâtre.  
Gran Teatro.

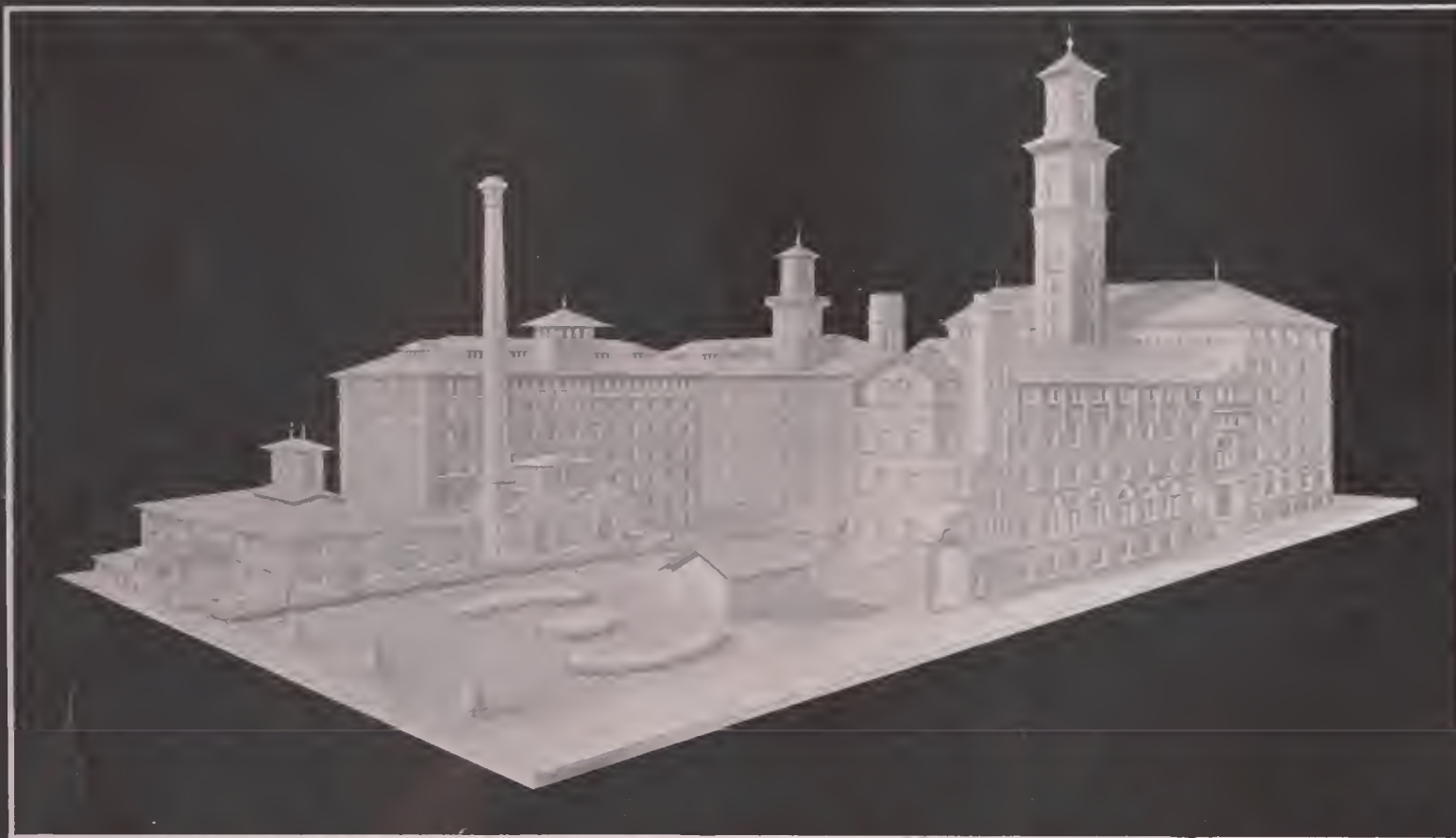


Columbia Theatre.  
Das Columbia Theater.  
Théâtre Columbia.  
Teatro Columbia.



Ohio Conservatory of Music and Dramatic Art and Recital Hall.  
Das Ohio Konservatorium der Musik und dramatischen Künste und Vortragssaal.  
Conservatoire de Musique et d'Art Dramatique le Ohio et Salle de Concert.  
Conservatorio de Musica y de Arte Dramatico el Ohio y Sala de Repeticiones.





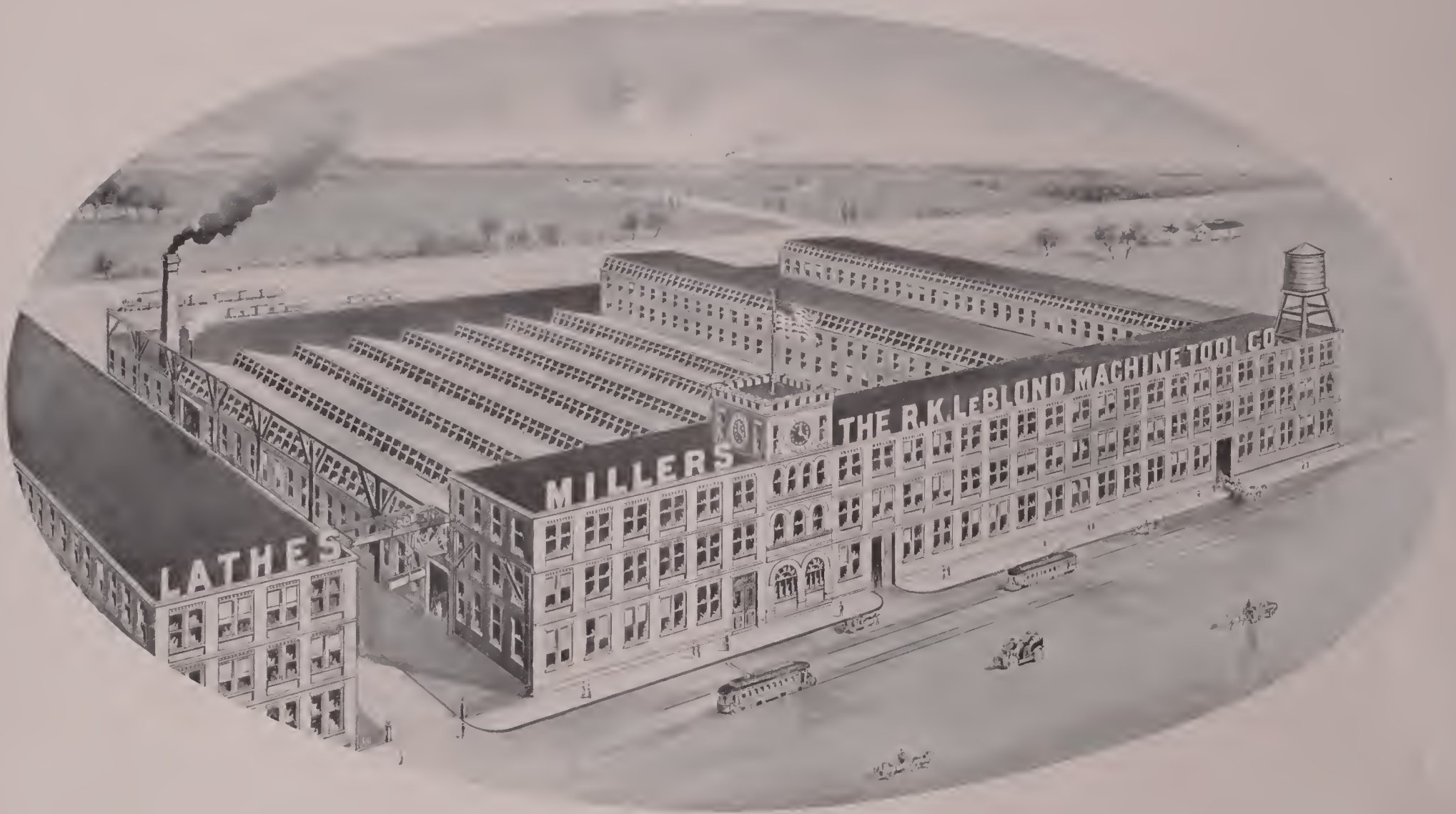
**THE BALDWIN COMPANY. PIANO FACTORIES, CINCINNATI.**

The Baldwin Co., Piano Factories, Cincinnati.

Die Baldwin Co., Klavier Fabrik, Cincinnati.

Fabrique de la Compagnie de Pianos Baldwin, Cincinnati.

Fabrica de la Compañia de Pianos Baldwin, Cincinnati.



The R. K. LeBlond Machine Tool Co.  
Die R. K. LeBlond Maschinenwerkzeug Co.  
La Compagnie R. K. LeBlond, Machine-Outils.  
La Compañía R. K. LeBlond, Herramientas mecánicas.

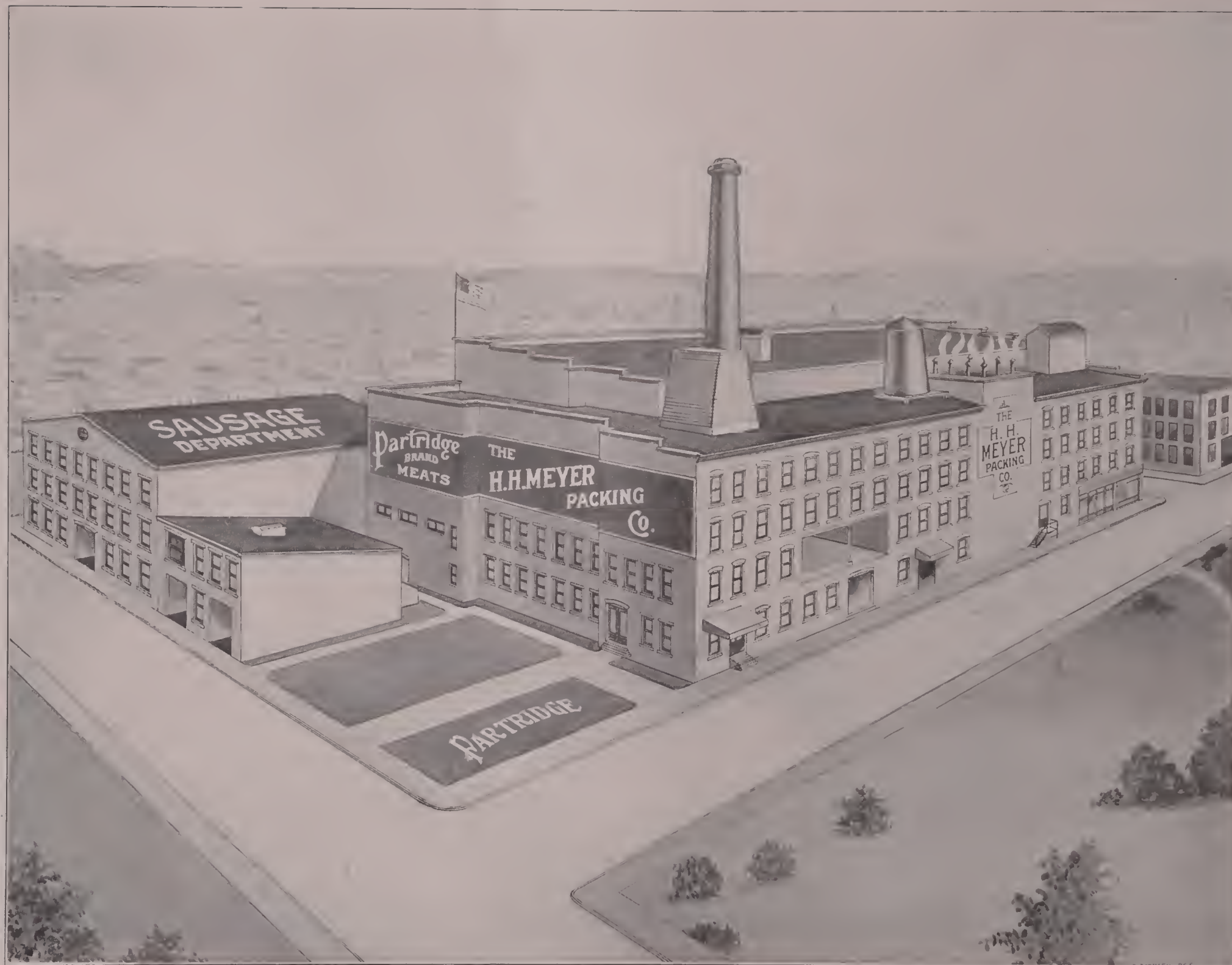




The Samuel Ach Co.  
 Die Samuel Ach Co.  
 La Compagnie Samuel Ach.  
 La Compañia Samuel Ach.



Lyric Theatre.  
 Das Lyric Theater.  
 Théâtre Lyric.  
 Teatro Lyric.



The H. H. Meyer Packing Co.  
 Die H. H. Meyer Fleisch Verpackung Co.  
 La Compagnie H. H. Meyer, Viandes de Conserve.  
 La Compañia H. H. Meyer, Carnes de Conserva.





The Peck, Anderson & Peck Co.  
 Die Peck, Anderson & Peck Co.  
 La Compagnie Peck, Anderson & Peck.  
 La Compania Peck, Anderson & Peck.



The Berlitz School of Languages (Head Office, New York).  
 Die Berlitz-Sprachschule.  
 Ecole de Langues Berlitz.  
 Escuela de Idiomas Berlitz.



Garfield Place.  
 Garfield Platz, 8. und Race Strassen.  
 La Place Garfield, 8eme Rue et Race.  
 Plaza de Garfield, calles 8a. y Race.



Residence H. Probasco, Clifton.  
 Wohnung von H. Probasco, Clifton.  
 Residence de H. Probasco, Clifton.  
 Residencia de H. Probasco, Clifton.





The Pettibone Bros. Manufacturing Co.  
 Die Fabrik Co. der Gebrüder Pettibone.  
 Manufacture de Pettibone Freres & Cie.  
 Compañia de Manufacturas Pettibone Hermanos.



A. E. Burkhardt, "International Fur Merchant."  
 A. E. Burkhardt, "Internationale Pelz-Händler."  
 A. E. Burkhardt, "Marchands de Fourrures Internationaux."  
 A. E. Burkhardt, "Comerciantes Internacionales, de pieles."





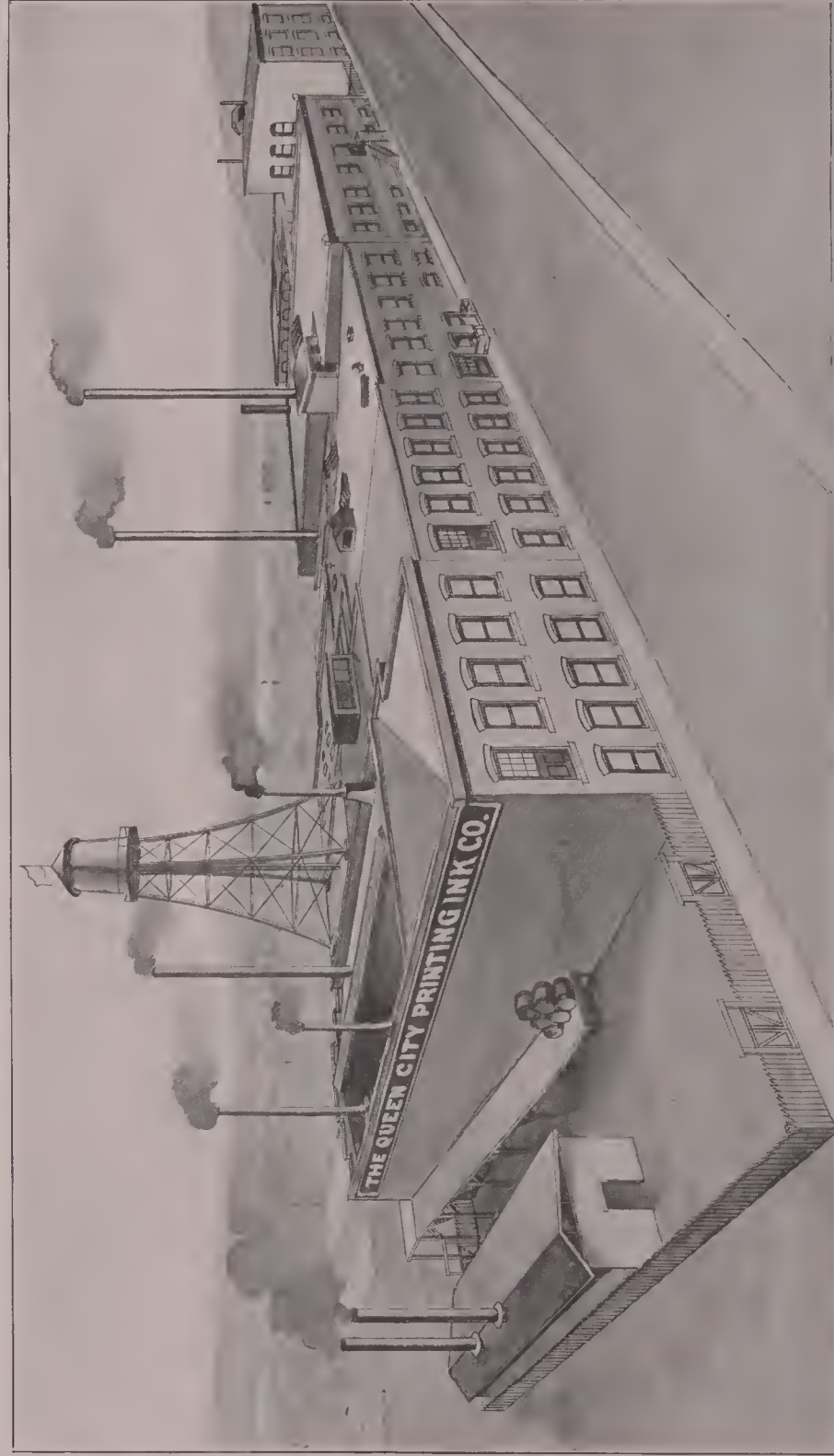
Electric Railway Equipment Co.  
 Betriebsbedarf Gesellschaft für elektrische Strassenbahnen.  
 Cie d' Equipement de tramways electriques.  
 Compañia de equipos para tranvias electricos.



The Obermayer Co.  
 Die Obermayer Co.  
 La Compagnie Obermayer.  
 Compañia Obermayer.



The Eagle Counter and Leather Co.  
 Die Eagle Fersenkappen und Leder Co.  
 Compagnie Eagle des Contreforts et Cuirs.  
 Compañia Eagle, Contrafuertes y artículos de cuere.



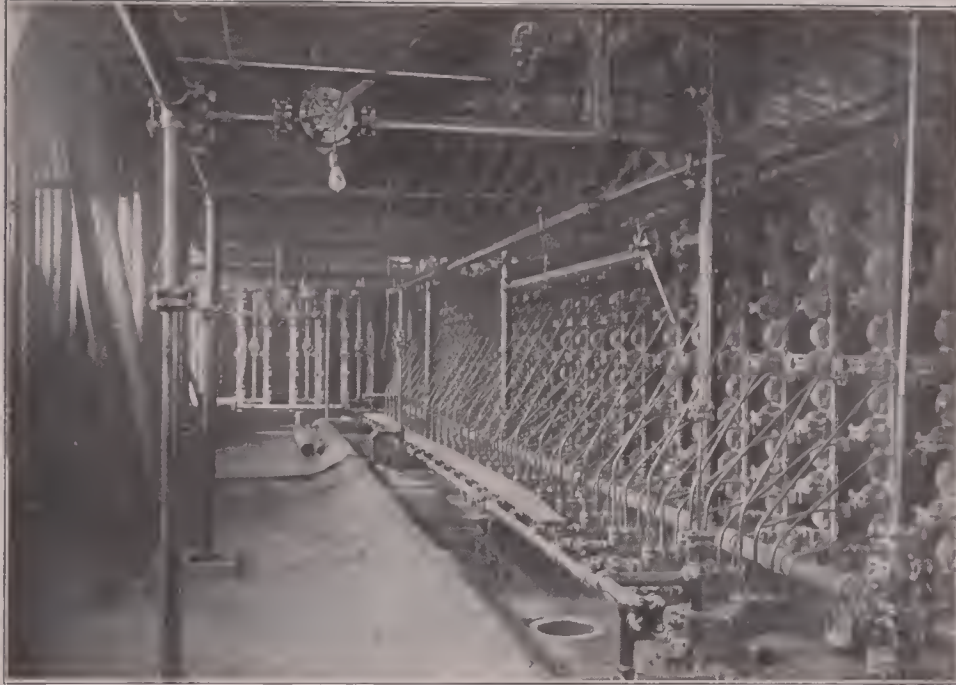
The Queen City Printing Ink Co.  
 Die Queen City Druckschwarze Co.  
 La Compagnie d'Encres d' Imprimerie de "Queen City."  
 La Compañia de Tintas para Imprenta "Queen City."





The Christian Moerlein Brewing Co.'s Plant.  
Die Anlage der Christian Moerlein Brewing Co.  
Usine de Christian Moerlein Brewing Co.  
Planta de Christian Moerlein Brewing Co.





Interior Views of the Moerlein Brewing Co.  
 Innere Ansichten der Moerlein Brauerei.  
 Vues Intérieures de la Brasserie Moerlein.  
 Vistas Interiores de la Cerveceria Moerlein.





Kemper-Thomas Co.'s Plant. Kemper-Thomas Co. Anlage. Usine de la Kemper-Thomas Co. Planta de la Compañia Kemper-Thomas



Residence Frank Enger, Avondale.  
Wohnung von Frank Enger, Avondale.  
Residence de Frank Enger, Avondale.  
Residencia de Frank Enger, Avondale.



Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

Residence Mrs. Thomas J. Emery, East Walnut Hills.  
Wohnung von Frau Thos. J. Emery, Ost Walnut Hills.  
Residence de Mme. Thomas J. Emery, Walnut Hills Est.  
Residencia de la Sra. Tos. J. Emery, Walnut Hills Este.





Hotel Savoy.

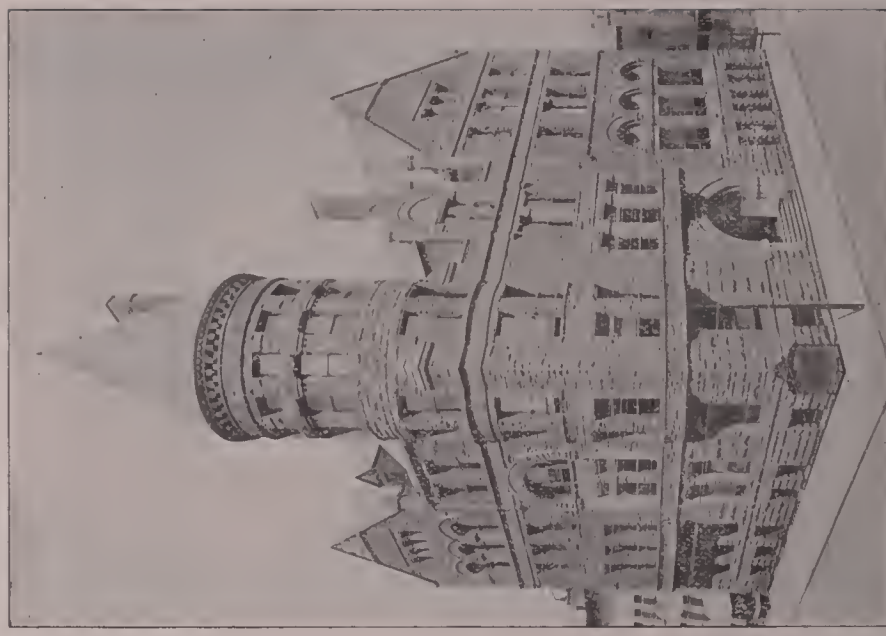
Das Hotel Savoy.

Hôtel Savoy.

Hotel Savoy.



Tyler-Davidson Fountain.  
Tyler-Davidson Springbrunnen.  
Fontaine Tyler-Davidson.  
Fuente de Tyler-Davidson.



Y. M. C. A.—Young Men's Christian Association.  
Das Gebäude des Vereins Christlich-junger Männer.  
Union Chrétienne des Jeunes Gens.  
Asociacion de los Jovenes Cristianos.





Interior Views of Offices of The George Wiedemann Brewing Co.  
 Innere Ansichten der Officen der George Wiedemann Brewing Co.  
 Vues interieures des Bureaus de la George Wiedemann Brewing Co.  
 Vistas interioresy des Despachos de George Wiedemann Brewing Co.



Plant of the George Wiedemann Brewing Co.  
Anlage der George Wiedemann-Brauerei.  
Brasserie de la Cie George Wiedemann.  
Planta de la cervceria de George Wiedemann.





Charles Wiedemann.



Residence Charles Wiedemann.  
Wohnung von Charles Wiedemann.  
Residence de Charles Wiedemann.  
Residencia de Charles Wiedemann.



The Wiedemann Ball Park, Newport, Ky.  
Der Wiedemann Ball Park, Newport, Ky.  
Le champs de Balle Wiedemann, Newport, Kentucky.  
Parque Wiedemann, para el Juwfo sw Pelota, Newport, Ky.



A Scene in Chester Park.  
Eine Scene in Chester Park.  
Vue prise dans Chester Park.  
Escena en el Parque Chester.





Coney Island Promenades.  
 Coney Island Promenaden.  
 Promenades de Coney Island.  
 Paseos de Coney Island.



The Island Queen Landing at Coney Island.  
 Die Island Queen wie sie zu Coney Island landet.  
 Passagers debatquant du bateau Island Queen a Coney Island.  
 El vaporcito Island Queen desembarcando pasajeros a Coney Island.



The Lake, Coney Island.  
 Der See, Coney Island.  
 Le Lac, Coney Island.  
 El Lago de la Isla de Coney.



The Lagoon.  
 Die Lagune.  
 La Lagune.  
 La Laguna.



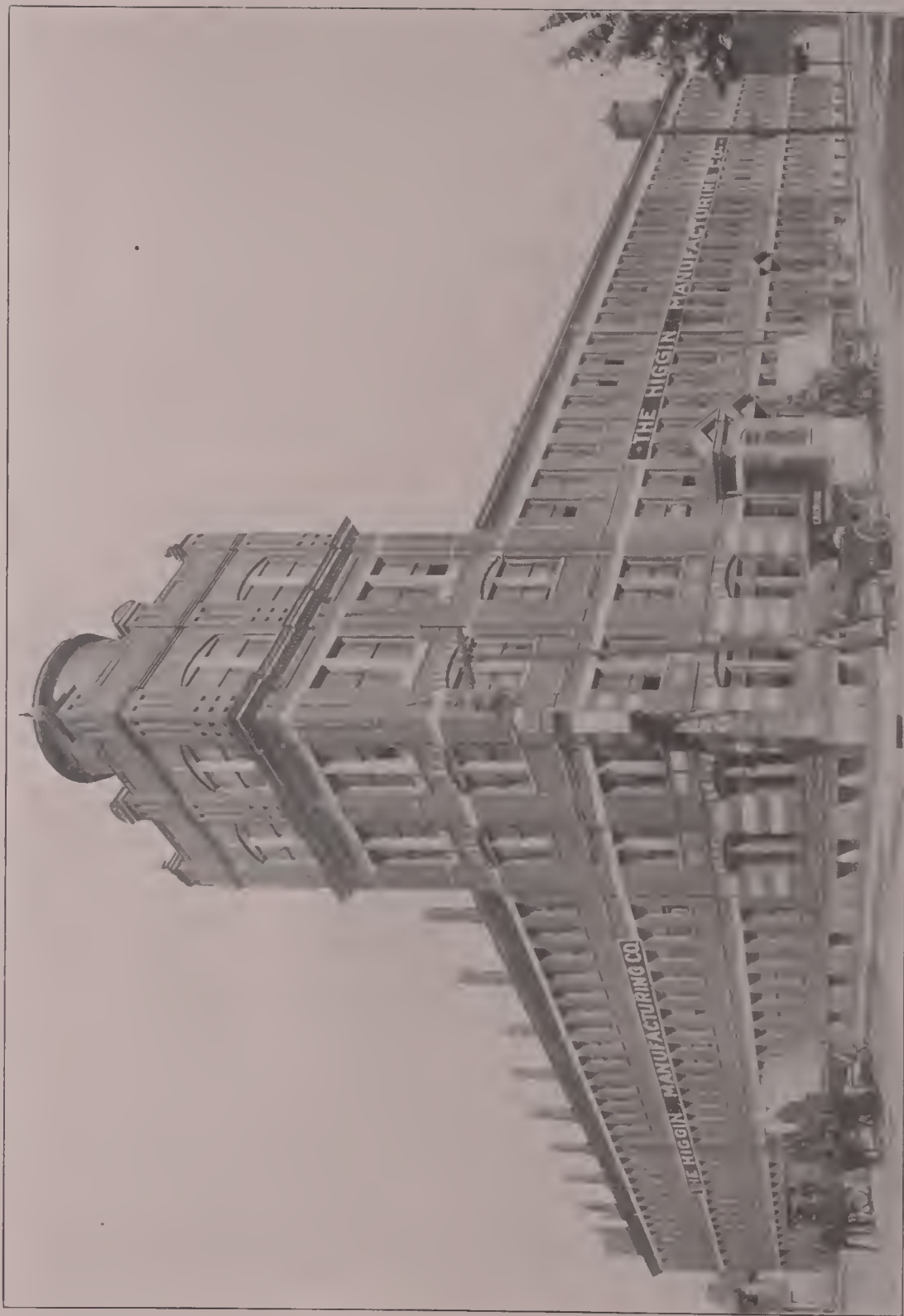


Donaldson Lithographing Co., Newport, Ky.  
Die Donaldson Steindruckerei Co., Newport, Ky.  
Compagnie Lithographique Donaldson, Newport, Ky.  
Compañia Litografica Donaldson, Newport, Ky.



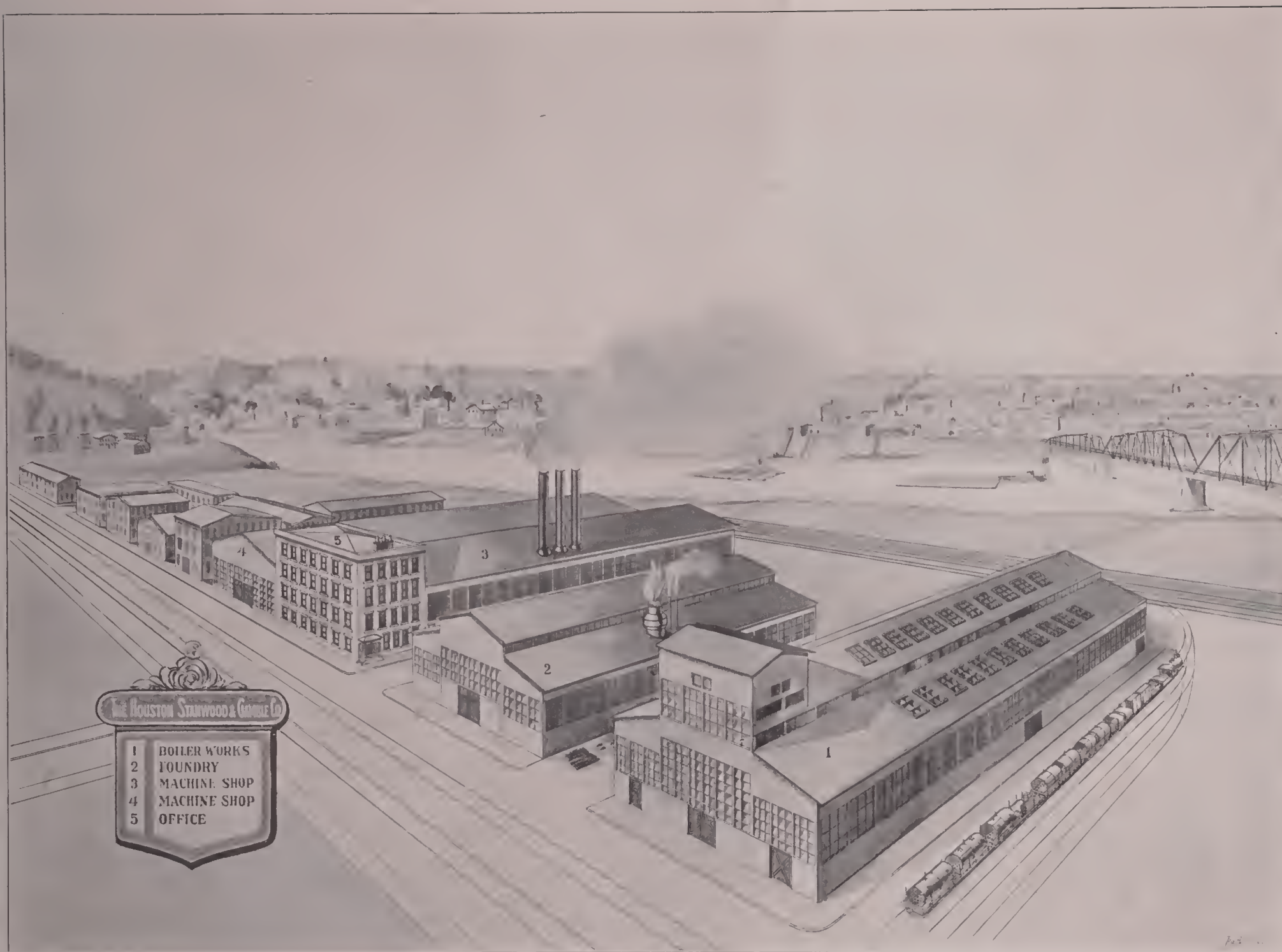
The Altamont Hotel, Kentucky Highlands.  
Das Altamont Hotel, Kentucky Hochland.

L'Hotel Altamont, Collines du Kentucky.  
Hotel Altamont, Colinas de Kentucky.



The Higgin Manufacturing Co., Newport, Ky.  
Die Higgin Fabrik Co., Newport, Ky.  
Compagnie des Manufactures Higgin, Newport, Ky.  
Compania de Manufacturas Higgin, Newport, Ky.





The Houston, Stanwood & Gamble Co., Covington, Ky.  
 Die Houston, Stanwood & Gamble Co., Covington, Ky.  
 La Compagnie Houston, Stanwood et Gamble, Covington, Ky.  
 La Compañia Houston, Stanwood y Gamble, Covington, Ky.



Heavy Duty Engine on Assembling Floor.  
 Eine Maschine für schweren Dienst auf dem Sammelboden.  
 Machine pour travaux lourds dans l'atelier de Montage.  
 Maquina de obra pesada, en el piso de Adjustar.



Mounting Floor of Engine Shop Where Engines Are Assembled.  
 Maschinen-Lageraum, in welchem Maschinen aufgestellt werden.  
 Atelier de Montage dans une fabrique de Machines.  
 Piso de un taller mecanico para montar maquinas, donde las maquinas son ajustadas.

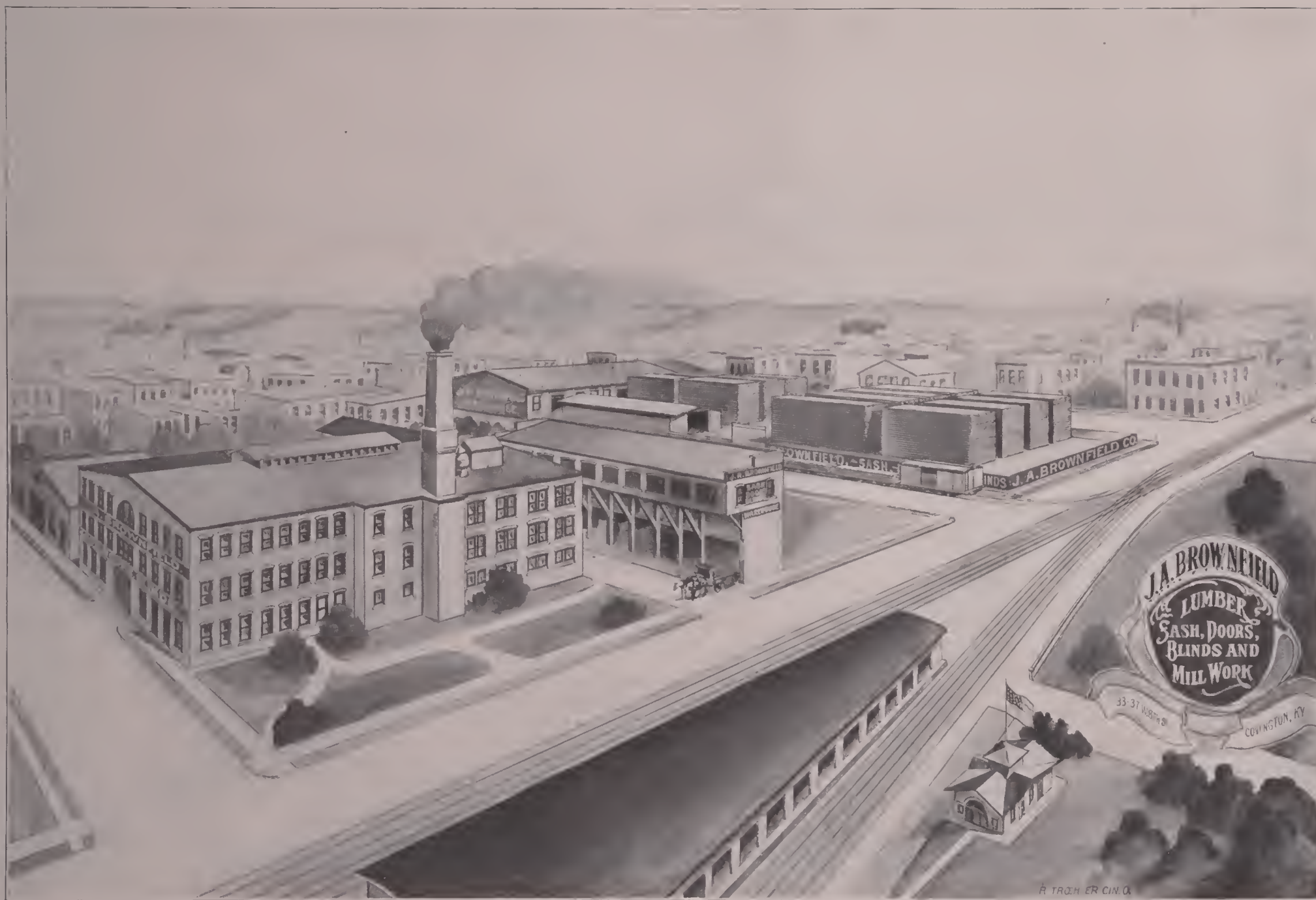


Central Bay of Boiler Shop (there are two other Bays of about the same floor space.)  
 Die Central-Bai der Kessel-Werkstatt. (Es gibt noch zwei andere Bais von ungefähr demselben Flächenraum.)  
 Atelier Central d'une fabrique de chaudières. Il y a deux autres ateliers couvrant environ le même espace.  
 Taller Central de una caldereria. (Hay dos otros talleres casi de la misma capacidad.)



High Grade Boilers in Stock for Quick Shipment.  
 Kessel von prima-Qualität fertig für schnelle Verladung.  
 Chaudière de première qualité en magasin, prête à être expédiée.  
 Caldera de grado superior en Almacen, lista a ser enviada.





The Plant of the J. A. Brownfield, Covington, Headquarters for Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds and Mill Work.

Die Anlage von J. A. Brownfield, Hauptniederlage für Bauholz, Fensterrahmen, Türen, Fensterverschlüsse und Sägewerk.

Usine de J. A. Brownfield, à Covington, quartier général du commerce des Bois, Portes, Fenêtres et Volets, ainsi que des travaux de scierie.

Planta de J. A. Brownfield, fabrica principal, a Covington, de puertas, ventanas, Persianas, y trabajo de molinos.



The Willard Machine and Tool Co., Covington, Ky.

Die Willard Maschinen und Werkzeug Fabrik, Covington, Ky.

La fabrique de Machines et d'Outils de Willard et Cie, Covington, Ky.

The Willard Machine Tool Co., Fabrica de maguinas y de herramientas mecanicas, Covington, Ky.

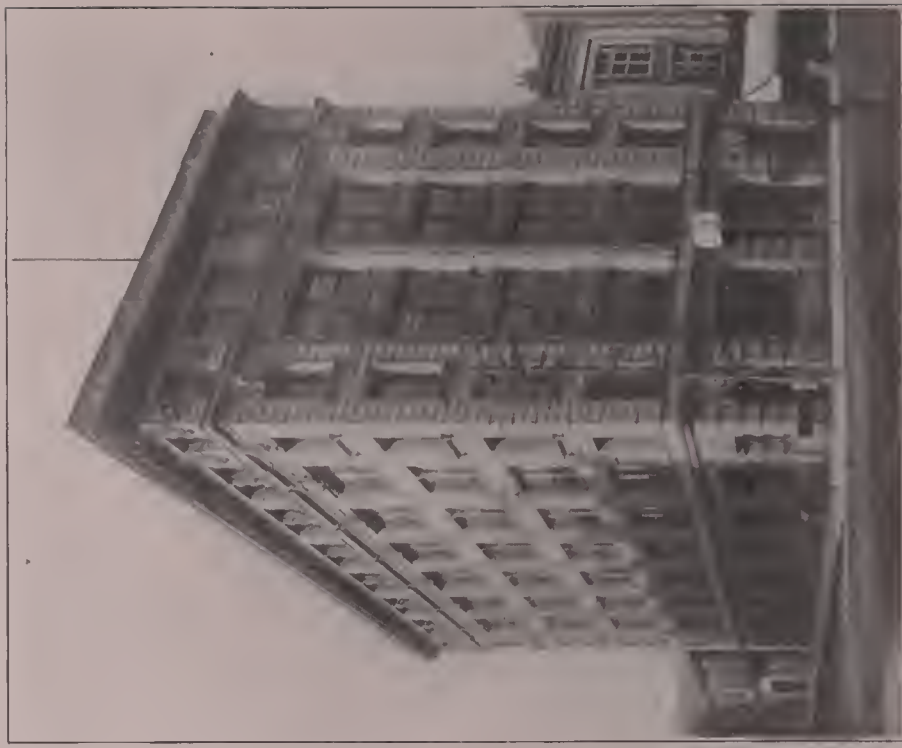


German National Bank, Covington, Ky.

Die Deutsche National-Bank, Covington, Ky.

Banque Nationale allemande, Covington, Ky.

Banco Nacional Aleman, Covington, Ky.



The Farmers and Traders Bank, Covington, Ky.

Die Farmers und Traders Bank, Covington, Ky.

Farmers et Traders Banque, Covington, Ky.

Banco de los Industriales y Agricultores, Covington, Ky.

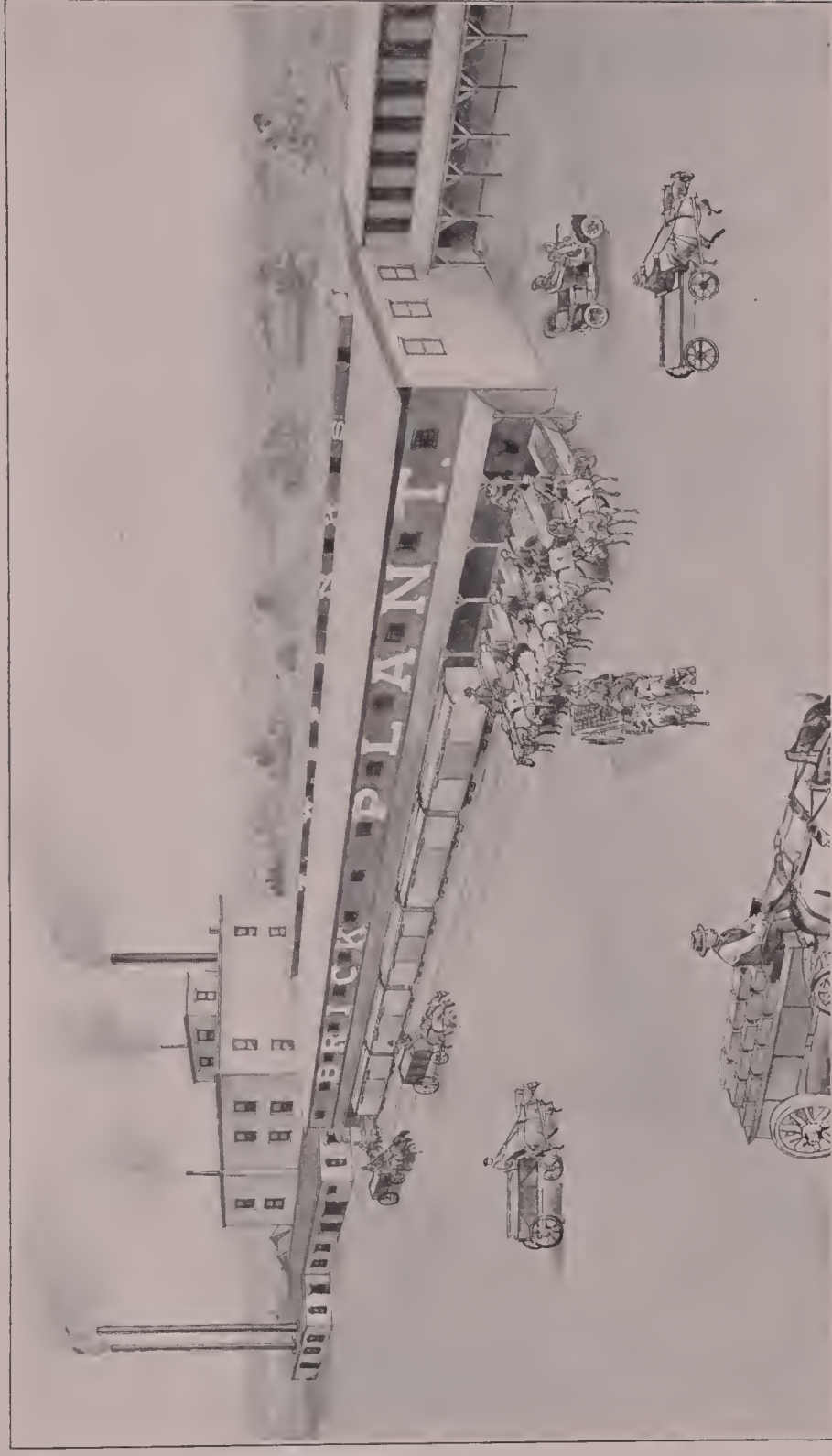




Madison Avenue, Looking North, Covington, Ky.  
 Madison Avenue nach Norden, Covington, Ky.  
 Madison Avenue vue du Sud, Covington, Ky.  
 Avenida Madison, vista del Sur, Covington, Ky.



Wallace Place, Covington, Ky.  
 Wallace Platz, Covington, Ky.  
 Place Wallace, Covington, Ky.  
 Plaza Wallace, Covington, Ky.



T. W. Spinks' Brick Plant, Covington, Ky.

T. W. Spinks'sche Ziegelei, Covington, Ky.

La Briquetterie de T. W. Spinks, Covington, Ky.

Fabrica de Ladrillo de T. W. Spinks, Covington, Ky.

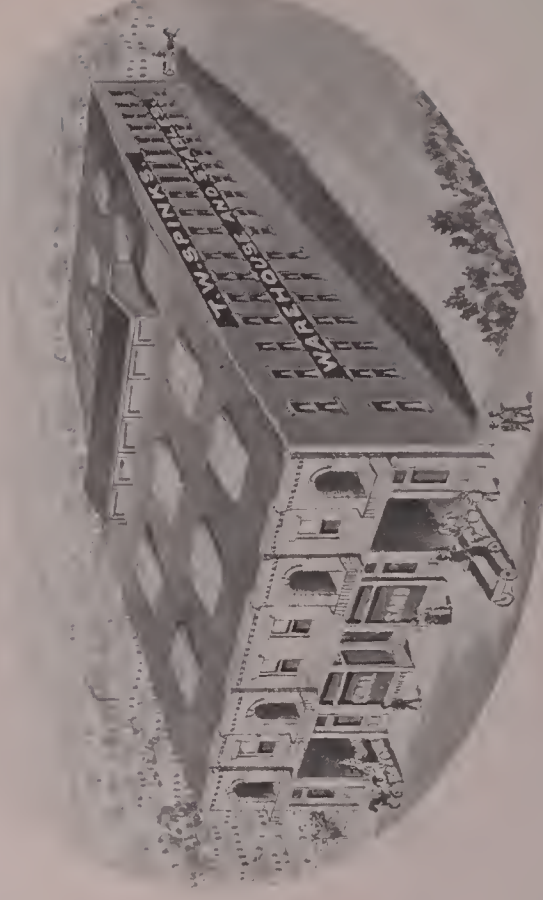


T. W. Spinks, Coal, Lime and Cement, Covington, Ky.

T. W. Spinks, Kohlen, Kalk und Cement, Covington, Ky.

T. W. Spinks, Charbons, Chaux et Ciments, Covington, Ky.

Compañia de Carbon, Cal y Cemento T. W. Spinks,  
Covington, Ky.



Warehouse of T. W. Spinks, Covington, Ky.

Waarenlager von T. W. Spinks, Covington, Ky.

Entrepôt de T. W. Spinks, Covington, Ky.

Almacenes de T. W. Spinks, Covington, Ky.





Fred Miller Planing Mills and Lumber Yard, Newport, Ky.  
Die Fried. Miller'sche Hobel-Fabrik und Bauholzlager, Newport, Ky.

Scierie et Entrepôt de Bois de Fred Miller, Newport, Ky.  
Talleres de Acerrar y Deposito de Maderas de Fred Miller, Newport, Ky.



Residence John B. Scheibly, Newport, Ky.  
Wohnung von John B. Scheibly, Newport, Ky.  
Residence de John B. Scheibly, Newport, Ky.  
Residencia de John B. Scheibly, Newport, Ky.



W. J. Baker Mfg. Co., Newport, Ky.  
W. J. Baker Fabrik Co., Newport, Ky.  
La Compagnie des Manufactures W. J. Baker, Newport, Ky.  
Compañia-Manufactura W. J. Baker, Newport, Ky.

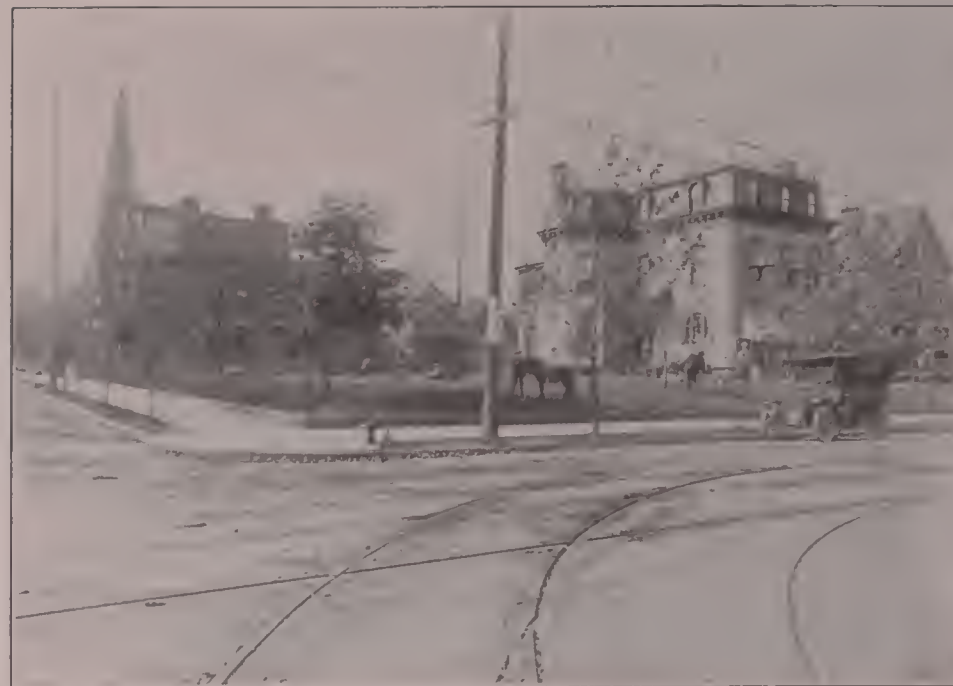


Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

Newport National Bank.  
Die Newport National-Bank.  
Banque Nationale de Newport.  
Banco Nacional de Newport.



St. Mary's Cathedral, Covington, Ky.  
 St. Maria Kathedrale, Covington, Ky.  
 Cathédrale de Sainte-Marie, Covington, Ky.  
 Catedral de Santa Maria, Covington, Ky.



Residence C. B. Edwards, Covington, Ky.  
 Wohnung von C. B. Edwards, Covington, Ky.  
 Residence de C. B. Edwards, Covington, Ky.  
 Residencia de C. B. Edwards, Covington, Ky.



Residence of J. A. Brownfield, Ft. Mitchell, Ky.  
 Wohnung von J. A. Brownfield, Ft. Mitchell, Ky.  
 Residence de J. A. Brownfield, Ft. Mitchell, Ky.  
 Residencia de J. A. Brownfield, Fortaleza Mitchell, Ky.



The Phoenix Manufacturing Co., Covington, Ky.  
 Phoenix Fabrik Co., Covington, Ky.  
 La Cie des Manufactures "Phoenix," Covington, Ky.  
 Compañia-Manufactura Phoenix, Covington, Ky.





Norwood National Bank.  
Norwood National Bank.

Banque Nationale, Norwood, O.  
Banco Nacional de Norwood.



Residence C. H. Davis.  
Wohnung von C. H. Davis.

Residence de C. H. Davis.  
Residencia de C. H. Davis.



The Dexter Lumber Co.  
Die Dexter Bauholz Gesellschaft.

Dexter et Cie, Bois en Gros.  
Compañia de Maderas Dexter.



Maplewood Flats.  
Die Maplewood Wohnungen.

Appartements "Maplewood."  
Habitaciones "Maplewood."



Hamilton County Court House.  
Der Hamilton County Gerichtshof.  
Palais de Justice du Comté de Hamilton.  
Tribunal del Condado de Hamilton.

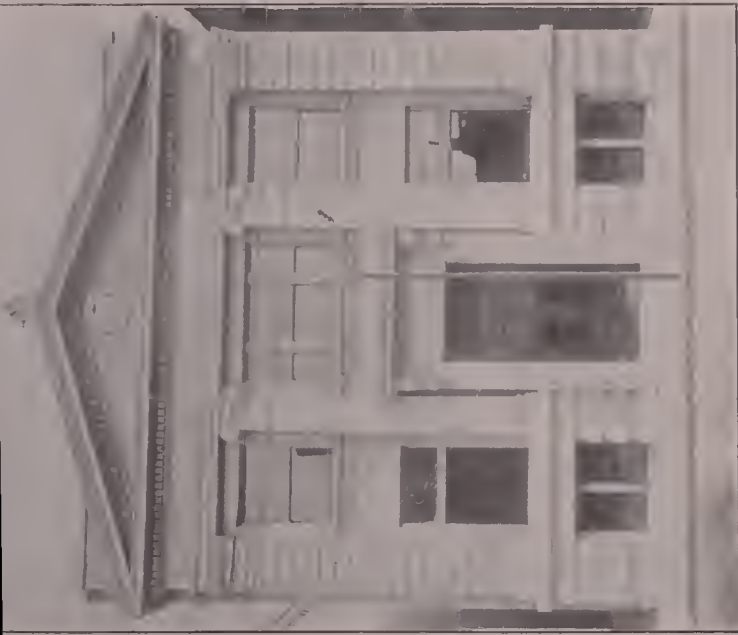


The Altenheim, Burnet Avenue, Avondale.  
Das Altenheim, Burnet Av., Avondale.  
The Altenheim, Asile pour les Vieillards, Burnet Avenue.  
The Altenheim, casa para ancianos, avenida Burnet, Avondale.



Norwood Factory, **The Globe-Wernicke Co.** Cincinnati,  
Manufacturers of Sectional Filing Cabinets in Wood and Steel and Sectional Book-Cases.





Samuel Hannaford & Sons, Architects.

**Cincinnati Law School.**  
**Die Cincinnati Gesetz-Schule.**  
**Ecole de Droit de Cincinnati.**  
**Escuela de derecho de Cincinnati.**



**First National Bank, Norwood, O.**  
**Die Erste National Bank, Norwood, O.**  
**La lère Banque Nationale, Norwood, O.**  
**Primer Banco Nacional de Norwood, O.**



**Main Avenue, Norwood, O.**  
**Avenue Principale, Norwood.**  
**Avenida Main, Norwood.**

## OUR THANKS



WE desire to extend our thanks to Mr. G. M. Watson for his excellent service in the photographic line, as it is largely due to his handiwork that a majority of the halftones portrayed in this volume are possible; also to Mr. G. S. Smith, through whom the halftones were made, and by whom the design for our cover, and to Mr. R. Troehler, credit is due for most of the birdseye views; to Roessler Brothers, the well-known printers, for the typographical beauty of the work.

PUBLISHERS.



## WHY HAS CINCINNATI THE REPUTATION FOR THE BEST BRANDS OF SUGAR-CURED MEATS IN THE UNITED STATES?

AS president of the Cincinnati Pork Packers and Provision Dealers Association and president of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, the privilege of coming closer in touch with the manufacturer to this office gave the opportunity of studying trade relations.

Our pork packers are mostly from the old school, and they are perhaps slow and conservative, and naturally take greater pains to satisfy the many demands throughout the country because of the reputation still held by Cincinnati for hams and bacon.

The education of making a good article is legitimately a source of civic pride. The finest sugars are brought to this market for the curing process, and the salt, after being dissolved, is put through filtering plants, making it absolutely devoid of foreign matter, and it is then blended with these fancy sugars.

The old method is still in vogue in Cincinnati of curing in open casks, changing the meats freely during the process of curing, which ranges from two to four months, according to the averages.

These meats are all exposed from time to time during these changes to a sweet and wholesome atmosphere of sanitary cellars which are daily under the charge of United States Government officials. To the contrary of this, vast quantities of pork products, such as hams, bacon, etc., are cured in tight tierces, and then stored away after fully cured in re-

frigerators to await the advances in prices when the demand justifies it. Naturally these meats get considerably beyond the age when they should have been smoked, and in consequence are not as palatable, and the pleasure of eating this food product is not as great as it should have been.

The smoking of sugar cured hams and bacon is under the old method in Cincinnati. The meats are allowed to be smoked from the bone out which means about sixty hours over a good fire of hickory wood, and the losses of the percentage of shrinkage is taken care of by the packer instead of the consumer.

It is a peculiar fact, but nevertheless it is statistics, that small sections of a particular country will have something a little better than the ordinary, as for instance grapes are raised for a particular brand of wine that can not be duplicated in any other kind of ground and special tobacco can only be raised in a certain small section of land, and so on with many kinds of food products, and the Ohio Valley is adapted for making a good sugar cured ham and bacon because many of us believe it to be the Ohio River water which is unusually soft and different from other rivers at a section of territory that includes Cincinnati. This might be accounted for in the different little streams that make the water such; but our Ohio River is indeed one that is important in the making of a wholesome, palatable, good ham and bacon. CHAS. E. ROTH.



## “THE CINCINNATI HAM”

### ORIGIN AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE GREAT MEAT PACKING INDUSTRY

IN settlement of the Ohio Valley, agriculture was its principal industry. The fertile lands of hill and bottom produced abundance of cereals and grass, and soon its pastures were covered with the finest horses, cattle and swine in the world. Naturally, a market must be found and a commercial center established. What still more natural that a city should spring up on the banks of the beautiful Ohio, to which the farmer and stock raiser could send his product. Cincinnati became this commercial emporium. It built granaries and warehouses to store the products of the soil; then it built river craft of every description upon which it could load and distribute this product to the markets of the world. So great did this commerce become (adding thereto manufacturing industries) that Cincinnati received the proud title of Queen City of the West. This commercial center grew and built large packing houses, and the slaughtering and salting of meat became an enormous industry, and gave to Cincinnati still another and greater title, the Porkopolis of the World. Capital sought improved methods whereby better preserved meats could be put upon the market. Only during the winter months could the curing process be carried on, and a mild winter would not assure good results; hence packing houses and cellar were more substantially and carefully built so as to hold the cold from one cold spell to another. Less salt could be used, and a milder cure could be made. This led to sugar curing. Packers found that sugar was a preserving agency, although in a less degree than salt; they found that by combining the two they could eliminate the harshness of salt and make a milder and more palatable meat. This method was then more generally adopted. Winter was the only time meat could be cured. Sugar cured meat being more liable by exposure to deteriorate, had to be smoked out and canvased before warm weather, and then hung up for the season's trade. This supply had to last until the next winter's cure could be put upon the market. The natural result was, that as the season advanced, the hams became drier and harder and lost greatly in weight. The outside became mouldy, but the inside remained sound; aging changed the flavor but left it palatable, and many relished it on that account, although it became more a relish than an easily digestible food.

This was the famous Cincinnati ham, and its reputation spread all over the country and across the seas.

The discovery and introduction in the seventies of refrigerator machinery revolutionized the curing of meats. Thoroughly insulated cellars and rooms were now built; the temperature was reduced to as low a degree as was desired, and “winter” for curing and preserving was obtained all the year round. The same method of curing with sweet pickle being continued, and having more perfect conditions, was improved upon. There was no danger of warm weather spoiling or souring sweet pickle and affecting the result deleteriously. The packer knew that when he put the hams in the cellars sweet, they would go through the cellars and the smoke house sweet.

And right here I want to call your attention to a very important fact. Under the uncertain conditions of winter packing, variable temperatures and mild spells of weather, there was bred that great pest of the packer—the skipper. Salt cured meat not perfectly sound attracted the skipper fly, and enormous quantities of meat were rendered worthless by the ravages of this insect. Now the skipper has almost entirely disappeared. This shows what wonderful progress has been made in producing wholesome meat.

The writer has been in the packing business since 1869, and is familiar with it from the time of its old supremacy until the present. He has gone through the old winter curing; has had a great deal of experience in curing under ice in deep cellars. The house of which he was manager had the first refrigerator machine used in Cincinnati. He soon found that to produce good and wholesome results, perfect conditions must be obtained, and that only the best and purest ingredients must be used in curing. It was a life study, and certainly no mean ambition to produce a wholesome and palatable food for mankind. Such efforts have kept Cincinnati in the forefront, and our hams and breakfast bacon are the best in the world. As an illustration showing how the change of demand from the old winter cured hams to the new and improved cure was effected, I will give the experience of our house during this transition period. As already stated, we were the first in Cincinnati to use refrigeration to produce cold storage, and to introduce the new all-the-year-round cured meats on the market. Naturally, the demand for winter cured hams continued, and we filled orders for both the new and the old. As time went on the orders for the new increased, and those for the old diminished, until the demand for the old dry hams ceased entirely, and customers stipulated that only fresh cured hams should be sent them. There are still some left who find a certain relish in the dry ham; for it is a fact that a perfectly cured ham acquires by age a certain flavor which is quite palatable, but becomes only a relish, and the human stomach can digest very small quantities at a time. Whereas a high grade fresh cured ham is a food and easily digestible.

Why then, a consumer asks, do I get hams that are salty and of poor flavor? This is a big world, and the packing industry is carried on by thousands of people, and in almost as many different ways. There are at this time of the year about 150,000,000 pounds of hams in brine held in the West. The great bulk is stored away for a demand that may come sooner or later. This is what is termed the commercial ham. To keep it from spoiling, the pickle is made strong enough not to sour readily. These hams are sold considerably under the price of high grade hams. Dealers buy them, and their cheapness make a demand, but it also spreads the impression that there are no fine hams made any more. The trade knows better and dealers who must have the best, cheerfully pay the difference.

Orders come from all over the country from dealers who supply a fancy trade, and even from packers of other cities whose customers demand our cure with our trade mark burned in the skin to show that they are getting this cure, and nothing else; they come from the South, East and West, and the North, and from wherever a fine ham or breakfast bacon is wanted.

Let me summarize: We are in the heart of the greatest stock raising country in the world. Our hogs are corn fed, and corn is a food which produces the firmest, tenderest and sweetest meat. The great bulk of these hogs are driven in young, because young hogs are in the best demand and bring the highest price. The records of inspection of both Europe and America show that American hogs are the healthiest in the world by a very large percentage. Federal inspection has come to the aid of the packers. In the old time any hog that looked healthy was accepted and made into cuts of meat, and rendered into lard. Now every hog is carefully and separately inspected, and if there is any sign of disease, it is mercilessly condemned. Some of the finest looking hogs are condemned as unfit for human food and consigned to the offal tank.

Sanitary conditions are enforced in every department. Cleanliness insures wholesomeness.

HENRY HUSCHARD MEYER.

# INDUSTRIAL CINCINNATI.

Under this heading we aim to give a brief but authentic description of the various industries illustrated within this volume.

## THE ALLEN ANTI-RUST MFG. CO.

**T**HIS concern located at 439 Race street, this city, manufactures, as the name implies, an "anti-rust paint," particularly adapted for roofs and exposed metal work.

A large majority of the city's institutions and large buildings, are monuments of the superiority of their products. The members of the company are well known citizens and have the confidence of the purchasing public.

## THE ALTAMONT AND ALTAMONT ANNEX.

**A** FIRST-CLASS hotel in all its appointments, situated in the Highlands, opposite the Ft. Thomas Post, on a point overlooking the Ohio River and Miami Valley. Beautiful river views and drives, surrounded by the most picturesque scenery imaginable. Operated on the American and European plan.

In connection with this hotel, an equally high class ladies' and gentlemen's cafe is maintained. A modern garage, fine tennis courts and croquet grounds are also among the features.

Especial attention given to afternoon teas for ladies and their escorts, as well as auto and coaching parties.

For all further information, address The Altamont Hotel Co., R. N. Talbot, manager, Highlands, Campbell County, Ky. Take Ft. Thomas car at Fifth and Walnut streets, Cincinnati, O.

## FRANKLIN ALTER.

**T**HERE is probably no more widely known business man in Cincinnati, and in fact in Hamilton County, than Franklin Alter. Mr. Alter was born in Carlisle, Penn., coming to Cincinnati in 1851 and engaging in the hardware business with the firm of R. W. Booth & Co., shortly thereafter becoming one of the firm. In 1863 he retired from the hardware business and entered the wholesale boot and shoe trade under the firm name of Prichard, Alter & Co., remaining in this line until 1880. Later becoming identified with the American Tool Company, of which concern he is now president.

Mr. Alter has always been active and prominently identified in the affairs of the city and county, serving on various boards, among which was two terms as Sinking Fund Trustee and President of the Board of Control. For many years he has been known as the "Watch Dog of the Treasury," and to his sagacity and foresight can be attributed the saving to the city as well as the county, of many millions of dollars. He is connected with a number of financial enterprises, among which are the Union Savings Bank and Trust Co., is director of the First National Bank, a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and always found prominently identified with all movements whose aim and object is the public welfare. He was a close personal friend of former President Cleveland with whom he was in almost weekly correspondence during his occupancy of the presidential chair, President Cleveland being guided by Mr. Alter's judgment in all his local appointments.

Personally, Mr. Alter is a pleasing gentleman to meet, and a characteristic type of those men who "do things" and who have made Cincinnati what it is today, "The Queen City of the West."



### THE AMERICAN AUDIT COMPANY.

THIS company occupies Suite 405-6 Traction Building, its offices being handsomely fitted and commodiously arranged, as will be seen from the foregoing illustration. It was incorporated in 1901 under the laws of Ohio, and is engaged in the general practice of accountancy. Its officers and staff of accountants are men of high character, ability and integrity, and their efforts have caused the company to be recognized as the leading one in its line in the Middle West.

### THE AMERICAN OAK LEATHER CO.

ONE of the institutions of which Cincinnati is justly proud, is that of the American Oak Leather Company.

Their plant, which is illustrated in this volume, occupies two full blocks, each 245 x 480 feet.

This company was established in 1880, and has since its commencement tripled in capacity. Its present capacity being 800 to 900 hides per day, for sole leather and belting. Five to six hundred hides of patent and enameled leather for carriages, automobiles and furniture.

This company has branch houses in Boston, Chicago and St. Louis, and tanneries producing sole and belting leather in New Decatur, Ala. The present officers of the company are: Jas. E. Mooney, president and organizer of the company; J. D. Neilson, first vice-president; H. H. Peckett, second vice-president; C. T. Harrison, third vice-president; Jas. F. Taylor, treasurer; Frank Monk, superintendent of production.

### THE J. W. BAKER COMPANY.

THE company is located at the corner of Forest and Saratoga streets, Newport, Ky., in a large three-story brick plant, equipped with the latest improved machinery, appliances and facilities for completing every detail of the work in perfect manner.

### THE BALDWIN PIANO COMPANY.

THE BALDWIN COMPANY, manufacturers of Pianos, Player Pianos and Organs, is representative of the industrial spirit of Cincinnati. Its group of piano factories in Cincinnati, shown on another page, is of great architectural beauty, situated in a most picturesque location, opposite Eden Park entrance.

The group includes the factory of the Baldwin Piano Company, manufacturing the artistic Baldwin Piano, grands and uprights. Also the Ellington Piano factory and the Baldwin Company's supply factories, producing piano cases and backs, piano actions, strings, hammers, piano player and player actions.

The different instruments made by the various subsidiary piano and organ manufacturing companies owned and operated by the Baldwin Company, have a world-wide reputation for their supreme excellence. In 1900 the Baldwin Piano was exhibited at the International Exposition at Paris, and received the Grand Prix, an honor coveted by all the manufacturers of the world, but which has never before or since been bestowed upon any other American piano.

In 1904 the Baldwin Piano was exhibited at the World's Fair, held at St. Louis, and was again awarded the Grand Prize. At the same time, the Baldwin Company's general factory exhibit was awarded another grand prize, demonstrating the superiority of the Baldwin methods, processes and materials in piano and organ manufacture. Cincinnati is justly proud of this progressive concern.

### J. A. BROWNFIELD.

THE plant of J. A. Brownfield was established in Covington, Ky., in 1885, moving to their present location five years later.

The plant which is illustrated elsewhere, covers a ground space of 45,000 square feet.

They manufacture sash, doors, blinds, and hardwood finishing, from architectural designs and specifications.

## THE H. L. BROWN FENCE AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

THE above company, on July 1, 1909, took over the manufacturing and wholesale business of the Nimmo Fence and Wire Works Co., an old established concern. They are located in Norwood (Cincinnati) and their plant is one of the model factories of its kind. They are the largest exclusive manufacturers of ornamental woven wire fencing and gates in the Middle West, and in addition have separate departments devoted to the manufacture of settees, tree guards, trellises and general wire work. Their products are sold and shipped to every part of the United States, from coast to coast. The main factory of 20,000 square feet of floor space is convenient to its warehouses in the rear of the main building, and also for shipping facilities. They have distributing points in almost every section of the country.

## THE CINCINNATI CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

THE Cincinnati Conservatory of Music, founded by Miss Clara Baur, who is the present directress, is now in its forty-second year of successful existence. The conservatory occupies one of the historic houses of Cincinnati, the former residence of John Shillito, and has retained for the main body of the school building, all the equipments and surroundings of the home of a merchant prince. Extensive dormitories, class rooms, dining halls and domestic offices were built when Miss Baur purchased the property.

The recital hall, where concerts by the faculty and students are constantly given, is a model of refined taste and perfect acoustics, with a seating capacity of 700; the hall is habitually crowded by those who attend the concerts of the conservatory.

A complete musical education in every branch is offered to pupils, the curriculum is based on the principles of the most advanced European music schools. The song languages and courses in musical literature, are an attractive feature.

The Conservatory orchestra, under the famous violinist, director and composer, Signor Pier Adolfo Tirindelli, affords individual students an opportunity for the study of ensemble work.

A faculty of celebrated musicians directs the studies of nearly one thousand pupils, who come from all parts of the country and from the antipodes.

Miss Clara Baur exerts over all her students the influence of a refined and gifted personality. The atmosphere of a refined and cultured environment is the keynote of the institution, which, situated in the exclusive residence district of Cincinnati, surrounded by broad, green laws, venerable trees and flowering plants, still maintains all the features of an old family mansion.

## THE CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK.

THE most certain criterion of the prosperity of a city, and one of the most substantial factors of its continued growth, is the solidity of its banking institutions; in this respect Cincinnati stands in the front rank. Among the institutions of this character is the Citizens National, located in its own new building, at the corner of Fourth and Main streets. This bank was established in 1880, and at present time has a capital of \$2,000,000 and surplus and undivided profits of \$2,082,072, and has paid dividends semi-annually, May and November of each year, ranging from 6 per cent to 12 per cent per annum, paying to stockholders during that period \$2,770,000. It has ever been one of the regular depositories of the U. S., and at times the depository of the State, the County of Hamilton and City of Cincinnati. The directorate is composed of some of the most substantial financial, mercantile and industrial interests of the city, and give to the bank the benefit of their wide experience and business knowledge. Mr. B. S. Cunningham has been president since its organization and his sagacity, business prudence and wide experience has largely contributed to the growth and success of the institution. Mr. C. P. Griffith has been its vice-president since its organization.



## THE CINCINNATI SASH AND DOOR COMPANY.

ONE of the more modern industries of this city is The Cincinnati Sash and Door Co., located at 942 to 948 W. Sixth street. They were established in 1904 in their commodious and extensive building, covering a floor space of 125,000 feet. An "up-to-the-minute" factory in every department.

The firm, composed of A. B. Peters and W. G. Layer, are both practical business men; having had years of experience they are well qualified to give to the trade a superior quality of products in their line.

They manufacture builders' supplies of sash, doors, blinds, mouldings, glazed windows, frames, columns, newels, brackets and lumber dealers' specialties of all description. Their trade extends through the Middle West, South and East. They are not only the largest but the only exclusive dealers in this particular line. Their business has, from its inception, rapidly increased, and is one of Cincinnati's substantial industries.

## THE COLLEGE OF MUSIC OF CINCINNATI.

FEW institutions in the country can show a cleaner record of practical efficiency than the College of Music of Cincinnati. It is now in its thirty-second year of existence and its students, many of whom occupy enviable positions in the musical world, attest to the college's efficiency.

Its professors have been secured from all parts of the world, among

whom are Germans, Italians, British and Americans. Without the thought of mere nationalism, the sole question being as to artistic capacity in their particular lines. It has been demonstrated that the college is ready and armed at all points to make good the claim that America, in the field of musical instruction, does not need to take a secondary position for any European rival and Cincinnati is looked upon as one of the leading musical centers. Its dormitory is illustrated elsewhere in this volume.

## CONEY ISLAND

THE Central West can also claim a Coney Island summer resort, and can also boast of greater scenic features than the famous resort of the East. Cincinnati's Coney Island is situated ten miles above the city on the beautiful Ohio, in a lovely level spot between the hills of Kentucky and Ohio, delightfully shaded by trees and no signs to "Keep off the grass."

This popular resort is in its twenty-second year, quite old enough to vote, and has always endeavored to promote the features of a family picnic ground, attention being paid especially to the comfort and safety of its patrons. It also has its own boats for transportation. The steamers Island Queen and Princess, the largest and best appointed boats on any inland river, make hourly trips to and from the Island, landing at the foot of Broadway.

Cincinnati's citizens congratulate themselves upon having such a summer resort for the people.

## THE DONALDSON LITHOGRAPH CO.

THE Donaldson Lithograph Co. was established in Cincinnati in 1863, commencing business in a small way with only two presses, one run by Mr. Donaldson and the other by Henry Elms.

The product at that time was known as the cromo process, now obsolete, and general photography. About 1889 the company went into the general show printing business, making four color postors, and today they are the largest plant of their kind south of the Ohio river, employing an average of 194 people. In fact there is only one larger in the English speaking world, devoted entirely to the show printing business.

Their present plant, which is located in Newport, Ky., is a modern brick structure of three and four stories, covering a frontage of one hundred and fifty feet, with 200 feet deep. Mr. William Miller Donaldson is president, and Archibald Donaldson, secretary. The character and national reputation of their work is too well known to need further comment.

## ELECTRIC RAILWAY EQUIPMENT CO.

ELECTRIC RAILWAY EQUIPMENT CO., organized in July, 1892, is the only concern in Cincinnati manufacturing a complete line of overhead line material for city and interurban railways and mines, iron and steel tubular poles, and ornamental poles for street lighting.

The merits of their product are recognized in foreign countries as well as in the United States, as they enjoy a large foreign trade, having shipped to practically all points of the world.

At West Wheeling, O., and Reading, Pa., they have shops located for the manufacture of steel and iron tubular poles for street railway, electric lighting, signal and transmission service.

At their Cincinnati factory a superior line of overhead material is manufactured. This line consists of trolley hangers, clamps, ears, trolley frogs, section insulators, trolley brackets, strain insulators, etc.

On account of increase in business they recently were obliged to secure larger quarters for both factory and general office, being now located at Cormany avenue and Township street.

## THE EAGLE COUNTER AND LEATHER CO.

THE Eagle Counter and Leather Co. has been in business since 1902, and although young in years have made very rapid progress, and are doing a very large business, both in counters and other shoe products, and leather belting.

Wm. Volhard, the manager, has been in the leather business for the past 35 years. and has associated with him an efficient corps of skilled workmen. They manufacture the celebrated brands of "Live Oak," "Acme," and guaranteed water-proof leather belting.

In connection are large manufacturers of counters, box toes, insoles, etc., used in the making of shoes. This branch of their business enables them to work up the offal to the very best advantage, thereby using only the best part (or the cream of the hide), for the manufacture of leather belting. They have one of the most modern and well-equipped plants in the country, and with increased facilities and force of skilled workmen, they are in position to manufacture a grade of belting that is second to none.

## THE EAGLE WHITE LEAD COMPANY.

THE Eagle White Lead Co. is one of the largest industries in Cincinnati. It was established in 1843, and was incorporated in 1867. It is independent of all combinations, and manufactures over 10 per cent of the entire output of white lead of this country. It is the largest independent company in America.

Their plant covers an area of four acres of ground, and they employ about 220 men. They have general stores and offices in Baltimore, Chicago, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Kansas City, New Orleans, Pittsburg, and Minneapolis. In many of the cities they own their own buildings, and in all of them carry a large stock.

In addition to the manufacture of white lead, the company make red lead, litharge and orange mineral, also lead pipes, traps, lead ferules, solder, Babbit metal, wire solder, glazing lead, tape solder-wedge lead and the lead products.

The officers of the company are: John B. Swift, president; J. Gordon Taylor, secretary; Thos. S. Brown, Jr., treasurer; Thos. F. Swift, superintendent; Jos. Hummont, asst. treasurer.



## THE EDWARDS MFG. CO.

THE world is indebted to Cincinnati for many new and novel inventions. It was in the Queen City that the galvanized cornices and sheet metal roofing and building had its birth and first manufacture. The result was an immediate and pronounced success; the business spread all over the United States, but Cincinnati is recognized not only as the author but the center of this industry.

Among the most prominent, and one of the first to take up the manufacture of metal building material, was The Edwards Manufacturing Company, with the result that today they are one of the largest iron and steel building material manufacturers in America. Their products being sold all over the world. They also manufacture, as a specialty, a metal Spanish tile. A building equipped with this tile is illustrated elsewhere in this volume.

This company's plant extends from Fourth to Fifth streets, and from Eggleston avenue to Culbert street, occupying a ground floor space of over 100,000 square feet, and employing an average of 400 men, and is one of the substantial industries to which Cincinnati points with pride.

The officers are both practical and business men and recognizing the great geographical advantages of Cincinnati as a manufacturing center, its superior railway and water transportation, its ability to supply all the necessities and raw material at the minimum of cost, they adopted it as their home and invested their money and became another factor in the evolution that is developing Cincinnati to what it will undoubtedly be in the near future, one of the world's greatest manufacturing and commercial centers.

## GRAND OPERA HOUSE, CORNER OF VINE AND OPERA PLACE

THIS is Cincinnati's greatest palace of amusement—the center of the theatrical activities of the Central West. Here it is that the lovers of education and the devotees of frivolity are equally at home, for the greatest stars of the day, the most noted singers, the most gorgeous scenic productions make this the rostrum from which to familiarize the people with their wonderful accomplishments in the world of art.

John H. Havlin is sole lessee and manager, with T. E. Aylward as business manager.

## THE KEMPER-THOMAS CO.

OF Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S. A., was established 1884, incorporated 1901, manufacturers, importers and exporters of advertising goods, reproducing chiefly by three-color process, original oil and water color paintings, owned and copyrighted by themselves for calendars. Also manufacturers of all kinds of advertising novelties and leather goods.

The company built a new factory seven years ago in one of the manufacturing suburbs of Cincinnati. The building is distinctive in style, and its appearance is one of the most attractive in Cincinnati.

They are large exporters of their class of goods to Australia and New Zealand, England, France and Germany, and their growth has been phenomenal.

## THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK

THE Fourth National Bank of Cincinnati was organized in 1863, with a capital of \$125,000, increased in 1864 to \$300,000, and to \$500,000 in 1871.

The officers are Charles E. Wilson, President; H. P. Cooke, Vice-President and Cashier; Charles Bartlett, Assistant Cashier, and H. W. Benedict, Assistant Cashier.

The directory is L. T. Block, C. A. Bosworth, H. P. Cooke, Tilden R. French, Albert McCullough, Charles E. Wilson, and M. M. White, Chairman.

The Fourth National Bank is a conservatively managed institution, and has been prosperous throughout its career, having paid dividends continuously amounting to about \$1,700,000, besides accumulating a surplus fund of \$700,000, and having undivided profits of over \$100,000.

The location of the bank is at No. 18 East Fourth street, where it occupies the first floor of the handsome office building erected by it in 1906 as illustrated. The banking room is beautifully fitted up with all the conveniences of modern business requirements, including safe and deposit vaults.

## FARMERS' AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK OF COVINGTON, KY.

THIS bank was organized in 1882, and commenced business in June 15th, of that year, and has from commencement, established confidence in the business world, and retained that confidence in a steady growth, up to the present date.

The illustration in another part of this volume, shows one of the most complete and handsomest buildings in the Northern part of Kentucky.

Its officers are as follows: C. B. Edwards, President; E. L. Pieck, Vice-President; B. Bramlage, Cashier; Jas. B. Heissen, Assistant Cashier; Directors, C. B. Edwards, E. L. Pieck, Chas. Hais, W. A. Bradford, Geo. F. Beach, B. H. Thoman, R. C. Stewart, F. H. Hugenberg, Geo. B. Howell, E. T. Gale, B. Bramlage.

## THE FRANK TEA AND SPICE CO.

THIS firm was started by Jacob and Charles Frank in a modest way in 1896; rapid growth soon compelled them to seek larger quarters and in 1907 they moved to their present location, a three and a half story building, facing on Third and running back about 300 feet to Culvert and Fourth streets. Here they have a complete and modern equipment for manufacturing and grinding of spices, extracts, mustard and grocers' and druggists' sundries, and are the only manufacturers in the west of mustard flour from English mustard.

Their lines, Dove Brands, as well as spices and other products, are favorably known to every section of the country from coast to coast. Their spices are imported direct from foreign countries, an idea of the magnitude of their output is seen from the fact that they grind on an average of 100,000 pounds of pepper a month.

Before establishing the Frank plant, Cincinnati was but little known as a spice market, now it is one of the largest spice distributing points in the country.

### GREAVES, KLUSMAN & COMPANY.

THIS company was established in 1889, and have from the start done a continually increasing business, until today, their products rank among the best manufactured. They manufacture metal working machine tools, engines and lathes, turret lathes, etc; also wood working machinery, making a specialty of pattern shop machines. The members of the company are very practical men, their factory is located at Alfred and Cook streets, and is equipped with modern appliances, and covers a floor space of over sixty thousand square feet.

### THE HENDERSON LITHOGRAPHING CO.

AN established business of long standing, from a small beginning in the early '50's to one of the largest of its kind today; complete in every detail and equipped with the most improved machinery, together with its modern plant, covering a floor space of seventy-five (75) thousand square feet, briefly covers the history of this company.

Their new plant, which is illustrated elsewhere, is located in the very heart of Norwood (the City of Beautiful Factories), with railroad facilities at its door, on a tract of land covering approximately two and one-half acres.

The products of the Henderson Lithographing Co. reach the commercial ports of the world, as well as every State in the Union. Almost every conceivable item in which paper is the foundation is either lithographed, printed or manufactured into articles of commercial value. Perfume, cigar, soap, liquor and beer labels; show cards, posters, calendars, fans, post-cards, blotters, cut-outs, novelties, stationery, bonds, fancy papers, etc., represent some of the important items in its list of manufactured products.

The officers of the company are: W. D. Henderson, president; M. L. Henderson, second vice-president and superintendent; Con. Zech, secretary and treasurer.

This company was established in 1856; incorporated in Norwood (Cincinnati, Ohio).

### THE E. A. KINSEY COMPANY.

THIS company was organized by E. A. Kinsey in 1889, and was incorporated under the present firm name in 1896. They do a general business in the sale of machine tools, railway supplies, mills, mines and contracting supplies; their business covering a radius of 500 miles around Cincinnati.

The officers are: Louis M. Gatch, president; A. P. Gahr, vice-president and general manager; W. H. Gahr, secretary, and C. B. McVeigh, treasurer. Their building, illustrated elsewhere in this book, covers a floor space of six thousand square feet.

### THE I. & E. GREENWALD CO.

ONE of the oldest concerns of the city, was established over sixty years ago, and has been in continuous operation since. A standard for workmanship and the merit of its productions. Their products can be found in all parts of the civilized world; their engines supplying power and their machinery of various lines producing various products in innumerable cities.

They manufacture steam engines, mill gearing, lead machinery, powder mills, coal washers, and power transmission machinery of all kinds. (Their engines are operating most of the machine-shops of this city, and a majority of the power plants are operated by some of the products of this firm.) Their powder machinery may be found in numerous plants of this country and Canada, including the U. S. Government plant. They have the largest line of gearing patterns in the world.

Parties, anywhere, contemplating purchasing anything for a power, powder mill, lead works, coal washers or gearing of any kind, should not fail to communicate with this firm. They will take pleasure in supplying detailed information and will guarantee perfect satisfaction.

Their plant, covering a large tract of ground, is located at 720 East Pearl street, directly opposite the Pennsylvania railway station.



## THE HOUSTON, STANWOOD & GAMBLE COMPANY.

STEAM boilers and engines are the product of The Houston, Stanwood & Gamble Company. A great reduction in manufacturing costs and important improvements in design and quality become possible in many kinds of machinery through specializing on a single type, provided there is a large demand which can be supplied from one point. The Houston, Stanwood & Gamble Company are specialists and build slide valve engines of throttling and shaft governor styles, and fire tube boilers, as their exclusive product. In the case of throttling engines of the medium and larger sizes they have a larger output than any other firm in the United States, having a maximum annual capacity of fifty to sixty thousand horse-power of engines, in sizes averaging seventy horse-power.

As stated above, a relatively large market is a prerequisite for specializing, and the advantages of Cincinnati as a shipping point with low transportation cost to a large territory contribute much to the success of specializing. The Houston, Stanwood & Gamble Company has an extensive sales organization from New England to Mexico, and from British Columbia to Cuba, and ships its product into all portions of this very great territory.

The works and main office are in Covington, near the southern end of the Chesapeake and Ohio R. R. bridge, at which location the company has about seven acres of land, and well equipped machine shops, foundry, boiler shop, etc. The employees number three and four hundred men when running at full capacity, and a large proportion are of the skilled labor class. Many employees own their own homes and because of thrifty habits have accumulated property.

The business of the company has rapidly increased as its policy has been unremittingly aggressive. The new boiler shop, built some years ago, has resulted in largely increased sales, both in distant and local territory. The quality of the H. S. G. goods have tended to raise the standard in their line as well as to gain trade for their maker.

## THE F. H. LAWSON CO.

SELDOM in this, or any country, do we find a business handed down to a third and fourth generation, retaining the same location and same family name for a period of over 93 years. During that period maintaining a high reputation for respectability, good credit and holding

the confidence of the trade and the public. Such is the proud character and standard of this establishment, founded by Thomas Lawson, who came, with his family, from England to this city in the year 1816, making the trip from New York to Cincinnati by horse and wagon. He engaged in the manufacture of copper, tinware and plumbing, and was soon doing an extensive business locally, and with the river trade and sugar refineries of the South. As time passed, this business passed from father to son until it descended to Franklin Hey Lawson and his three sons, and the firm was incorporated in 1894 under the name of F. H. Lawson & Co.

This company established a large manufacturing plant covering a space 184 by 375 feet, on Whately street and the C., H. & D. R. R., where they manufacture galvanized iron ware, tin and Japan ware, water coolers and other lines of metal goods; also being jobbers in tin plate, galvanized and black iron and steel, tinnery supplies, etc., and have every facility for manufacturing and shipping. They also maintain sample rooms at the old site, 437 Main street.

The present officers of the company are F. H. Lawson, president; Fenton Lawson, vice-president; Jos. Eversfield, secretary, and F. Rogers Lawson, treasurer.

## THE KRELL PIANO COMPANY.

THE Krell Piano Company was organized in 1889, beginning operations in a small building at the corner of Race and Canal, two years later, transferring its operations to its present factory, in the block surrounded by Ninth, Harriet and Richmond streets. And today the company occupies one of the best equipped plants of its size in the country.

The quality and output of pianos have gradually increased, so that today, with a capacity of five thousand pianos per year, its goods are known from ocean to ocean, and are called for with a constantly increasing demand.

Dawson J. Blackmore is president; Andrew Hickenlooper, vice-president, and Harold Ryland, secretary and treasurer.

The identification of this company with musical Cincinnati is one of importance, and its business and achievements are worthy of the pride of every Cincinnati. It is distinctly a Cincinnati company, owned and operated by Cincinnati business men.

### THE R. K. LEBLOND MACHINE TOOL CO.

THE business conducted by this concern was established in 1887, and incorporated in 1898. The works are situated in the eastern part of the city, on the main line of the Pennsylvania railroad, affording excellent shipping facilities.

The buildings, which are made of stone and brick, were especially designed for the manufacture of machine tools. They cover an area of approximately 150,000 square feet. The saw-tooth roof construction has been used wherever possible, thus giving a uniform distribution of light, enabling the operators to work under the most favorable conditions.

The equipment is the most modern that can be purchased, special machines, tools and fixtures are employed, insuring a high standard of excellence and exact duplication of parts. Each line is built in a separate department, devoted exclusively to that purpose, under the direction of experts, trained for the particular work.

The product consists of a line of standard and quick-change engine lathes, from 12- to 36-inch swing; a line of plain and universal milling machines, from Nos. 0 to 5; and cutter and reamer grinders. This product is known and used throughout the civilized world, and can be purchased from authorized agents in any commercial center.

Visitors are always welcome at the plant, where every opportunity will be afforded to inspect the product in course of construction, as well as study the designs and methods of manufacturer.

The officers of the company are: R. K. LeBlond, president; J. A. LeBlond, vice-president and superintendent; F. E. LeBlond, manager, and Edw. G. Schultz, secretary and treasurer.

### A. LOTZE'S SONS & CO.

THE range industry in Cincinnati is ably represented by the firm of A. Lotze's Sons & Co. This firm was established in 1840, and from the start established a reputation for high-grade and standard product. Their chief output is their well-known warm-air furnace, wrought steel cooking ranges, school-room ventilating stoves, laundry dryers, etc.

Adolphus, the founder of this firm, came to Cincinnati in 1883, and was one of its pioneers. For many years they did business on Main street, then moved to their own plant on Walnut above Fifth street, remaining there 52 years. In 1902 they moved to their present location, northwest corner Broadway and Eighth streets.

The firm has always enjoyed the confidence of the purchasing public, as is evidenced by the fact that their ranges or furnaces can be found in the majority of the best homes in every city of the middle west; and that their products of over a half century can be found in use today in many of the southern cities, showing conclusively the quality of the material in their construction.



## THE CINCINNATI AND SUBURBAN BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY.

WITH two exceptions—San Francisco and Detroit—Cincinnati possesses more telephones per hundred population than any other metropolitan city. It has been well informed along the line of undeniable truth that *Notels*—people without telephone service—lack that indefinable prestige which keeps them on the other side of the line drawn between those who are wide-awake and the members of that clan who have not quite opened their eyes to the advantages, delights and privileges of the modern telephone life.

Years ago Cincinnati went through the dismal experience of conflict through dual telephone service and by thorough practical demonstration decided upon the single service as the best method and the "Bell" as the one company affording such service. Other cities have tried the dual plan and the story of conflict in Cleveland, Chicago, St. Louis and other cities, is tempered with regrets. Universal service is now Bell Telephone doctrine. During the past year "talking agreements" have been made with independent telephone companies, which enable independent subscribers in hundreds of small cities and towns to talk over Bell lines to Cincinnati and any other of the several million stations which are affiliated with the greatest telephone system in the world.

Cincinnati's equipment is first-class. The main building on Vine street just below Fourth and across from the Chamber of Commerce, is a marvel of telephonic completeness. In the Cincinnati district, there are no less than eighteen branches—six in the city proper and a dozen in the surrounding cities and suburbs. Every one of these buildings, save one, is owned by the company. Some of them, notably the Valley exchange at Hartwell, and the Highland at Fort Thomas, were completed and dedicated to service early in 1909. In round numbers, there are about 50,000 telephone stations in the Cincinnati district. New exchanges at Madisonville and Avondale are to be models of completeness. Cincinnati capital is more largely interested in this Cincinnati company than any other. On the pay-roll of the company are about 1,800 people.

Bayard L. Kilgour, the vice-president of the company, is the general manager and active head.

Cincinnati's good telephone service is proverbial, and the rates are remarkably low. The outlook for 1910 is a total *net gain* of 4,000 telephones. The message of the company, "None of the *somebodys* can really afford to be a *Notel*," is a thought which is striking home.

### H. H. MEYER.

MR. MEYER was born in Indiana, coming to Cincinnati in 1869, shortly thereafter becoming identified with Anderegg & Roth, packers. After the death of Maj. Anderegg, Mr. Meyer purchased his interests and the firm became known as Roth, Meyer & Co., and in 1880 was incorporated under the name of Roth-Meyer Packing Co. In 1892 Mr. Meyer disposed of his interests in this company and started the vast establishment now conducted under the name of the H. H. Meyer Packing Co., of which he is the president.

He is also president of the Pork Packers and Slaughterers' Association; was director of the Fifth National Bank; after its consolidation with the Third National Bank he became director of the new Fifth-Third Bank. Mr. Meyer has always been prominently identified with any public improvement and all movements tending toward the public welfare. He is looked upon as one of Cincinnati's substantial business men and his counsel and advice in anything relative to the packing industry is considered an authority.

### MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK.

THE Merchants National Bank was established in 1865, and is considered one of the leading financial institutions of the city. Its capital is \$1,200,000 and surplus \$300,000, with officers as follows: Melville E. Ingalls, president; Edwin C. Goshorn, vice-president; William W. Brown, vice-president; Geo. R. Balch, vice-president; Henry C. Yergason, vice-president; William P. Stamm, cashier; Charles A. Stevens, assistant cashier; William Weidinger, auditor.

They occupy the second floor of the Ingalls Building, the first concrete structure in Cincinnati.

### THE H. H. MEYER PACKING CO.

THIS firm was established in 1893, and does one of the most extensive business in their line in the State. Their products from the start have been looked upon by the purchasing public as high grade, and are shipped through the south, east and west, and many portions of the north. Their specialty is sugar-cured meats, known as the "Partridge" brand.

Mr. H. H. Meyer, its president, was formerly vice-president of the Roth-Meyer Packing Company; is also president of the Pork Packers and Slaughterers' Association, and is identified with several of the leading financial institutions and many individual enterprises. Through his many years of experience he is well qualified to get the best results, and under his supervision the company has been compelled to frequently increase their capacity. A fact that is shown by the growing demand for the "Partridge" brand which exceeds the supply.

### MOCH, BERMAN & CO.

THE clothing manufacturing house of Moch, Berman & Co. was established in 1880, and today is considered one of the most substantial and reliable business houses in their line in the Middle West.

They employ in their various factories, over 2,000 hands, and in the one main building which is illustrated herein, employ over 500. Their business extends throughout the south, west and north.

They manufacture men's and youths' clothing, in all grades. Their factories are equipped with the latest and most modern machinery. It is one of the industries of which Cincinnati is justly proud.

### THE MONARCH CARRIAGE GOODS CO.

THIS company has been established for 21 years. They manufacture carriage trimmings and specialties. Their factory occupies 32,000 square feet of floor surface. Their products are shipped to all parts of the United States, Canada and Australia.

In the same building with them is the Enterprise Brass and Plating Company, who do plating for trimmings, as well as general silver plating.

### THE McILVAIN & SPIEGEL BOILER AND TANK CO.

THIS concern was established in 1854 by Thomas McIlvain and William Spiegel and incorporated in 1887. The present officers are: John B. Scheibly, president and manager, and William McIlvain, secretary.

They manufacture a class of boilers not desirable by most manufacturers because of strict requirements, yet solicited by this firm because of their experience and ability, and their products have been shipped to every quarter of the United States, as well as to foreign ports.

Most of the steamers plying the Ohio river from Pittsburg to Cairo, are equipped with "McIlvain & Spiegel" high-pressure boilers; also the ships of the Bluefield Steamship Line Co.—"Nicaragua" and "New Orleans"—are each propelled with a "Scotch Marine."

The name McIlvain & Spiegel, is the synonym of standard throughout the land, and the general character and superiority of material and workmanship is a just guarantee of safety and durability, consequently an index of the reputation so fully earned and enjoyed by this concern, who are most worthy of the prestige accorded them.



## THE CHRISTIAN MOERLEIN BREWING COMPANY.

ONE of Cincinnati's largest and most widely known industries is The Christian Moerlein Brewing Company, brewers and bottlers of pure lager beer. The business was established in 1854 by Mr. Christian Moerlein, a native of Germany, and the present company was incorporated in 1881. From a small beginning this business has grown until it is one of the largest breweries in the United States, with an annual output of over 400,000 barrels of beer.

The most advanced methods known to the art of brewing are employed by this wide-awake company and the demand for its products continues to grow constantly. In the many processes of brewing every care is taken to achieve perfection. The best, the richest, the choicest materials that nature affords are used in the manufacture of its products. Absolute laws for cleanliness and purity are observed in every department and every sanitary precaution is taken to insure a perfect beverage, as rich as the finest materials can make it, as pure as modern sanitary methods can make it, as good as anybody can make it. The brewery has ample storage facilities, where the beer is aged for months before it is placed on the market.

More than fifty years of constant striving for improvement have gained for this company an enviable reputation. Its products have always been accepted as the most wholesome, healthful and nourishing. The purity and unvarying quality of these products are beyond question. There are no better beers known to brewing.

This enterprising company gives employment to an army of men and operates its own refrigerator cars, in which it ships its celebrated beers to every section of the country. It also ships large quantities of its products to Canada, Porto Rico, Philippine Islands, Panama and other foreign countries outside of the United States, too numerous to mention.

Its well-known products received highest awards at the Cincinnati Industrial Expositions 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884 and 1888; Augusta, Ga., Exposition, 1888; World's Fair, Chicago, 1893; Cotton States

Exposition, Atlanta, Ga., 1895, and Tennessee Centennial, Nashville, Tenn., 1897, which were well earned.

The Company has a large bottling establishment, well equipped with every modern appliance, such as machines for thoroughly soaking, washing and rinsing bottles, filling and corking machines of the most up-to-date designs; large steaming tanks for pasteurizing the beer after it is bottled, labeling machines, automatic conveyors, etc., and is prepared to execute all orders without the least delay. The absolute accuracy with which the beers are brewed and bottled insures them not only pure and delicious, but uniformly of one excellent quality. Their first contact with the air is in the glass drank by the consumer. Every bottle is sterilized.

Space does not permit of giving a full general description of the many departments of this, one of Cincinnati's foremost industries, but visitors to Cincinnati are always welcome at the brewery and the company invites inquiries from any who may wish to know more about its celebrated products, which have an international reputation.

## THE NEWPORT PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.

THIS concern is one of the most essential elements in a city's industrial development. The mill and offices are located at 1028-1032 Monmouth street, with yards and warehouses at 1029-1047 John street, occupying 170 feet frontage by 190 feet deep. This mill and yards enjoy the reputation of turning out only first-class work, using only number one hardwood lumber in all their products, and employing high-class, skilled labor, and are doing one of the most extensive high-class line of trades through the Middle West.

Mr. Fred Miller, the proprietor, is well and favorably known through Campbell County, having been deputy sheriff for three years and sheriff for four years, and his business skill and prudence has largely contributed to the standing of this establishment.

## THE NEWPORT NATIONAL BANK

THE Newport National Bank Building is located on the corner of Fifth and York streets, and from an artistic point of view, is considered to be the finest piece of architecture in the city. The bank was organized in 1892. The capital stock is \$100,000 and surplus and undivided profits \$60,000.

The officers and directorate are: John C. Schroll, President; Daniel Hetsch, Vice-President; Jos. D. Henglebrok, Cashier; J. Lyman Bryan, Assistant Cashier; Harry D. Smith, Charles Megerle, E. S. Runnells, F. W. Fischbach, W. H. Dyer.

## THE PECK-ANDERSON & PECK CO.

LOCATED at the northeast corner of Court and Broadway Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio, is one of the active and successful heating firms in the city.

They make a specialty of the manufacture and installation of Warm Air Furnaces, Steam and Hot Water Heating Plants and Ventilating Equipments.

They have installed, and are at present working on some of the largest jobs of this character which have been done in Cincinnati and vicinity, viz.: The ventilating equipment for the Hughes High School, heating and ventilating equipment for the Woodward High School, steam heating system for the Heeken Can Company's new building and steam heating system for the Fisher Carriage Company. They have also installed hundreds of furnaces and hot water heating plants in many of Cincinnati's most beautiful homes.

## THE PERKINS-CAMPBELL CO.

IT is not generally known that Cincinnati has in its midst the largest saddle manufactory in the entire world, and by which a large percentage of the entire output in this line is produced in the Queen City.

The Perkins Campbell Company was organized in 1879, consisting of H. H. Perkins and B. W. Campbell. It was incorporated in the present firm name in 1890.

The building which is illustrated herein has a floor space of 10,000 square feet. It is equipped with the most modern machinery.

The company's business extends throughout the United States, South America and all of the foreign countries, and is one of the industries of which Cincinnati is proud.

## THE S. OBERMAYER CO.

CINCINNATI boasts of being the headquarters of the largest foundry supply house in this or any other country.

The S. Obermayer Co. was founded in 1874 and from a small beginning has grown to its present immense capacity with large factories at Cincinnati, Chicago, Pittsburg and Rillton, Pa.

Their local plant is situated on Evans street, south of Eighth and occupies an immense plot of ground on both sides of Evans street.

They manufacture "Everything you need in your foundry," and are rated as one of Cincinnati's leading concerns.

Mr. Louis J. Goldman is President; Justus Thorner, Vice-President; E. D. Frohman, Secretary; H. H. Frohman, Treasurer and General Manager.

## THE PETTIBONE BROS. CO.

THIS concern is known throughout the world as one of the largest lodge, theatrical and military outfitters and publishers, as well as one of the few sword and saber manufacturers in this country.

They supply the United States Army and the leading military and civic departments with their uniforms and equipment; also, have supplied a number of Latin-American governments with equipments—their business extending to Mexico and South American countries, Australia and South Africa.

The house was established in 1872, and during its thirty-seven years' existence, has made wonderful strides in volume of output, keeping abreast of the times with modern facilities for betterment of the quality of its products. They are not identified with any "regalia combination," being strictly independent, and add to the welfare and betterment of A Greater Cincinnati, by affording employment to over 500 of her citizens, exclusive of their traveling force. They have a branch office in San Francisco, Cal., through which the business of the western states is conducted.



## THE QUEEN CITY BEACH.

THIS resort, known to many as "The Atlantic City of the West," is situated at Bellevue, Ky., right opposite Cincinnati, controlling frontage of over 2,500 feet along the famous Ohio river sand bar, with a fine building 360 feet long by 65 feet wide and containing over 1,000 rooms for men; 500 rooms for ladies, and 250 private lockers. Also a fully equipped laundry with a capacity of 1,000 thoroughly sterilized and dried suits per hour. There is a club house and pavilion where refreshments and meals are served; and launches and row-boats for hire at the pier. This is the largest inland fresh water bathing place in the world. It is reached by two lines of street cars which cross the bridge from Cincinnati every twenty minutes, and by a ferry operated direct to the beach. The company has accommodated 6,000 bathers in the dressing rooms in one day, and the bathers on the beach have often numbered over 20,000 persons on a Saturday and Sunday afternoon. Powerful arc and incandescent lights with two towers, illuminate the beach and river at night.

## THE PHOENIX MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

CINCINNATI can boast of individuality in the manufacture of certain lines of furniture. The Phoenix Manufacturing Company, whose factory is illustrated elsewhere in this volume, manufacture a special line, such as fancy tables, for library and parlor, music and china cabinets, and are the largest solid mahogany manufacturers in the United States. The company has been established for 30 years; their business extends through all part of the United States.

The officers of the company are: Fred Schlueter, president; G. H. Schlueter, secretary and treasurer.

## THE PUTNAM-HOOKER COMPANY.

THIS is the largest cotton goods commission house in the West; is the successor of the firm of Putnam-Hooker & Company, which was organized in 1866 by B. W. Putnam and James J. Hooker.

This company is engaged in marketing the products of southern cotton mills, making duck, sheeting drills, denims, ticking, yarns, twine and netting.

It has branch houses in New York, Chicago, St. Louis and St. Paul,

and sells to the jobbing dry goods trade, manufacturers and converters throughout the United States, Canada and Foreign countries. Particular attention is being given to the Chinese trade which consumes enormous quantities of American made cotton goods annually.

Owing to the enormous increase that is going on in the south in the production of fine, as well as coarse cotton goods, the quantity of goods marketed through this company is growing larger each year.

## THE PROVIDENT SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST CO.

THE new eleven story Provident Bank Building, southeast corner Seventh and Vine streets, occupies a lot 94 by 94 feet square. The lower floor is occupied exclusively by the Provident Saving Bank and Trust Company, with its various departments, which make it the most up-to-date trust company in Cincinnati. Through its bond, real estate, foreign, bank and safe deposit departments, this institution is in a position to give its patrons and the general public information and advice on all financial matters, whether buying or selling securities, real estate, etc.

The deposit vault is one of the strongest in the United States, the door being the thickest and strongest in Ohio. The vault is lined inside with drill-proof steel three inches thick and body of vault is still further protected by twelve inches of fire-proof concrete, in which are imbedded steel bars, closely centered, running in both directions. The mammoth round door is eight feet in diameter, and fourteen inches thick of drill-proof steel, twenty-two inches thick on edge and is clamped by twenty-four round steel bolts, 3 1/4 inches in diameter, checked by two combination locks, controlled by four time locks. The door weighs 34,000 pounds and the jambs 30,000 pounds, making the weight of door and frame 64,000 pounds. The steel lining weighs 150,000 pounds. The door is designed and constructed to guard against not only the drill and nitroglycerine, but also burning by electricity or thermit. This is the only vault in Cincinnati with deposit boxes supplied with inter-changeable key locks, insuring the renter against a previous renter having a duplicate key to the lock. In addition to the deposit vault, there are two more large steel vaults for the general banking business. These vaults were designed and built by the Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe Company of Hamilton, Ohio, one of the largest safe concerns in the world. The bank has also provided a large storage vault for the care of silverware and other bulky valuables which is absolutely fireproof.

Founded in 1840.

The Great Grocery House of

THE JOSEPH R. PEEBLES' SONS COMPANY,  
Cincinnati, Ohio.

Owners of Tallewanda Mineral Springs, Located Near Oxford, Ohio.

IN the rise and fall of fortunes, characteristic of the Nineteenth Century, comparatively few business houses survive to celebrate their seventieth anniversary. Fortunes are made and lost; labors of a lifetime are destroyed in an hour. Houses that were seemingly as firmly founded as the everlasting hills, are suddenly wrecked by some swift financial maelstrom, and are drawn into the fatal current, never to reappear. It is the great grocery house of PEEBLES, which was established in 1840, by two brothers, William Sharp Peebles and Joseph Rusk Peebles, to which we refer, at the northeast corner of Fifth and Race streets. Their business grew so rapidly that they secured palatial quarters in September, 1879, in Pike's Opera House. Their business outgrew their capital, and they secured the assistance of Mr. J. G. Schmidlapp, one of the brainiest of Cincinnati's financiers and capitalists, whose name is known far and wide. The business was incorporated in July, 1888. In 1900, owing to the rapid advance in Fourth street rents, they secured the lot on the south side of Government Square, occupied by the Cavagna grocery. They erected on this lot and the adjacent one, a six-story brick and stone building, with capacious wine cellars 20 feet deep, and equipped it with all modern conveniences to carry on a first-class, strictly up-to-date grocery. From time to time they added

various departments, like cigars, fresh fruits, wines and liquors, delicatessen and bakery and candy factory, all of which have been very prosperous. *Their mottoes* of "Not how cheap, but how good," and "If it comes from Peebles it's good, if not, they will make it good," and "The remembrance of quality lingers long after the price is forgotten," have made them favorably known all over this great country.

At various times they had branches at 64 East Fourth street, northwest corner Seventh and Mound streets, northeast corner Seventh and Cutter streets, and in 1883 they opened a branch at Peebles Corner, Walnut Hills. Mr. James T. Huggins, who has been with the firm since 1868, is in charge.

The officers of the company are Joseph Straub Peebles, President, who has been in charge of the business since his father, Joseph Rusk Peebles, died in 1866. Louie H. Schmidlapp, Vice-President; Harry Lee Peebles, the son of William Sharp Peebles, Secretary, and Jesse E. McClain, Assistant Secretary and General Manager, and William B. Melish, Director.

This firm was the first mercantile house in Cincinnati to introduce the Bell Telephone in their business, and the first to deliver goods by horse and wagon, free of charge, and among the first to introduce the typewriter in the office.

They allow no counterfeit or fake articles on their shelves, no misrepresentation of any kind. These are the principles on which their business has thrived.



## THE QUEEN CITY PRINTING INK CO.

THIS company was established in 1860, and has from its inception done an increasing business. Aside from their factory, located in this city, they have branches in Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Kansas City and Minneapolis, and do a business throughout the entire United States and foreign countries.

They manufacture all grades of printing inks, and have a modern, up-to-date factory, which is illustrated elsewhere in this volume.

## THE QUEEN CITY SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST CO.

THE Queen City Savings Bank and Trust Co. has firmly established an enviable reputation as "The Bank That's Growing." Located in the heart of the shopping district—the Carew Building, at Fifth and Vine streets—the Queen City Bank is most happily situated. The story of the bank is one of continual progress. M. M. Robertson is President of the institution; L. H. Buhrman, Vice-President; Ernst Von Bargaen, Secretary, and Julius Reif, Assistant Secretary and Treasurer.

When the Queen City Bank ended its first day's business, August 17, 1905, the total deposits were \$107,623.36. A few months later they had quadrupled, and at the beginning of 1910, they were very close to the \$2,000,000.00 mark. With a capital stock of \$500,000.00, the bank had at the last December accounting \$197,748.38 in surplus and

undivided profits. The Queen City Bank has been a recognized missionary in the cause of starting young people along the way of saving something. To emphasize the value of that saving thought, they have given away to new depositors novel little morocco-covered pocket banks, calculated to help folks save the small coins which are always easily spent.

## THE QUEEN CITY SUPPLY CO.

IN every manufacturing concern there is a constant need—frequently in a great hurry—for special supplies adapted to the various lines of manufacture.

The Queen City Supply Co. is equipped to meet this demand, furnishing on short notice everything conceivable in supplies for engineers, railroads, factories, mills, mines, quarries, machinists and blacksmiths.

The manufacturers and contractors of Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, West Virginia, Virginia and Tennessee realize the great advantage of quick deliveries, by ordering from the above concern, as attested by their large number of patrons.

This vast concern was established in 1865, incorporated in 1890, electing George Puchta, President; W. H. Wellman, Treasurer; J. C. Richardson, Secretary. The company occupies a large five-story structure and basement on the southwest corner of Elm and Pearl streets, and several adjoining buildings as warehouses.

## THE JOHN C. ROTH PACKING CO.

THIS great establishment was founded in 1857 by John C. Roth. He was born in Rottendorf, near Wurzburg, Bavaria, in Germany, September, 1832, and came to Cincinnati March 17, 1850. By his many sterling qualities, honesty of purpose and fair business dealing, he soon won the esteem of his fellow men and the respect of his competitors, and the unapproachable merits of his famous "Dove Brand" Cure—the flavors of which surpass the famous Westphalia Cure of the Old World—formed the solid basis upon which the foundation of this famous establishment was constructed. He saw the fame of his "Dove Brand" rapidly increase, and the modest business in 1857 succeeded in 1907 by the mammoth plant that now bears his name. The new plant was built on the site of the homestead of Mr. and Mrs. Roth and dedicated by his ten children, who are all actively interested in and enjoying this great business.

The new building covers ground 100 feet front by 80 feet deep, and is 120 feet high, its material is reinforced concrete and insulated inside and out water-proofed and is finished with a stone constructed appearance. This building is 11 stories in height and is equipped throughout with modern appliances in every detail and operated principally by electricity.

The basement contains the power plant and meat curing vats or reservoirs. The first floor—100 x 80—contains one grand tiled hallway for the general public's use, and which leads to the automatic passenger elevators. Two cold storage rooms for electric curing of meats. This company was the first in the world to cure meats by electricity, and this interesting feature of curing will revolutionize the world's present process. From a sanitary standpoint, it is near perfection—one vestibule dividing the building for trucking back to the rear, where two full magnet-control, freight electric elevators receive and distribute the meats to the different floor levels throughout the building. One office for general manager of the weighing department. Part of this floor is the garage of the one, three and five-ton electric trucks with the necessary equipments.

The second to the eighth floors are used for cold storage purposes. From the fourth floor a steel railroad track is laid to the old packing houses with the new plant. The ninth floor is used for storing of supplies. The tenth floor contains the magnificent offices—five. Prometheus electric heaters are distributed in such a way that the temperature is regulated to almost perfection. Three-inch seamless vacuum tubes lead from the office to all departments, as well as to the bank, and all bills, drafts, moneys and papers, etc., are instantly conveyed to any desired point. The eleventh floor contains the roof garden and pent house, all well lighted and ornamented with plants and fitted by pleasure appliances, swings, etc. In the center is a lake 30 feet by 15 feet and 5 feet deep, and contains many varieties of fish and plants. The bottom of the lake extends into the center of the office about five feet. This is handsomely decorated on all four sides—every four feet are plate glass port holes, enabling one to see the water, fish and plants.

The history of this plant would be very incomplete if a mention would not be made of the uses of the now famous "Roof Garden" of the Roth Packing Company.

Every summer there is upon an average of 150 tickets a day given to the various localities of the city, the tickets being placed in the hands of the grocers and meat markets for free distribution to the children. These tickets admit the child holder to the free use of the bathing pool, including a bathing suit or a free use of the skating rink, including the furnishing of the skates. This pleasure resort, for the children of families of moderate means, has proved a great boom and has placed the Roth Packing Company foremost in the light of city philanthropy.

The fact that all of this has been done and is being done without a single idea to personal gain or publicity, only adds to the statement heretofore, but for philanthropy.

To the ordinary reader this may appear to be far reached were it not for the fact that the Roth Bros. are known throughout Hamilton County, as well as the State of Ohio, for their charitableness, and their reputation has been well earned and warranted.

Were we to pick from among the many thousands of various industries in Cincinnati the men who have done the most and are endeavoring to do the best for the poor of Cincinnati, it would be the Roth boys of the John C. Roth Packing Company.

## CHARLES E. ROTH

Mr. Roth was born in Cincinnati, July 16, 1866. He was educated in the public and parochial schools, and learned the packing business under his father, John C. Roth. He is Treasurer of the great Roth packing establishments, President of the Pork Packers' and Provision Dealers' Association, of the Cosmopolitan Bank and of the Chamber of Commerce, and a member of the Business Men's Club.

Mr. Roth has always taken great interest in public affairs, and succeeded his father as County Treasurer, and at the last election was re-elected by a large majority.

He was solicited and prominently mentioned by his party as a candidate for Mayor and also for Governor of the State, but refused each, believing that he had done his share in serving the public and that other business men should be given opportunity to do their duty. His administration was conducted under a business system, which resulted in a saving to the county of many thousands of dollars.

Mr. Roth is one of the men to whom the average Cincinnatian points with pride. He is progressive, public spirited and conservative, where conservatism should be used. In his various business, as well as public positions, he is considered the right man in the right place.



## SECOND NATIONAL BANK.

ONE of the financial institutions of which Cincinnati is justly proud, is the Second National Bank, which occupies the handsome twelve-story building located on the southeast corner of Ninth and Main streets, and which is illustrated elsewhere.

The bank was given authority to begin business from the Comptroller of the Currency at Washington, on July 22d, 1863. Original capital, \$100,000. First President, Mr. George Keck; First Cashier, Mr. S. S. Rowe; First Vice-President, Mr. Wm. Henry Davis. Total resources, October 1st, 1863, \$296,000. Present capital, \$1,000,000. Surplus, \$1,000,000. Undivided profits, \$264,000. Total resources at present time, \$10,800,000. Original charter No. 32. Moved into present new quarters on January 1st, 1909. Occupied room in Court House when bank was started, afterwards occupied room at corner of Main and Court streets; built former home on present site, which was torn down for the purpose of erecting present building. The bank occupying the entire lower floor 40 x 130, with balcony for mailing and book-keeping departments.

Present officers, Mr. C. H. Davis, President; Wm. Albert and E. E. Galbreath, Vice-Presidents; Mr. G. W. Williams, Cashier, and J. G. Cutting and R. V. Jones, Assistant Cashiers.

## J. B. SCHRODER & COMPANY.

THE builders hardware manufacturing business is ably represented in Cincinnati by J. B. Schroder & Company, one of the pioneer manufacturers in Cincinnati. This firm has an established business repu-

tation and its products are standard in quality, and from the plain to the most elaborate in design their articles bear the indelible imprint of merit.

They are the originators of many exclusive designs in the builders' hardware industry.

Their trade extends throughout the Central States. In Cincinnati, the majority of the public and private schools and other institutions, the Court House and City Hall, and numerous residences are equipped with the productions of their factory. The office of the company is located at 123 East Fifth street—opposite the Postoffice—with their factory on Church street. They have been at their present location for the past eighteen years.

## THE L. SCHREIBER & SONS CO.

ONE of the oldest structural and ornamental iron companies in the West, is the firm of the L. Schreiber & Sons Co. They were established in 1854, their Cincinnati factories being located at Eighth, Eggleston and Culvert streets, with a still larger plant at Norwood, Ohio.

They make a specialty of high-grade ornamental iron work for offices and bank buildings, either in iron bronze or iron plated bronze. The production of the firm finds a ready market throughout portions of the East, entire Middle West, and Southern states.

They employ in their Norwood factory about 350 men, in their Cincinnati buildings about 150. Their entire plant is equipped with improved machinery. The Norwood building occupies thirteen acres of ground. Their production is considered equal, if not superior, to that of any other industry of its kind.

### T. W. SPINKS.

T. W. SPINKS started business in Northern Kentucky in 1890, in a small way, but has grown to that extent, that to-day, he has a plant with a capacity of 60,000 brick per day.

His entire place covering an area of 25 acres. They do the largest business in their line, within a radius of 100 miles around Covington, Ky., and are the largest dealers in building supplies.

Their plant, office and yard are illustrated herein.

### THE T. A. SNIDER PRESERVE CO.

THIS company is the largest manufacturer of catsup in the world, their output going not only to American countries, but foreign as well.

Their headquarters are in Cincinnati, but the company owns and operates eight separate and distinct factories, for its various products. One of their catsup factories is illustrated elsewhere.

The words "Snider Catsup," and "Cincinnati" are synonymous.

### THE SAM'L C. TATUM CO.

ONE of the most favorably known manufacturers in the country is the Sam'l C. Tatum Co., located in a fine new factory building 266 by 55 feet, directly opposite the park of the House of Refuge, on Colerain and Monmouth avenues. This concern makes a specialty of loose leaf books, printers' and binders' machinery, and specialty of stationers' and metal specialties, and their products are a standard for workmanship and merit of its production, and are to be found in all parts of the country.

### LOUIS STIX & CO.

THE wholesale dry goods company of Louis Stix & Co. was established in 1845, and have occupied their present commodious and handsonie building, located on the southwest corner of Seventh and Walnut streets, since the spring of 1905. The illustration of which appears in another part of this volume. The building is the only concrete mercantile building in Cincinnati.

They do a general business in wholesale dry goods, notions and furnishing goods. Their trade extends throughout the Central and Southern States. Their stock and assortment of goods would be a credit to many of the larger cities.

### SHORT-STANTON & WORTHINGTON CO.

CINCINNATI has for many years been noted for the number of its reliable investment bankers, dealers in high-grade municipal and corporation bonds.

One of the more recent additions to this line is the firm of Short-Stanton & Worthington Co., whose suite of offices are on the tenth floor of the Fourth National Bank Building. The firm, while it has been established a little over a year, is recognized as one of the responsible houses of its class, buying and selling only high-grade securities.

The members of the firm are well and favorably known, and worthy of the confidence imposed in them. It is the custom of the firm to investigate very closely all issues before buying for their own account, hence any offering made by the firm may be relied on as to safety of principal, which is the most important element in any investment security.



### UNITED STATES PLAYING CARD CO.

CINCINNATI excels all other cities in another industry, the manufacture of playing cards, these packets carrying and advertising the name "Cincinnati" to more than a hundred millions of people annually, in all the civilized countries of the world.

### THE UNITED STATES LITHOGRAPH CO.

THIS is the largest lithographing establishment in the country, devoted exclusively to poster printing, employing more artists and running more presses than any other poster house. Specialization in this way have given them a unique and individual position with their trade in the theatrical and circus professions, especially in the field of commercial posters. Their product can be seen all over the United States and Canada, in England, on the continent, and in Australia.

### THE UNITED STATES PRINTING CO.

THE immense works of the United States Printing Company is the newest acquisition to Cincinnati's famous industries, and the magnificent building just completed, marks a new era in the history of this progressive institution. The building itself is a four-story, fire-proof structure, built of reinforced concrete, with buff brick facing, and contains 250,000 square feet of floor space. Built upon clean and generous lines, all of the outer walls being one continuous succession of windows, it is a veritable "sunlight printing plant." The interior was designed with studious care to meet every need of the particular line of work in which this firm excels—high-grade color printing—making it not only the largest, but the most modern and complete printing plant in this country.

High-grade labels, show cards, folding boxes, embossed work.

### UNION SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST CO.

CONSPICUOUS among the financial institutions of Cincinnati, is the Union Savings Bank and Trust Company, with depositors, not scattered over states, but living almost within sight of its own seventeen-story structure—nearly forty thousand strong.

This splendid organization was founded not upon the usual banking motives quite common the world over; every officer agreeing in the outset to serve without pay, and did, until the bank was far beyond the experimental stage, and had passed over to the people almost as a public utility.

In April, 1890, articles of incorporation were filed with the Secretary of the State of Ohio, with a list of names headed by Mr. J. G. Schmidlapp, and since that event the Union Savings Bank and Trust Company has added two and a half million dollars to its surplus, and has grown in usefulness to an extent quite impossible to describe.

To one familiar with Cincinnati's guiding minds, the following officers and directors will at once signify the very highest form of conservatism: J. G. Schmidlapp, Chairman of the Board; Clifford B. Wright, President; A. B. Voorheis, Vice-President; E. P. Stout, Vice-President; Edward Senior, Vice-President; Louis E. Miller, Vice-President; R. A. Koehler, Secretary and Treasurer; Thos. W. Allen, William H. Alms, Lawrence Maxwell, Wm. Cooper Procter, W. S. Rowe, Michael Ryan, Lewis Seasongood and M. M. White.

The building owned and occupied by this great bank is no less a treat to visit. Its white marble corridors so clean and the six busy elevators and grand observation platform, presenting a most magnificent view of the Queen City, with its girdle of stately hills and winding stretches of the Ohio River, affords to strangers a most unique diversion.

### THE JOHN VAN RANGE COMPANY.

ONE of the oldest and best known range manufacturers in Cincinnati is that of the John Van Range Company. Their handsome building on the corner of Fifth and Broadway was one of the first concrete buildings erected in Cincinnati. The productions of the company are known world-wide as a "Standard" in ranges.

The company ships on an average five ranges a week to the United States Government, going to all parts of the world.

### THE HOUSE OF NEW IDEAS. THE WHITAKER PAPER COMPANY.

THE Whitaker Paper Company has in a little more than six years, grown from nothing to an establishment occupying an entire building, with a floor space of 100,000 square feet.

Everything in paper, from the lowest manilla to the highest grade bond.

Five floors devoted exclusively to the paper business, with a sales and office force whose sole idea is to satisfy those who use paper.

Energy, enthusiasm, experience and determination to win success by deserving it, has put this establishment to the fore—and it is going to stay

there if work, the right stock, quick delivery and attention to every detail will do it.

"The House of New Ideas" *makes good* because it has the *right goods* and the *right prices*.

### THE WILLARD MACHINE AND TOOL CO.

ONE of the many machine tool companies of Cincinnati, that has a reputation for building high-grade tools and machinery, is that of the Willard Machine and Tool Co.

Their principal office is in Cincinnati, and factory located in their modern and up-to-date building, at Third and Madison avenue, Covington, Ky.

The members of the firm are thoroughly practical men, and while the company has only been established for eight years, it has in that short time, made wonderful strides in the business world, and has an established reputation for high-grade work. They manufacture lathes and power presses.

The new building was built especially for them, and equipped with up-to-date machinery, covering a floor space of 10,000 square feet.

Illustration of their plant can be found in this volume.



## THE GEORGE WIEDEMANN BREWING CO.

ONE of the model breweries of the United States, is that of The George Wiedemann Brewing Company, located in Newport, Ky., just across the Ohio River from Cincinnati.

Nineteen years ago it was but a small two-story affair of a very limited capacity, and when you glance at the magnificent plant of to-day, it is hard to conceive its phenomenal growth, for to-day Wiedemann's beer goes to all parts of the United States, the Philippines and Cuba as well.

It is recognized by all lovers of the popular beverage as par excellence in beer.

The immense plant, an idea of which is conveyed by an illustration elsewhere in this volume, is visited throughout the year by people from all parts of the country, who are interested in the art of brewing.

Every device which modern invention has given to the brewing industry is to be found in their plant.

It is, and always has been, the policy of Mr. Charles Wiedemann, the executive head and president, to keep pace with the times, and there is no new invention which will aid in bettering their product, which is not immediately taken advantage of, regardless of expense.

Under the guidance and through the business judgment of Mr. Charles Wiedemann, the business has grown to an enormous magnitude, until to-day it is one of the largest in the United States.

It is one of the points of interest around Cincinnati, to which the tourists are taken, and to which the citizens point with pride.

Mr. Charles Wiedemann is a characteristic type of those business men that are making Cincinnati and the neighboring towns a world-known industrial center.

## THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES.

AMONG the American institutions known all over the civilized world, the Berlitz School is certainly one of the first. Founded in Providence, R. I., in 1878, by Professor M. D. Berlitz, who is still now its head director, this school has now over four hundred branches in almost every important city of America, Europe, Africa and Asia.

The Berlitz method, absolutely avoiding the language of the pupil, compels him to speak the foreign language even at the first lesson, and thus solely to think in the same without mentally translating.

Pupils traveling may transfer the value of their unfinished term of lessons from one Berlitz school to any other, and many pupils who began their studying in Cincinnati continued their lessons without interruption while visiting Washington, San Francisco, New York, Paris, London, St. Petersburg, Constantinople, etc., etc. The wonderful growth of this popular school certainly proves its merits, which were also recognized in all the recent expositions, where the Berlitz method obtained grand prizes, the highest possible awards. Pupils, who spend the winter season agreeably learning foreign languages, enjoy their travels in Europe much more than tourists who are entirely dependent on couriers or hotel interpreters. Those going abroad for the first time feel much more at home traveling in the various countries and arriving in a strange city to see among the signs in foreign languages, the one of the Berlitz School, where they could have their mail addressed, the directors of which are always delighted to oblige them with useful information, etc., about their city.

The Cincinnati branch of this school is located in the Mercantile Library Building, where free trial lessons are cheerfully given to those desiring them by the director in charge.

## WEIL, ROTH & COMPANY

ARE among the leading bond houses of the West. The firm is composed of six members of energetic young men of fine reputation. The members are Harry E. Weil, John E. Roth, Herbert P. Weil, A. J. Fischer, William E. Fox and Henry S. Irving.

This house confines itself exclusively to the buying and selling of high-grade municipal and corporation bonds, and fully deserves the high esteem in which they are held by banks and individual investors.

They have recently established a branch office at 1137 First National Bank Building, Chicago, Ill.

## SAMUEL ACH COMPANY.

THE wholesale and manufacturing millinery business is ably represented by the Samuel Ach Company, which was established in 1873. Even their present handsome quarters where they have been located for the past three years, has become inadequate to the rapidly growing business.

They have another building, where power machinery is used for the manufacture of buckrum, frames and wire.

Their business extends throughout the Middle and Southern States, with mail orders throughout the entire country.

They employ about twenty traveling salesmen, covering this territory. They are large importers and make a specialty of the "Ach Hat."

## THE JOHN SHILLITO COMPANY.

THIS company started business in Cincinnati, in 1830, on the lower side of Main street, moving thereafter to East Fourth street, opposite Hammond street, again moving in 1857 to West Fourth street, between Vine and Race streets. In 1878 they moved to their present commodious building, occupying the block of Seventh, Race and Shillito Place.

The building is a six-story one, covering 175 feet on Race street, 175 feet on Seventh street and 325 feet on Shillito Place. The ground floor space of the building is over eight acres.

They carry one of the largest stock of goods of any house in Southern Ohio. They are not only retailers, but importers, jobbers and manufacturers as well.

In the last few years they have added to their factory, at Canal and Jackson streets, a large eight-story warehouse.

Their business extends through the South and West, and in some departments to the extreme Southwest.

The company manufacture cloaks, women's suits, special designs in furniture, upholstery and mattresses. It is the oldest dry goods house west of the Alleghenies.

## HOTEL SAVOY.

ONE of the few strictly stag hotels of Cincinnati, is the Hotel Savoy, located on the south side of Sixth street, just east of Vine street. It is thoroughly up-to-date, and a modern equipped hotel of one hundred rooms, a majority of which are with baths. Aside from this, they have a public shower bath, with about thirty tubs.

The Savoy has become so popular that it is the intention of the owners to enlarge same, extending to the corner of Vine street, in the near future.

The entire decorative plan of the hotel is artistic throughout. The offices, corridors and reading rooms are decorated with about \$50,000 worth of handsome paintings.

The hotel is under the competent and efficient management of W. M. Haass.

The hotel is considered one of the finest furnished stag hotels in America.

## THE HIGGIN MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

HENRY HIGGIN, the founder of this business, was born in Ireland, in November, 1844. As a child, he was taken to Canada, and came to this country when a young man.

In November, 1883, the manufacture of some articles of his design in carriage trimmings was started in a small shop in a third floor room on East Second street, near the Louisville and Nashville Railroad bridge in Cincinnati.

In spite of the storms encountered, the little concern continued to grow, and after changing locations two or three times, at last located, in 1891, in the plant that had been vacated by the Dueber Watch Case Company, in Newport, Ky.

The line of carriage trimmings has continued to grow, and in 1895 was added the business of making all-metal window screens and screen doors. Still other lines, including automobile trimmings, have been added and the Dueber plant, which at first was entirely too large, has been increased to accommodate the enormously increased trade of the concern. The business stands to-day as a monument to pluck and perseverance and should be an example to encourage many a young man to be strong and courageous.

The officers of the company are Henry A. Faber, President; Henry Higgin, Vice-President and Superintendent; Horace C. Drake, Secretary, and J. A. McCroskey, Treasurer.



## ANNOUNCEMENT

**I**LLUSTRATED CINCINNATI under similar titles, has been issued at various periods, ranging from three to five years since 1889, and was originated by Mr. A. O. Kraemer, of this city, and while all of the publications were works of art and favorably commented upon as financial ventures, they met with indifferent success, until the present issue.

In the summer of 1909, what was known as Kraemer Illustrated Cincinnati, or "Red Book," with all rights pertaining to same, was purchased by Mr. Frank C. Zumstein, of this city.

After coming into his possession, the book was materially enlarged and beautified, and no expense was spared to make it the finest work of its kind ever attempted in the Middle West.

Our city's various heads, industrial and business bureau, have frequent calls for local, descriptive information, relative to the many features of our business enterprises, which can be responded to not only through them, but individual firms as well, by the distribution of this work, which fills a long felt want, and Mr. Zumstein, the financial backer of this gigantic undertaking, justly deserves the credit that he will undoubtedly receive for promulgating a work of this magnitude.

If the sale of this book does naught else but cover the expense of publication, Mr. Zumstein will feel amply repaid, believing that it will be the means of bringing before the world the great commercial interests of Cincinnati, and will be but the commencement of an annual publication of this character.





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